

## Sinistaak



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cominf back tor morer Reo.
512 k toco III and disk drive:

## Paladin's Eegacy


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## Not Just for Programmers

## Ediror:

The "Doctor ASCII" section (Page 58) of the September, 1989 issue of Rainbow contains a letter from Jack Williamson of Bellevue. Ohio. The letter refers to creating Alfs under Muli-Viue.

While we have no problem with making this information available to our customers and your readers. we feel some clarification is in order.

The second paragraph states: "The people at Tandy said that Muhi-Vue was originally intended for program developers . . ." This is incorrect.

Enclosed is a copy of "Multi Vue and Prc-Existing Applications," the documentation we provided to Mr. Williamson. As you can see in the initial paragraph. the reference to programmers simply pertained to the style in which the Muifi-Vue documentation was writuen, not the expertise of the user.

The document is provided as a convenience to your readers. Feel free to use it in publication as you see fit.

> Thomas /. Hallictay
> Radio Shack
> Computer Cusromer Relations

Thank you for offering as "Muhi-Vhe and Pre-Esvisting Applications." We will be publishing it in the very neta future.

## Microware's Secret

## Ediror:

Lately 1 have been using my CoCo 3 and OS-9 to write programs in FORTRAN-77. Wait! Did I say FORTRAN? I sure did! What about the August issue when William Barden wrote in luis article "Computer Knowledge in Any Language" (Page 120) that "Languages such as COBOL, FORTRAN, PL/1, APL. Modula-2 and Smalltalk. ahthough they are very popular in other segments of the computer world, are simply not available for the $\mathrm{CoCo}, \ldots$ don"t expect to see Cobol. FORTRAN or Ada on the CoCo."

The truth is FORTRAN-77 has been available for the CoCo 3 from Microware for sone time now. I purchased the compiler in November of " 88 at a price of $\$ 250$. Though
this is quite higher than any of the other languages for the CoCo . I had a specific use for it. It is an almost complete implementation of the language and uses the full subset of the ANSI standard.

Telephones at THE RAINBOW should be ringing off their hooks with calls from Microware protesting the unfair treatment its product has received from your magazine. though I doubt that is the case. Even Microwarc's brochures imply that FORTRAN77 for the 6809 is currently not available as it is still under development. How can hardware/solitware developers expect their products to succeed if they will not make a commitment to market and support them? It is no wonder the CoCo is still underground, so to speak, when leading proponents such as Tandy and Microware take these positions.

Perhaps you can find room to publish an article about this language, giving it the equal recognition it deserves and making the CoCo community aware of another programming option. If it were not for THE RAInbow, the CoCo possibly could have died a long time ago. So keep up the excellent job. I, for one, grealy appreciate the fine job all of you are doing in your offices at THE RAINBOW.

Herschel B. Eliker
Honston

## Your Garden-Yariety Users

## Editor:

In the August 89 issue of Tllerainbow (Page 80), Jeffrey S. Parker, in histirude for OS-9, referred toa great many content Disk BASIC users as "RS-DOS potitoes." I, and I'm sure many others, greatly resent having been identified with this lowly vegetable, I would be pleased to no end if, in the future, Mr. Parker might at least limst tis references to vegetables of a higher order. I would not be at all offended if, for instance, I were to be identified with an asparagus or cauliflower. Thank you very much.

John R. Hogerhuis
Fullerton, Califomia

Touche! And 50 lashes with a wet broccoli walk for us.

## HINTS AND TIPS

## Editor:

For a long time I couldn't get on BRK GOTO and ON ERR GOTO working properly on my $\operatorname{CoCo} 3$. I tried the commands in various locutions in the program. but to no avail, Then [ made the right guess.

PCLEAR and CLEAR statements appearing after ON BRK GOTO and ON ERR GOTO prevent them from working properly. Therefore, these statements have to appear after any clear and pciear statements. clear and pClemar cause modifications to memory and the locaions referred to by on BRK Goro and ON ERR GOTO are not adjusted properly.

I strongly suggest using on BRE COTO in your programs to coto a line containing a slow-speed poke if you are using the highspeed pokes. This way you won"t damage your disks by saving the program while in the high-speed made as I have done. Having BREAK immediately issue the slow-down poke can save a lot of important data.

David B. Smith
Grand Portage. Mimesota

## Remedy for Numerous Disk Swaps

## Editor:

I enjoyed your excellent review of King's Qmest /II. I think the people at Siema should be congratulated for the ir work in computer graphics and hope to see more of their games released for the CoCo .

Although I agree that the numerous disk swups necessary to play this game in its original formal can be tiresome, I disagree with your opinion that the only remedy for this is a hard drive.

By following the instructions inchaded with the game I was able to ramsfer the entire game onto three 40 -rrack doublesided disks without much problem. In its original 35 -track single-sided format there is a lot of repetition of files as many large files are needed on several disks. By reducing the number of disks the total amount of data is reduced considerably.

In the 40 -track clouble-sided format the disk swaps becone relatively infrequent and often provide a welcome break in the game.

I did encounter one problem, however.

## FALL BLOWOUT

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Drive 0: Only \$199. See Page 15. Magnavox RGB Monitor: Only \$259. $\mathbf{4 0}$ Meg Hard Drive System: Only \$569. See Page 15
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## NE W <br> CIII Pages

by Walter Bayer


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The instructions for updating the TOC file seemed a bit confusing. When I ran the game with a completely rewritten file the system locked up at the first disk swap. The solution was to edit the original file, changing only the disk and side numbers (change all side numbers to S 1. ) The game now works perfectly.
Changing the step rate to 6 milliseconds also provides a big improvement.

Rober Zaker Loxahatchee, Florida

## INFORMATION PLEASE

## Editor:

I live in Willians, California, which is 60 miles north of Sacramento and 100 miles south of Redding on the map.

I am having trouble finding anyone in this area who sells OS-9-based shareware for the Color Computer 3. I was hoping someone in the CoCo world could help me.

The software I write is mainly mathematic in nature. I have a fluid engineering program, as well as a series on silicon chip design - many more are forthcoming. I would appreciate your assistance in finding a place to share my wares.

John M. Sagers
Williams, California
Contact the OS-9 Users Group at:
OS-9 Users Group
1715 E. Fowler Ave.
Suite R-237
Tampa. FL 33612

## The Best Of Both in One

## Editor:

I am looking for a program that has the best things from both ADOS- 3 and Basic Freedom. For instance, it needs the ability to be customized like ADOS-3, including the possibility of setting up for 40 - or $80-$ tracks, different drive speeds, etc. It needs to have the fuil-screen editing abilities of Basic Freedom, as well as automatic keyrepeat. I need auromatic line numbering (as per $A D O S$ ), and also to be able to enter programs and commands in lowercase (and true lowercase in the 32 -column). It should also have all of the color commands from the 40 -column screens available in the 32 column screen (ATTR, for instance).

Docs anybody know of a program for the CoCo 3 , be it public domain, share-
ware, or commercial? If you have something like this, please write me and I'll send you a disk and return postage. If you know of a commercial program that does all (or most of this, please let me know what it is called, what it costs, and the name and address of the company.

Joff Byers
124 Elizabeth St. East Peoria. I/616/l

See the revien of Extended $\mathrm{ADOS}-3$ in this (October) isste.

## Making Life Easier

Editor:
The Up-Down List Utility program by Grahame Pollack in the July Rainbow looks like just the thing to make my life a lot easier.

Does anybody have a patch or a modifícation so I can run it on my CoCo 3 ?

Syd Tash
1925 Tricemenaire. Apt. 204
Montreal QC Canada
HIR 555

## REQUEST HOTLINE

## Editor:

1 have acquired several duplicate issues of The rainbow that I would like to swap for issues 1 am still missing. If any readers have January, Febnuary and March of '83 and December of '85, I would like to hear from them and possibly swap issues they are missing for these.

Donald J. Briggs
229 Holland St.
Syracuse.NY 13204

## KUDOS

## Editor:

First of all, thanks for your fine publication. I would be lost without my RAINBOW. However, it is hard to find people locally who share my interest in the CoCo. I'm not a programmer or hacker, but consider myself a serious user, especially for my business. If anyone in the Greensboro, High Point or Burlington, North Carolina area knows of a group locally or would just like to correspond please let me know. I have 512 K , OS-9, two drives, a printer, etc.

Secondly, I want to commend the manager of a local Radio Shack store in the Friendly Shopping Center, namely Ray

Wachter, for his help and support.
Finally, I would like to see more articles for the novice in the rainbow. Most writers assume readers know more than they really do - at least I've felt that way at times. At any rate keep up the good work.

Ron Russo
1848 Pembroke Rd.
Greensboro, NC 27408

## A Bright Future Indeed

## Editor:

I have to comment on the fine treatment from the people at Microcom Software. I recently bought two $30-\mathrm{Meg}$ hard drives from them andencountered some difficulty in installing them in my system. Thanks to Chris Santwani who went over and beyond the call of duty, I now have two very good hard drives up and ruming on my system. As long as we have third-party vendors like Microcom Software, there is nothing but a bright future for the CoCo .

George Barber<br>Summit City. Califoruia

## Another OS-9 Recruit

## Editor:

I would like to tell you how much I enjoy the rainbow. You have an excellent magazinc. I have purchased many products advertised in the pages of Rainbow and from reading "KISSable OS-9," I decided to purchase OS-9.

1 also want to thank you for the series of articles you had on assembly language by William P. Nee. I like BASIC and other languages, but I really go for assembler. When I feel competent enough to do a small programming project. I would like to send it to THE Rannbow to share with the CoCo community.

> John Collyer
> Medina, Ohio

## We welcome your submission.

[^0]"... Just think of any word processing featurc---chances are very likely that Word Power has it ... packs a lot of features excullent word processor..." Rainbow's Word Processor Comparison Artiele "Deciding What's Right For You" April 1989 Rainbow: Page 26.

Unparalleled Power packed in this $100 \%$ ML Word Processor written from scratch for the CoCo 3! No other word processor offers such at wide array of features that are easy to learn \& use.

## DISPLAY \& SPEED



Word Power 3.2 runs at double-clock speed and uses the true 80 -column display with lowercase instead of the graphics screen. The result is lightning fast screen reformatting and added speed! All prompts are displayed in plain English in neat colored windows. The current column number, line number, page number, percentage of free memory is displayed at all times. Even the page break is displayed so you know where one page ends and the other begins. The Setup program allows you to change fore/background colors as well as (in)visible carriage returns. Word Power 3.2 can be used with RGB/Composite/Monochrome monitors as well as TV.

## MAXIMUM MEMORY

Word Power 3.2 gives you over 72 K on 128 K and over 450 K on 512 K CoCo 3 for Text Storage - more memory than any other CoCo word-processor. Pcriod.

## EFFORTLESS EDITING

Word Power 3.2 has one of the most powerful and user-friendly full-screen editor with word-wrap. All you do is type. Word Power takes care of the text arrangement. The unique Auto-Save feature saves text to disk at regular intervals for peace of mind.

Insen/Overstrike Mode (Cursor Slyle Changes to indicate mode);OOPS Recall during deckec; Typc-ahead Buffer for fast typers;Key-Repeal (adjustable); KeyClick; 4 -way cursorand scrolling; Cursor to beginning/end of text, beginningernu of line, top/boltom of screen, next/previous word; Pagc up/down; Delete character, previous/next word, to beginning/end of line, complete line, text beforc/aftcr cursor; Locale/Replace wilh Wild-Card Search with auto/manual replace; Block Mark, Unmark, Copy, Move \& Delete; Line Positioning (Center/Right Justified) Set/Reset 120 programmable tab stops; Word-Count; Define Top/Bottom/Left/Right margins \& page length. You can also highlight text (underline-with on-screcn underlining, bold, italics, superscripts, etc.). Word Power even has a HELP screen which an be accessed any time during edit.

## SPLIT-SCREEN EDITING

Splits the screen in half so you can view one portion of your text while you edit another. You'll love it!

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## CALCULATOR

Pop-up a 4-function calculator while you edit! Great for tables!

## SAVING/LOADING TEXT

Word Power 3.2 creates ASCII format files which are compatible with almost all terminal/spell-checking \& other word-processing programs. Allows you to Display Free Space, Load, Save, Append \& Kill files. The ARE YOU SURE? prompt prevents accidental overwriting \& deletion. You can select files by simply cursoring through the disk directory. Supports double-sided drives \& step-rates.

## PRINTING

Word Power 3.2 drives almost any printer (DMP, EPSON, GEMINI, OKIDATA, etc). Allows options such as baud rates, line spacing, page/print pause, partial print, page numbering/placement, lincfecds, multi-line headers/footers, right justification \& number of copies. The values of these parameters \& margins can be changed anytime in the text by embedding Printer Option Codes. The WHAT YOU SEE IS WHAT YOU GET feature allows you to previcw the text on the screen as it will appear in print. You can view margins, page breaks, justification \& more.

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## PUNCTUATION CHECKER

This checker will proofread your text for punctuation errors such as capitalization, double-words, spaces after periods/commas, and more. Its the perfect addition to any word processor.

## DOCUMENTATION

Word Power 3.2 comes with a well-written instruction manual \& reference card which makes writing with Word Power a piece of cake! Word Power 3.2 comes on an UNPROTECTED disk and is compatible with RSDOS. Only $\$ 79.95$


## Spread the Word!

Time to staut telling your non-computer friends about the Color Computer again! CoCo 3 s are selling now at a price of $\$ 199$ (expect a holiday-season special), but the really big news is a number of new items to choose from when you look at sottware - or firmware, anyway - from Tandy. I am talking about Nintendo software, which has certainly been a hot tem for the last year or so.

There is some excellent software available for the CoCo - there has been for years. But now we are starting to see software available for other systems in formats that will run on our CoCos.

The question remains: Why would someone buy a pure game machine, a Nintendo for instance, if that software can atso be found for a real computer? This is a question hundreds of thousands of Color Computer owners have asked for years. The answer is simple - the computer is the way to go!

All this is little-reported, bul I think this is an important step for Tandy. Rather than porting games from other systems to the CoCo in a disk format, Tandy is buying the game software on ROMs and handling the import through the cartridge. It is simple, effective and cosis less for development.

The advantages of the CoCo have always been low cost, easy expansion and power. This move by Tandy increases the advantage of the Color Computer we use today - it is a major plus.

So, I think it is time to point this out to neighbors and friends who haven"t yet joined the world of computer users. They'll get a computer that plays games as well - sort of like having your cake and eating it too! The benefit of owning a computer with the power and software base of the CoCo - especially at the price - is difficult to beat.

While Tandy was making some changes, so were we here at The Rainbow.
As I wrote last month, Cray Augsburg has replaced Jutta Kapfhammer as managing editor. And as I mentioned, Cray brings a wealth of technical expertise with him to the post, having been technical editor for THE RAINBOW before his promotion.

The change, however. left us with an opening that needed to be filled. I am pleased to announce that it has been filled most ably by Greg Law, a name I am sure many of you recognize for his OS-9 expertise, his contributions to this magazine and his work on Delphi.

One of the reasons for asking Greg to move from Warmer Robbins, Georgia, to Prospect is that we want to incorporate a slightly higher-level technical ability into THE RAINBOW. As I said last month, we have no intention of abandoning the games, graphics, beginner's information and the like. Our surveys have shown these are the most popular features of THE RAINBOW.

But we also understand that many of you are more technically oriented. Some of you started that way, and some of you have acquired it over years of working with your CoCo. While we have always provided an abundance of technical infonmation, we now have the ahility to produce more.

I think all of you will be pleased with the changes we are making to THE RAINBOW. I have always seen this magazine as an evolving publication. And if it is to continue to serve you best, it must constantly evolve.

## - Lonnie Falk

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## dit dit dit dah dab dab dit dit dit..

# An Old Code in a New Mode 

By Ray Onley

Since computers were invented. people have been conning up with all kinds of training programs to helpothers learnand use intemational Morse code. Many philosophies on learning code were adopted and have stood the test of time. CodeMaster is anew program that incorporates those philosophies along with new ideas.

## Program Objectives

One of CodeMaster"s objectives is to offer a serious Morse code training program to CoCo users who have discovered that today"s radio communications software is dominated by PC clones and older Commodore systems that had a head start in the amateur radio community, Another objective is to offer true choices among the various strategies for mastering modern Morse communication.

Ideas differ about the best way to learn the International Morse code, a skill required for amateur radio licenses as well as certain U.S. military and communications industry careers. A primary consideration in designing CodeMaster was to give you choices among most of the popular systems for learning to copy Morse code transmissions at various specds.

Some radio professionals believe the best method is to be able to perfectly copy random groups of five letters, numerals or types of punctuation, which is the traditional format for code tests. Others think

Ray Onley is a sophmore at Forest Park HighSchool. He onnsa CoCo 3 with $5 / 2 \mathrm{~K}$. Besides the computer his interests include biking, tennis, rumming and chess.
copying intelligible text is more helpful. A number prefer classroom-style practice sessions in contrast to those who encourage private practice or one-on-one tutoring sessions. Some believe any text material is fine for practice while others suggest a concentration on communications language and abbreviations. A recently developed technique starts the transmission at a very high speed to help get your brain in motion. Then it gradually slows to the desired speed.


## Starting the Program

After you type RUN and the title screen appears, answer the "Keyboard or Joy-
stick" question by pressing K for keyboard or J for joystick. If you press ENTER, the joystick input is selected as the default. Then the command menu appears. This is the main menu that controls all the routines and options offered by this program. The four different control routines are described below.

## Take Test Routine

This is the main test-taking routine. It is to be selected after changing the speed, performing the test, and after setting whateveroptions you want. In most tests you are asked how long you want the test lo be. This number represents the test length in words; if youentered 5 in the random call sign test. it would send five groups of letters. After the tess is underway, you can pause by typing $P$ or stop by pressing CLEAR.

## Change Speed Menu

This routine allows you to change the speed at which you are tested. The different word-per-minute (WPMs) levels are explained below:

- 3 WPM - speed used by those just starting out.
- 5 WPM - minimum skill level for passing novice test.
- 7 WPM - suggested proficiency level before novice test.
- 10 WPM - typical alsility of experienced novice.
- 13 WPM - minimum skill for passing general class test.
- 17 WPM - suggested proficiency level before general test.
- 21 WPM - a taste of amateur extra class proficiency.


## Change Test Menu

This routine allows you to choose the form with which you want to be tested. The seven test options are explained below:

## 1) Random Chareteters

This is the classic hard-core test of code proficiency. Nothing you hear makes any sense. You hear a random mix of letters, numbers and some puncutation in groups of five, generated at any speed you choose. This means you need to be sharp with periods and commas but do not need to worty absut brackets, parentheses and other characters that exist but are never used.

## 2) Randon Call Signs

Recognizing worldwide station call signs is an operating skill fundamental to actual amateur radio communications. This op-
(For CoCo 1,2,3 RSDOS; Min 32K Unless Otherwise Specified)

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tion generates whatever number of random call signs you select. You can expect to understand each call sign. Each consisus of one or two letters (the prefix), a number, and one to three letters (the suffix). The prefix designates the country issuing the license, the number usually designates the geographical region within that country, and the suffix identifies the particular station - just like the last four digits of your telephone number. For at tist of what the prefixes mean, check the ARRL operating manual, which is available at local amateur radio stores.

## 3) Translate Data File

This feature permits you to convert any CoCo ASCII text file into Morse code. This is the do-it-yourself option of this program. You can use any of your existing text files as practice material, or you can create your own test using almost any word processor.

## 4) Character Help

Sometimes it can help to just listen to what you choose to transmit whether it's a single letter, radio abbreviation or other word. Press any key on your keyboard, and you can hear the Morse code version at the speed you have chosen.

## 5) Character Test

Thistestscharacter-by-character. When the test starts, you hear a code character and the computer asks which character you heard. If your answer is incorrect, you are shown the character sent and your incorrect answer. After this. press any key to hear the next letter. Your score is displayed after the test.

## 6) QSO Ilelp

A QSO is a two-way communication between amateur radio stations. This option gives you praclice in recognizing short words and abbreviations commonly used in actual communication. It is desirable to learn to hear these common expressions as a single unit rather than as a series of individual letters that you have to think about. For example, you can practice understanding QRL? as the message asking if a particular frequency is occupied, in contrast to writing down the characters $\mathrm{Q}, \mathrm{R}, \mathrm{L}$ and ? and then translating them. The data line for this program feature contains all the simple on-the-air communications expressions typically used.

## 7) Contest Simulation

This option simulates an amateur radio operating event in which random stations call CQ TEST (which means calling any station interested in this contest) and then they receive answers from other randomly-
generated amateur station call signs. The answering stations are heard on a slighty differen audio frequency, simulating typical listening conditions on a radio receiver.

When answering the test length question for this test, you give a number representing the amount of entire contacts. These contacts last about one minute at 13 WPM.

## Sample Exchange:

Originating station (lower tone):
CO CO TEST DE KABRZP K
[Meaning: Calling any station in this contest from KA8RZP.]

Answering station (higher tone): KABRZP DE 0A60AF
[Meaning: KA8RZP. this is 0A60AF.]
Originating station:
OA60AF DE KA8RZP R R NR 774 RST 559 BK [Meaning: Roger. Roger, your contest serial number is 774 and your signal report is 559. Break.]

Answering station:
QSL NR 663 RST 579 BK
|Meaning: I confirm your transmission. Your serial number is 663 and your signal repont is 579 . Break.]

Originating station:

## OSL 73 SK

[Mcaning: I confirm your transmission. Best regards. Break.]

Divider (program-generated) among complete exchanges (lowest tone):
BT ( - ... - )
[Meaning: a pause that occursduring a code conversation.]

After this pause a newly generated originating station calls CQ TEST and receives a reply from a new station. It should be noted that all the numbers and call signs given are samples and that they are different every time. The call sign prefix, however, means a specific country; for example, K means the United States.

Extensive practice with this option helps you become ready for contest-style radio communications at higher code speeds than you think you can handle. Then you find your next license code exam much less intimidating.

## Option Menu

This menu allows you to control the features that affect the rest of the program. These are the five different options:

- Descending Speed - a newly created testing procedure in which the program
starts out at a very fast speed and then evenly descends to a desired speed. The theory behind this is that the higher speed sets your brain in motion; when the speed slows down, you find you can handle code a bit faster than you thought you could.

To use this, select the descending speed option. You see an overlapping window pop in. I suggest you answer the "Start Speed" question by entering a speed iwo to three times what you can handle. Also answer the "End Speed" question by entering a speed slightly faster than what you think you can handle. This feature is effective in all seven tests.

- Ascending Speed - This option uses the converse of the iheory above. I suggest you use a start speed of about what you can handle, maybe a little slower. And for the end speed, enter twice the speed you can handle. If those speeds don't work for you, play with them. Maybe you can find a set of numbers perfect for your needs.
- Dec./Acc Speed Off - Selecting this shuts off the descending and ascending speed options.
- Toggle Random Tones - This option changes the tone of the code sent every word. This helps simulate actual listing conditions heard on a receiver. With this feature get used to the different tones so you learn not to get thrown off when hearing a sudden tone change such as you would encounter on a recejver.
- Toggle Keyboard and Joystick - Selecting this changes the control input device from keyboard to joystick and vice versa.
- Display Line - This option shows what line is currently being sent and highlights the individual character being sent. This option does not work on the Character Help and Character Test testing routines.
- Command Menu - Selecting this brings you back to the command menu.


## Formation of Morse Code Characters

The ratio of dots (dits), dashes (dahs), and spaces between each element (dit or dah), character or word, is controlled by variables in the program. I chose to make these spacings user friendly, not exactly following the classic mechanical proportions of length for spacing. This means the sending speed of each character is a little faster, with a bit more space between characters and words. This same practical andjustment is made in many, but not all, license cxams administered by Voluntect Examiners (VEs).

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Line 120 of the program controls some of these values，and you may wish to try your hand at lightly adjusting them：

Dits — TI
Dahs－T2
Spacing between dits and dahs－ $\mathrm{p}_{1}$
Spacing between characters－P2
Spacing between words－P3
The above adjustments control their respective lengths proportionally．This means that changing any of these numbers alters the lengths on all speeds．To change

The listing：CODEMSTR
©－COPYRIGHT 1989 FALSOFT．INC 10 CLS：HL＝32：VL＝8：FOR TM＝0 TO 66
STEP 33：g0SUB 920：HL－HL－2：VL＝VL －1：NEXT
20 PRINT＠1白5，＂CODEMASTER I＂；： $\mathrm{X}=1$ 123：X1－25：GOSUB 900
30 PRINT＠135，＂BY RAY ONLEY 8／88＂
：：X＝1155：G0SUB 900
40 TM－297：HL－14：VL－3：G0SUB 920：P
RINT＠330．＂LOADING DATA＂；
50 CLEAR500日：DIM W\＄（200），L\＄（48），
W1\＄（37），C\＄（15），C1\＄（60）
60 FOR $X=1$ TO 47：READ $\lfloor \$(X)$ ：NEXT
79．FOR $X=1$ TO 36：READ W1 \＄（X）：NEX T
80 FOR $X=1$ TO15：READ $C(\$(X)$ ：NEXT
90 FOR $X=1$ TO 7：READ $W(1, X), W\{2$ ． $X), W(3, X)=N E X T$
100 FORX＝1T0 58：READ C1\＄（X）：NEXT 110 FOR $X=1$ TO 7：READ T $\$(X)$ ：NEXT $120 \mathrm{Tl}=1: \mathrm{T} 2=3: \mathrm{Pl}=4: \mathrm{P} 2=28: \mathrm{P} 3-75: \mathrm{P}$ LAY＂03＂：BS＝CHRS（128）：N＝1：WPM＝13： U＝16：U2＝2；T\＄＝＂A＂
130 PRINT＠416．：：INPUT＂KEYBOARD 0 R JOYSTICK（K OR J）＂：Ks
140 IF K $5=$＂K＂THEN KJ＝1
150 MAIN MENU
160 CLS：PRINTB\＄Bs＂command＂Bs＂men u＂B\＄B
179 PRINT STRING\＄（16．239）
180 PRTNT＂TAKE TEST＂：PRTNT＂
Change speed
190 PRINT＂CHANGE TEST＂：PRINT＂ OPTIONS
$200 \mathrm{TM}=17$ ：HL＝15：VL＝6：GOSUB 920
210 PRINT＠51．＂SPEED＝＂WPM；
220 PRINT＠83，＂TEST MODE：＂：：PRIN
T＠115，LEFT\＄（T（N），11）；
230 PRINT＠147．＂CONTROL：＂：：IF KJ＝ 1 THEN PRINT＂KEY＂：ELSE PRINT＂JO Y＂：
the lengths for each individual speed，the numbers in Line 800 must be changed． Line 800 is set up in groups of three num－ bers．The first of these numbers is the actual word－per－minute speed．The second num－ ber is the base timing unit for the elements． Changing this number proportionally changes the lengths of both the dits and the dahs．The smaller this number is，the longer the dit or the dah．The third number in the group is the base unit for the spacing． Altering this number changes the lengths of all the spaces．Be very careful in adjust－ ing these numbers because any radical
change might throw the timing off，making the indicated speed inaccurate．

I tried to design this program so it is practical，easy to use and fun，There are many options and features in the program that I encourage you to try．Try to push yourself into higher code speeds so you can upgrade your license and explore more in the world of amateur radio．
（Questions or comments comerning this article may be addressed to the author at 810 Cascade Road，Cincinnati，OH 45240. Please enclose an SASE when requesting a reply．）

```
240. J1=14:J3=1088:X1=15;G0SU8 16
7 0
250 ON L+1 G0TO 970.1500.1750.19
30
260 "GENERATE RND CHARACTORS ":F
OR X=1 TO 5
280 R-RND(90):IF R<44 THEN 280
290 IF R>57 AND R<65 THEN 280
360 MID$(W$(Y), X,1)=CHR$(R):NEXT
    X.Y
310 TEXT-TO-CODE ROUTINE
320 TM=352:HL=32:VL=3:GOSUB 920:
PRINT@385."PRESS ANY KEY TO STAR
T TEST..."::EXEC 44539:G0SUB960
330 GOSUB 960:TM=228:HL=12:VL=3:
GOSUB 920:PRINT@261."TESTING..."
340 IF RT=0 THEN T$="A"
350 SF=(SS-ES)/K
360 OM=((SS+ES)/2)*.06
370 IF DL=1 THEN TM=352:HL=32:VL
-3:G0SUB 929
380 IF F=3 THEN 1230
390 IF F=2 THEN U-SS*OM:U2-INT(5
0/U)
400 FOR V=1 TO K:IF DS=1 OR IS=1
    THEN U-U-SF:U2-INT(50/U)
    410 IF F=2 THEN PRINT@58,INT(U/0
M);
420 IF RT-1 THEN T$-CHR$(64+RND(
7))
430 PRINT@385,STRING$(29,32);
440 IF DL=1 THEN PRINT@385,LEFT$
(W$(V).29);:IF LEN(W$(V))>29 THE
NF=7
450 FOR Y-1 TO LEN(W$(V))
460 IF Y>29 THEN 0=Y-29 ELSE0=Y
470 IF DL=1. AND PEEK (0+1408)<64
THEN AN=64 ELSE AN=-64
480 IF SL=1 OR Y=1 THEN SL=0:GOT
0 590
490 IF DL=1 THEN POKE 0+1407,0
50日 IF DLm1 THEN Q=PEEK(0+1408):
POKE 0+1408.0+AN
510 IF OL=1 AND Y=29 THEN PRINT@
385,STRING$(29,32)::PRINT@385.MI
D$(W$(V),30.29)::SL=1
520 A$=1NKEY$:IF A$=CHR变(12) THE
N160
530 [F AS="P" THEN EXEC 44539
540 N$=MID$(W$(V).Y.1)
550 IF N$="" THEN 650
560 A=ASC(N$)
570 IF A>97 AND A<123 THEN A-A-3
2
```



```
590 N1$-L$(A-43)
600 FOR X=1 TO LEN(N1$)
610 N2$=M1O$(N1$,X,1)
```

620 IF N2\＄＝＂Z＂THEN PLAY＂L＂＋SIK末 （INT（U＊T1））＋T\＄：G0T064D
630 PLAY＂L＂＋STR士（INT（U＊T2））＋T\＄
640 FORT＝1TOP1＊U2：NEXT T．X
650 IF F－1 THEN RETURN
660 FOR T＝1 TO P2＊U2：NEXT T．Y
670 IF F＝3 THEN FOR T＝1 T0 450：N EXT：RETURN
680 FOR T $=1$ TO P3＊N2：NEXT T，V
690 IF F＝2 THEN WPM＝ES
700 PRINT＠352，STRING\＄（100．32）
710 TMm 353 ：HL $=30: V L=3: G 05 U B 920:$ PRINTO386，＂PRESS ANY KEY FOR ANS WERS．．．＂：：EXEC 44539
720 IF $\mathrm{N}=3$ OR $\mathrm{N}=7$ THEN 1550
730 FOR LY＝1 TO INT（K／15）－1
740 CLS：FOR $x=1$ TO $30: 21=(L Y-1)$＊ 30＋ $\mathrm{x}:$ PRINT STR\＄（Z1）：＂）＂W\＄（Z1）．： NEXT：EXEC 44539：NEXT：G0T0 160 750 GOTO 50
760 ＇DATA
770 DATA $2 Z \times \times Z 2,, X Z \times Z X Z, Z X X Z X, Z 2$
ZZZ．XZZZZZ，XXZZZ，XXXZZ，XXXXZ，XXXX
 ，ZXZXZX，ZXZZX，ZXXXZ，2XZZXZ，XXZZX $X,, X Z, Z X X X, Z X Z X, Z X X, X, X X Z X, Z Z X, X$ $X X X, X X, X Z Z Z, 2 X Z, X Z X X, Z Z, Z X, Z Z Z, X$ $Z Z X, Z Z X Z, X Z X, X X X, Z, X X Z, X X X Z, X Z Z$, ZXXZ，ZXZZ，ZZXX
780 DATA COCa，CQDX，CQTEST，COCHES S，QST，QRZ？，QRT，QRX，PSEQSY，PSEQSL －QRL？，RST479，NAME，OP，HR，QTH，RIG， RIG1TTW，ANT，WX，QSL，73，88，CUL，CUA GN，SK，HW？，BK，KN，CL，FB，PSEORS，ORN ，ORM．OSB．RSTSNN
790 DATA AKRON OH，MONTGOMERY AL， ALBANY GA．NEW HAVEN CN，COLUMBIA
SC．SpRTNGFIELD MS，gRAND RAPIDS M I，FLAGSTAFF AZ，MESA AZ，OWENSBORO KY，CINCINNATI OH，NASHVILLE TN，D aytona beach fl，miami fl，indiana POLIS IN
800 DATA 3，2，8，5，4，5，7，7，4，10．14 ．4．13．16．2，17，20．1，21，26．1
810 DATA K．A．N．W．KB，KA．WA，AA，AB ， $A C, K C, W B, C E, C Q, C P, C T, D L, D K, E A, E I$ ，F，G，GN，GW，GT，HA，HB，HC，HK，I，IK，J A，LA，LU，LZ，OA，OE，OH，OK，ON，OZ，PA， PP，PY，SM．SP，SV，TF，UA，UB，VE，VK，VP XE，YN，YU，YV，YO
820 DATA RANDOM CHARACTORS．RANDO M CALLSIGNS，TRANSLATE DATA，CHARA CTOR HELP，CHARACTOR TEST，QSO HEL P，CONTEST SIMULATION
830 ＇KEYBOARD ROUTINE
$840 \mathrm{~F}=1: \mathrm{Z}=1: \mathrm{Y}=1$
850 TM－321：HL＝30：VL＝4：G0SUB920：P
RINT＠354，＂PRESS KEY TO HEAR CHAR ACTOR＂：：PRINT＠389．＂PRESS CLEAR T 0 EXIT＂：

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$860 \mathrm{~W}=\mathrm{INKEY} \$: I F \mathrm{~W} \$=\cdots{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{THEN} 860$
870 IF W\＄＝CHR\＄（12）THEN F＝0：GOTO
160
$880 N \$=N \$:$ GOSUB 560
890 GOTO 860
900 POKE $X, 128: F 0 R \quad Z-X+1$ T0 $X+X 1$ ：POKE Z，PEEK（Z）－64：NEXT：RFTIJRN
910 ＇WINDOWING ROUTINE
$920 \mathrm{CN}=$ RND $(8) \pm 16-16: V L=V L-1$
930 PRINT＠TM．CHR\＄（142＋CN）：PRINT STRTNG\＄（HL－2，140＋CN）；PRINTCHR\＄（ $141+C N)$ ；
940 FOR $X=1$ TO $V L: Z=T M+X \star 32: P R I N$ T＠2．CHR\＄（138＋CN）；FRINT＠Z＋HL－I．C HR\＄（133＋CN）：：NEXT
950 PRINT＠TM＋32＊VL，CHR $\$(139+C N):$ STRING（ $\mathrm{HL}-2,131+C N)::$ PRINTCHR\＄（ 1351CN）：RETURN
960 FOR $X=0$ TO VL：PRINT＠TM＋32AX． STRING\＄（HL，32）：：NEXT：RETURN
970 FOR $Z Z=1$ TO K：W\＄（ZZ）＝＂＇＂：NEXT 980 IF $\mathrm{N}=4$ THEM 84 侖 ELSE IF $\mathrm{N}=3$
THEN 1030 ELSE $T M=358: H L=18: V L=3$ ：GOSUB 920
990 PRINT＠391，＂TEST LENGTH：＂：：L INEINPUT K\＄：IF K\＄＝＂＇＂THEN 160 EL SE K－VAL（K\＄）
1000 IF $N=5$ THEN 1030
$1010 \mathrm{TM}=358: \mathrm{HL}=20: V \mathrm{C}=3: \mathrm{GOSUB} 920$ ：
PRINT＠391．＂GENERATING TEST．．．＂：
1020 IF $F=2$ THEN PRINT回58，SS：
1030 ON N GOTO 260，1050，1120，840
.2180 .1200 .1210
1040 ＊CALLSIGN ROUTINE
1050 FOR $\mathrm{Y}=1 \mathrm{TO} \mathrm{K}$
$10602 \$=\mathrm{C} 1 \$(\mathrm{RND}(59))$
$107071 \$=M I D \$(S T R \$(\operatorname{RND}(10)-1) .2$ ． 1）
1080 FOR $x=1$ TO RND（3）： $22 \$(x)=\mathrm{CH}$ R\＄（64＋RND（26））：NEXT
1090 W（ Y$)=2 \$+21 \$+22 \$(1)+22 \$(2)+$ Z2\＄（3）
$1100 \mathrm{NEXT}: I F \mathrm{~F}=3$ THEN 1250ELSE32 0

1110 ＇LOAD ASCII FILE
1120 TM＝356：HL＝24：VL－3：GOSU日 920 ：PRINT＠389，：LINEINPUT＂FILE NAME ：＂F\＄
1130 IF $F \$=^{* * *}$ THEN 160
1140 IF LEN（Fq））S AND IMSTR（F\＄，＂
．＂）＜1 THEN 1120
$1150 \mathrm{TM}=353$ ：HL＝30：VL－3：GOSUB 920 ：PRINT＠386，：：LINEINPUT＂CASSETTE OR DISK（C OR D）？＂：CD\＄
1160 IF CD $\$=" \mathrm{C}$＂THEN CD＝－1 ELSE C D－1
1170 OPEN＂I＂．CO，F\＄：K＝0
$1180 \mathrm{~K}=\mathrm{K}+1$ ：IF EOF（CD）＝－1 THEN CL OSE：GOT0 320
1190 INPUT非CD．W\＄（K）：GOTO 1180
1200 FOR $X=1$ TOK：W\＄$(X)=W 1 \$(R N D($
36）：NEXT：GOTO 320
1210 F＝3：G0T0320
1220 ＇CONTEST SIMULATION
1230 FOR 22＝0 T0 K－1
$1240 \mathrm{~K}=2$ ：GOTO 1050
$1250 \mathrm{Cl} \$=\mathrm{W} \$(1): \mathrm{C} 2 \$-W(2)$
$1260 \mathrm{M}=8$＊2Z

＂：V＝1：T\＄＝＂A＂：GOSUB 430
1280 FMM $\$=\$ \$(1)$
$1290 W(2+M)=W \$(1)$
1300 W\＄（1）$=\mathrm{C} 1 \$+$＋ $\mathrm{DE} \mathrm{E}^{*+C 2 \$: T \$=" B \cdot " ~}$ ：G05UR 430
$1310 W(3+M)=W \$(1)$
1320 W\＄（1）－C2\＄＋＂R R NR＂＋STR\＄（RN
D（9））＋STR\＄（RND（9））＋STR\＄（RND（9））：

T\＄＝＂A＂：GOSUB 430
$1330 \mathrm{~W} \$(4+\mathrm{M})=W \$(1)$
1340 IF RND（ 10 ）＜7 THEN R1＝5 ELSE
Rl＝RND（5）：IF R1＜2 THFN 1340
$1350 \mathrm{R} 2=\mathrm{RND}(9): 1 \mathrm{~F} 2<5$ AND R1＞3
THEN 1350
136月 W\＄（7）－＂RST＂＋STR\＃（R1）＋STR士（R
2）＋＂9 BK＂：GOSUB 430
$1370 W(5+M)=W \$(1)$
1380 W $\$(1)=* 0 S L N^{* *}+S T R \$(R N O(9))$
＋STR\＄（RND（9））＋STR\＄（RND（9））：T\＄＝＂B
＂：Gosub 430
$1390 \mathrm{~W} \$(6+M)=W(1)$
1400 IF RND（10）＜7 THEN R1＝5 ELSE
R1＝RND（5）：IF R1く2 THEN 1400
$1410 \mathrm{R} 2=\mathrm{RNO}(9): I F \mathrm{R} 2<5$ AND R1＞3
THEN 1410
1420 W\＄（1）＝＂RST＂＋STR\＄（R1）＋STR\＄（R 2）+ ＂ 9 BK＂：GOSUB 439
$1430 W \$(7+M)=W(1)$
$1440 W \$(1)=" Q S L 73$ SK＂：T\＄＝＇A＂：G0 \＄UB 430
$1450 W \$(8+M)=W \$(1)$
1460 W\＄（1）＝＂＝＂：J\＄－＂C＂：GOSUB 430
1470 NEXT：W事（1）$=^{n+4}$ ：W\＄（2）＝FMM\＄
$1480 \mathrm{~F}=\mathrm{G}: \mathrm{K}=Z Z * 8: G 0 T 01550$
1490 ＂CHANGE SPEED
1500 FOR $X=0$ T0 6：PRINT＠274＋（ $X * 3$
2）．W（1．$X+1$ ）：：NEXT
$1510 \mathrm{TM}=240: \mathrm{HL}=6: \mathrm{VL}=9: G 0 S \cup B$ 920
$1520 \mathrm{J1=25:J3=1297:X1=3:G05UB16}$ 70
1530 $L=L+1: W P M=W(1 . L): U=W(2, L): U$ $2=W(3, L)$
1540 GOTO 160
1550 ＇LIST ANSWERS
1560 CLS：PRINT＠7．＂CODE TEST ANSW
ERS＂：PRINTSTRING $(32,175): C=0$
1570 FOR X＝1 TO K
1580 CI＝INT（LEN（W\＄（X））／32）＋1；C＝C
$+C I: I F C>13$ THEN C＝0：GOTO 1610
1590 IF LEN（W\＄（X））＞C1＊32 THEN $C=$ C＋1
1600 PRINT $W \$(X): G O T 01640$

1626 IF $\mathrm{A} \$=\mathrm{CHR} \$(12)$ THEN 160
$1630 \mathrm{FOR} \mathrm{S}=2 \mathrm{TO}$ 14：PRINT＠32＊S．ST
RING $5(32,32)$ ：：NEXT：PRINT＠64．；
$1640 \mathrm{NEXT} X$
1650 ［X［C 44539：GOTO 160
1660 ＇JOYSTICK INPUT
1670 IF KJ＝1 THEN KI＝0：GOTO 1810 1680 J2－INT（64／（J1／4））
$1690 \mathrm{H}=\mathrm{JOYSTK}(0): V=\mathrm{JOYSTK}(1)$
$1700 \quad x=13+I$ NT $(V / J 2) * 32$ ：POKE $X, 12$
$7+(16 \times \mathrm{RND}(8)): F 0 \mathrm{R} T=1 \mathrm{TO} 50: \mathrm{NEXT}$
：POKE X， 143
1710 IF INKEY\＄＝CHR（12）THEN160
$1720 \mathrm{P}=\mathrm{PEEK}(65280)$ ：IF $\mathrm{P}=254$ OR P
$=126$ GOSUB 900：L＝INT（V／J2）：RETUR N
1730 G0T0 1670
$1740{ }^{*}$ CHANGE TEST
$1750 \mathrm{TM}=228$ ： $\mathrm{HL}=23$ ： $\mathrm{VL}=9: G 0 S U B 920$
$1760 \quad Z Z=263: F O R \quad X=0 \quad$ TO $6: Z 1-z Z+(X * 32)$
1770 PRINT＠Z1．T\＄（X＋1）；：NEXT
1780 J3＝1285： $11=25: \times 1=20:$ GOSUB 1 670
$1790 \mathrm{~N}=\mathrm{L}+1:$ G0T0 160
1800 ＇KEYBOARD INPUT
$1810 X=13+K I ; P O K E X, 127+(16 *$ RND $($ 8））：FOR T＝1 TO 50：NEXT
1820 A\＄＝INKEY\＄：IF A\＄＝＂＇THEN1810 1830 POKE X， 143
1940 IFA $=C H R \$(94)$ THEN KI＝KI－32
1850 IFA\＄＝CHR\＄（10）THEN KI＝KI＋32

1860 IF A\＄mCHR\＄（13）THEN GOSUB 9 90：L＝KI／32：RETURN
1870 IF KIくの THEN KI－
1880 IF KI＞J1／4＊32 THEN KI＝KI－32
189060101810
1900＇TOGGLE KEY．\＆JOY．
1910 IF $\mathrm{KJ}=1$ THEN KJ＝0 ELSE $\mathrm{KJ}=1$ 1920 GOTO 1940
1930 ＇OPTIONS
1940 TM－224：HL－24：VL＝8：G05UB930
1950 FOR $X=0$ T0 6：PRINT＠257＋（ $\mathrm{X} * 3$
2）．STRING $\$(22.32):$ NEXT
1960 PRINT＠259．＂DESCENDING SPEED ＂：IF DS＝1 THEN POKE 1362，191
1970 PRINT＠291．＂ACCENDING SPEED＂ ；：IF IS＝1 THEN POKE 1334．191
1980 PRINT＠323，＂DEC／ACC SPEED OF ${ }^{17}$ ；
1990 PRINT＠355．＂TOG．RANDOM TONE S＂：：IF RT＝1 THEN POKE 1398，191
2900 PRINT＠387．＂TOGGLE KEY．\＆JO
2016 PRINT＠419，＂DISPLAY LINE＂：：I
F DL＝1 THEN POKE 1462，191
2020 PRINT＠451，＂COMMAND MENU＂：
2030 J1－25：13－1281：X1－20：GOSUB 1 670
2040 ON L＋1 GOTO 2050，2050，2150． 2130，1910．2160，160
2050 TM＝397：HL＝18：VL＝3：GOSUB930
2060 PRINT＠462，STRING\＄（16，32）：
2070 PRINT＠430，：：BV＝PEEK（1470）：I
NPUT＊START SPEEO＂：SS：POKE 147月，B $V$

2080 PRINT＠462．：：INPUT＂END SPEED
＂；ES：POKE 1502，BV
2090 IF $L=0$ THEN $D S=1: I S=0$ ELSE DS－0：IS＝1

＊XX），STRING\＄（17，32）；：NEXT
$2110 \mathrm{~F}=2$
2120 GOT0 1940
2130 IF $R T=1$ THEN $R T=0 E L S E \quad R T=1$
2140 GOTO 1940
$2150 \mathrm{DS}=0: I 5=0: \mathrm{F}=0$ GOTO 1940
2160 IF $D L=1$ THEN $D L=0$ ELSE $0 L=1$ 2170 GOTO 1940
2180 PRINT＠355．＂＂
2190 PRINT＠422，＂WHAT DO YOU HEAR
2200 TM＝389：HL＝23：VL＝3：G0SUB920
2210 CP＝PEEK（1467）
$2220 \mathrm{~F}=1$ ： $\mathrm{FOR} \mathrm{P}=1$ TO K
$2230 \mathrm{R}=\mathrm{RND}(43):$ IF $\mathrm{R}>9 \mathrm{AND} \mathrm{R}<16 \mathrm{~T}$
HEN 2230
2240 N $\$=$ CHR $\$(R+48): G 0 S U B 560$
2250 PRINT＠439，；：INPUT I $\$$
2260 IF N\＄くゝ\＄THEN 2310
$2270 \mathrm{TM}=243$ ： $\mathrm{HL}=10: \mathrm{VL=3:G0SUB920}$
2280 PRINT＠276，＂CORRECT！＂：
$2290 \mathrm{NR}=\mathrm{NR}+1$
2300 GOTO 2350
2310 $\mathrm{TM}=240$ ：HL＝16；VL＝5：GOSUB920
2320 PRINT＠277．＂SORRY＂：
2330 PRINT＠305，＂CHAR．SENT－＂N\＄
2340 PRINT＠337．＂CHAR．RECO．－＂I\＄

2350 EXEC 44539
2360 FOR $X=0$ TO 4：PRINT＠218＋$(X * 3$
7），STRJNG $(15,37)$ ：POKE 1467．CP：N EXT X，P
2370 TM－240：HL－14：VL＝3：GOSUB920
2380 PRTNT＠273．＂SCORE：＂INT（100／K
＊NR）＂＂器＂：EXEC 44539
2390 F－D：NR＝0：GOTO 160

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Desktop Publishing:together, CoCo Max III and Max-10 form an unbeatable system for reports. flyers, invitations, greeting cards, signs, newsletters, etc. It's far beyond anything you've ever seen on a CoCo.

Here is one of the hundreds of unsolicited letters we got: "Max-10 and CoCo Max 111 are wonderful. They are the first Color Computer products I have purchased that were even better than I hoped for."

At Colorware. we all work hard to make you feel that way and we thrive on your appreciation.

## FREE CHRISTMAS BONUS

Get any one of the "Add-Ons" below free with CoCo Max III or Max 10.
Select one of these: Max Fonts, Max Edit, the Color Drivers, the Spellchecker, the Max-10 Fonts. or the Hi-Res Pack. If you get both Max-10 and CoCo Max III, select any two free add-ons!

## About Max-10

What the coco Community needs is a word processor that's rock solid, blindingly tast, feels like a Macintosh. makes all the others look boring, and does not cost $\$ 30$. Max- 10 is just that and more. It allows on screen mixing of graphics and text, large headlines. multiple columns and full page preview (with graphics).
We swear that Max-10 will add excitement to your word processing, and that's no small task!
PRINTERS SUPPORTED: EPSON FX,MX,RX,LX AND COMPATEELES; OMP 105.106, 110,130; CGP220 (BEW): OKI 18292.192: STAR NX-10. NX-1000.
Max-10 Add-ons

- Max-10 Fonts. 36 super fonts on 2 disks. Send for list, Order \#C-23................ $\$ 29.95$ NOIE Max-10 And CCCO Max Fonts aren't interchangibbs. - Spell Chacker 50000 word dictionary for online spell checking and dictionary lookup. Perfect seamless integration with Max-10. Order \#C-24.
$\$ 29.95$


## System Requirements

Max-10 and CoCo Max III Require: any Coco 3; 1 or more disk drives: joystick or mouse; fadio Shack Hi Resolution joystick intertace; a video or RGB monitor or a TV.

## About CoCo Max III

Whether you doodie for fun or do graphics for a living. CoCo Max will amaze you. It's a promise.
Its major features include: Huge picture area ( 2 full hi-res $320 \times 192$ screens). Large editing window. Zoom mode for detail work. 28 point and click drawing tools. Shrink and stretch. Rotation at any angle ( $1.5^{\circ}$ steps). 512 K memory support (all features work with 128 K too). Undo (Oops) festure to tix mistakes. Animation. Special eflects. Color sequenting (8 colors, variable speed). 13 fonts (more available). Each font has 8 sizes and 5 styles for thousands of possible combinations. Translate program to convert most types of pictures. CoCo Show "slide show" program. Miniload program to help use pictures with your sottware. Color editing of patterns. Prints in single or double size. Select 16 of 64 available colors, all 64 colors are shown at once for easy selection Pull-down menus. 40 paint brush shapes. Two color lettering. Spray can. Amazing "flowbrush". RGB and composite monitor support. Colors print in 5 shades of gray.
PRINTERS SUPPORTED: EPSON RXXXXMXLX ANO COMPATIELES: STAAIGEMINV NX - 10 NX- 1000 : DMP $100,105,106.110,120,130,200$ : OK1 $\theta 2 \mathrm{~A}, 162,162$ : cop-2zo(BEM)
color Drivere available, See next column.

## CoCo Max III Add-ons

- Max Fonts disks. 95 fonts on 4 disks.

Order \#С-73..................................... $\$ 49,95$

- Max Edit Create new fonts or edit existing ones. Order \#C-16 ........................... $\$ 19.95$ - Color Printer drivers NX-1000 Rainbow. CGP-220 and Okimate 20. *C-2 ...... $\$ 19.95$


## CoCo Max I and II

- Coco Max I on tape. See previous ads or write for info. For CoCo 1 or 2.
Order \#C-7................................. $\$ 59.95$ - CoCo Max li. For all disk CoCos. Multipak or $Y$-Cable required. \#C-85...... $\$ 69.95$


## Digitizers

Digitize any picture from any video source (VCR. camera...) for use with CoCo Max Ill and Max-10,
DS-69. Requires Multipak. 2 pictures per second. Order \#C-18........................ $\$ 99.95$ DS-59B Faster: 8 pix/sec. \#C-92... $\$ 149.95$


Keeping an eye on principal payments down the road

# Mapping Your Finances 

By David Macias

Whether you＇re trek－ king through the Himalayas or figur－ ing your finances，it＇s important to know where you are and where you＂re going． Because figuring your finances is the less exciting of the two，you＇ll welcome know－ ing the CoCo can help with a program called Amortize．

The Basic program，originally written by Ralph D．Miller，first appeared in the March＇87 issue of THE RAINBOW（Page 82）．The program calculates annual interest rates in percentage form，the number of interest periods ammally（il your interest is compounded daily，this is 365 ；for interest compounded monthly．it is 12 ，etc．）．num－ ber of payments per year，the amount of the loan in dollars，and the lem of the loan in years，You enter digits only－no percent symbols or dollar signs are needed．The program checks your printer and notifies you if it is not online．If the printer is online， Amortize prints a header describing the loan and the computed installment amount． Then each payment is detailed by the amount of the payment applied to interest．the amount applied to principal，and the amount of debt outstanding．The lables are handy when you prepay principal payments in order to save interest．After printing the last payment．Amortize goes to the dada input prompts 10 run another table．

David is attending Cerritos College where he studies business computer systems．He works as a Computer operator in the data processing department and is a tutor for the music deparmen in the MIDI lab，He is an advocate of the OS－9 operating system．

The version included here has been rewritten 10 run in OS－9．A utility program by Burke \＆Burke makes the conversion，
but I wanted additional modifications to make use of windows and the added speed of a packed BASIC09 program．

```
The listing: amortize
PROCEDURE Amortize
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|}
\hline Q000 & （＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊AMORTIZE＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊ \\
\hline 0039 & （＊by Ral ih D．Miller－＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊ \\
\hline 0071 & （＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＝written in Basicby＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊ \\
\hline OBA & （＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊by David Macias \(\begin{aligned} & \text { d＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊}\end{aligned}\) \\
\hline ODE3 &  \\
\hline 0116 & （＊ \\
\hline 011 F & （＊．．．．．．．．．．．．．Variables \\
\hline Q136 & （＊ \\
\hline 0139 & （＊．．．．－Jll \(=\) Interest \\
\hline 0140 & （＊．．．． 0 ＝Number of inlerest periods per year \\
\hline 617C & （＊．．．．．S \(=\) Number of payments per year \\
\hline \％1A3 & （＊．．．．．A \(=\) Loan amount \\
\hline D1BA & （＊．．．．．B \(=\) Period of loan \(\ddagger \mathrm{n}\) years \\
\hline 6100 & （＊．．．．．］＝Monthly interest \\
\hline Q1F9 & （＊．．．．．．F－Single payment amount． \\
\hline 021A & （＊．．．．．IT－Total interest \\
\hline 0234 & （＊ \\
\hline 0237 & （＊．．．．．．．string Variables \\
\hline （2251 & （＊ \\
\hline 0254 & （＊．．．．FF＊－Single payment \\
\hline 026 E & （＊．．．HM \(=\) Interest on debt \\
\hline 白28A & （＊．．．RT\＄＝Payment on principle \\
\hline 日2AA & （＊．．LF\＄\(=\) Outstanding debt \\
\hline \(02 \mathrm{C6}\) & （＊ \\
\hline 02 Cy & DIM Q，S，B，NP，PF，Y，WY：INTEGER \\
\hline D2Es & DIM CHAR：STRLAG［I］ \\
\hline D2F4 & DIM CI\＄，HM ，RT\＄，LF\＄．JF\＄．1G\＄．SP\＄：STRLNG［12］ \\
\hline 0318 & DIM A\＄．F\＄：STRING［12］ \\
\hline 0328 & 日tM path．HC：byte \\
\hline 的333 & path＝1 \\
\hline Q33A & \(\mathrm{HC}=\square\) \\
\hline 9341 & CHAR \(=\cdots\) \\
\hline 0.34810 & REM＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊ \\
\hline 0358 & REM Input data \\
\hline 0365 & REM＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊ \\
\hline 0372 & SHELL＂display 0 c ＂ \\
\hline 0389 & PRINT \\
\hline 038 ？ & PRINT TAB（10）；＂Enter the annual interest rate in percent＂； \\
\hline \(03 \mathrm{B4}\) & INPUT 31 \\
\hline 0389 & IF JU－夏 THEN 1600 \\
\hline 9369 & M－JU／100 \\
\hline 93.55 & PRINT \\
\hline 0307 & PRINT TAB（10）：＂Enter the number of interest periods per year＂ \\
\hline （9400 & 1 APUT Q \\
\hline 0412 & PRINT \\
\hline 0414 & PRINT TAB（10）；＂Enter the number of payments per year＂： \\
\hline 0442 & INPUT \＄ \\
\hline 0447 & PRINT \\
\hline 0449 & PRINT TAB（10）；＂Enter the loan amount in dollars＂： \\
\hline 0472 & TNPUT A \\
\hline 6477 & PRINT \\
\hline 6479 & PRINT TAB（10）：＂Enter the period of the loan in years＂： \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
```



NEW: REMOTE A-BUSI Use the new Serial (RS-232) Adapter or Processor to control any A-BUS system. Cards can be up 10500 ft away using phone type cable, or off premises using a modem. Cal or send tor the new A-BUS Catalog which covers all the products.

Important
AII A-BUS Syzums: © Come assembled and lested Include detalied manuals with schematics and programming examples - Can be used with almost ady language (BASIC. Pascat. C . assembier, etc.) using simple "iN" and "OUT' commands. (PEEK and POKE on some computers) - Can grow to 25 carrs in any combination) per sdapler 4 Provibe jumper selectable addressing on each card \& Require a singla low cost unicgulated 12 V power supply - Ave usually shippest from stock (Overigigh setvice is avilable.)

It used to be dificult and costly to do process control, robotios, data acquisition, monitoring and sensing with your computer. Now the low-cost A-BUS system makes it easy to do almost any project you can imagine.

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## Inputs, Outputs, etc.

Analog Inpul: a analiog inputs. $0-5.1 \mathrm{~V}$ in 20 mV steps $(\mathrm{a}$ bits). $0-100 \mathrm{~V}$ range possible. 7500 conmersknsisecend. A0-142: \$142 12 Bll A to D: Analog to digtes corverier. Input range - 4 V to +4 V , expandable to 100 V . On-bosid smpllifier. Resolution 1 mV . Conversion time 130ms, 1 chennel. (Expand to 8 channels with the RE-156 cald

AR-145: \$153
Relay Card: 8 indindualy controllec industrial rolays each with

Reed Relay Card: 8 reed relays (ZOMA at GOVDC. SPST).
 D/A converter: 4 Channel 8 Blt D/A converier with output anplifiers and separde sojusteble ieternces.

04-147: $\mathbf{1} 149$
24 Ine Th. I/O: Connect 24 input or output signals, (TTL O,FV levels $\alpha$ switches). Variety of modes. (Uses 8255 N ) DO-14: $\$ 72$ Diglial inpul: 6 exticaily isolated inputs. Input can be 510100 V votage levols or swich closures.
$\mathbb{N}-141: \$$
Digital Output Driver: Boulputs; 250mA at 1 W . Drive pelfess. soletolids, stepper motors, lamps, elc. ST-143: trill
Clock with Alarm: Powertul elockicalendar. Battery backup. Tining lo 1/100 sec, Alarn nelag, LED and burzer. CL-14is 3 ari Touch Tone Docoder: Each tone is corverted into a number whicen is slemed on the board.

PH-145: 687
A-BUS Prototypling card: 4x4, culd. Wea tecept up to 10 I.Cs. With power toround bus.

PR-\$22: $\$ 16$
Counter Ther: Thee 16 bit counterstimers. Use seperatety or cascade for long (48 Bit) courts.

CT-150: 8132

## Call or appliction angineess 10 oiscuss your project

## Motion Control

Smarl Quad Stepper Controller: The word's finest on boald mieroprocessor controis four motors simuttaneousty. Usees simple English commands like "MOVE ARM 10.2 (INCHES) LEFT. For ach axis, you control coordinates (absolute of relativel, ramping. speed, units, scale factors, etc. Mary ispuis for linit swilches, etc. On the fly reporting of speed. position... Builh in drivers for smal motors such as M0-103 or 109. SC-149: $\$ 239$ Options: - 5 amp/phase power bososter io: 1 molori PD-123: \$49 - Remote "leach" keypad for direct moloo control: RC-iz1: \$54
 Adapter in the foreground plugs into PC,XT.AT type slod.
Slepper Drlver Klt: For experimenting with stepper mators, Includes 2 MO-103 motors and a $5 \mathrm{~T}-143$ dual ofryer PA-181: 599 Slepper Molors: (4 phase, unipolar)

 mo-j05: 1.T square. $2^{2}$ shaft $3.75^{\circ}$ sitep. 12 ZV .6 oz-in. $\$ 15$

## A-BUS Adapters

- Can address 54 ports and control up to 25 A-BUS cards.
- Require one cable. Molhertoad lequired for more than 2 caras. A-BUS Parallel Adaplers for:







 A-BUS Cable: Necessay to conneec any parallee adapter io
 Special cable for two A-ULS cards CA-162: 534
Serial Adapter: Connect A-aus systems to my Rs-232 port Allows up to 500 Al liom computer to A -8US. SA-1zs: $\$ 149$ Serial Node: To connett additional SA-129/A-sus 5 pstems to a single RS232 sefid port (midx 15 nodes).

SH-123: 49 Serlal Processor: same as above pus buit in Rasic for oftline monito ing, lopging, decision making, elc. 5 P-127:\$199 Use SA-12 or SP-12 with modems for remote data acquisilion Motherboard: Hodds up to 5 A-BUS cards in suridy duminum Trame with card guides. A sixth connedor allows (using cables CA161: \$12) soditional Maherbosards 10 be added. ME-120: \$108 Power Supply: Power pack tor up to 4 cards. PS-125: $\$ 12$

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ALPHA Productis
242-W West Avenue, Darien, CT 06820

This new version of Amortize includes an overlay window that prompls you to decide if you want a hard copy of the amottization table．You must have the／$p$ driver in your boot，and the inkey and runt
modules must be in your CMDS directory in order for the program to work．If your table is a long one，use tmode－pause so the table does not scroll by you．In the print mode the program advances the paperevery 40 lines．
（Questions or conments concerning this utility may be directed to the author at 11518 East Wimbley Court，Cevvitos，CA 90701．Please enclose an SASE when re－ questing a reply．）

| 9497 | INPUT B | 6957 | PRINT 非path USING＂S14＞＂，＂0．0日゙＂ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 94AC | REM＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊ | \＄968 | C1－IT |
| 94CE | REM Calculate monthly interest rate | 0973 | GOSUB 606 |
| 04 FD |  | 0977 | GOSUB 700 |
| 0512 | $D=(1+M / Q) \times(Q / 5)-1$ | 097B | PRINT Hpath |
| 0530 | REM＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊ | 0981 | PRINT 非ath．＂Total interest paid |
| 054 C | REM Calculate single payments |  | ：C1\＄ |
| 0568 | RFM＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊ | 69BA | TI＝Ø |
| 8584 | $\mathrm{F}-\left(1-(1+D){ }^{\wedge}(-(S) * B)^{\wedge}-1^{\star} \mathrm{D}^{\star} \mathrm{A}\right.$ | 6962 | 1T＝0 |
| 6， 5 AB | Cl－F | 69 CA | REM＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊ |
| 0583 | GDSUB 60\％ | bet 6 | REM Wait until key is pressed |
| 0587 | F \＄＝C15 | QAbz | REM $\begin{aligned} & \text {＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊}\end{aligned}$ |
| 058 F | Cl－A | OA1E | WHILE CHAR＝＂＇00 |
| $05 C 7$ | GOSUB 600 | GAzA | RUN inkey（CHAR） |
| 65CB | A\＄－CI\＄ | 9 934 | ENDWHILE |
| 0503 | SHELL＂display bc＂ | －A38 | REM＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊ |
| 65 E1 20 | REM | 0 A5 7 | REM Shift froll printer to screen |
| 85E7 | PF－1 | 0476 | REM＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊ |
| 65EE | gosub 710 | 0.895 | IF HC＝1 THEN |
| B5F2 | DC－A | OAA1 | PRINT ifpath |
| B5FA | WY $=$［0］ | DAA7 | ENDIF |
| 0601 | REM＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊ | ©AA9 | IF HC－1 THEN |
| 960E | REM Start loop | QAB5 | CLOSE 非ath |
| 061 B | REM＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊ | QABE | EMDIF |
| 0629310 | FOR Y $=W Y+1$ TO WY＋10 | QABC | IF HC－I THEN |
| 0644 | $\mathrm{HM}=0 \mathrm{C} \times \mathrm{D}$ | OAC9 | pathel |
| 0650 | CI $=\mathrm{HM}$ | aAdz | IF $\mathrm{HC}=1$ THEN |
| 0658 | GO゙らUB 6ต¢ | QADE | IF $\mathrm{HC=O}$ |
| Q656 | HMs＝C15 | OADE | $\xrightarrow{\text { HCmb }}$ |
| 0664 | RT $=\mathrm{F}-\mathrm{HM}+$＋ 000325 | bAE5 | ENDIF |
| 0677 | C1－RT | GAE7 | GOTO 750 |
| 6657 | G0SUB 600 | OAEB 530 | CC＝ CF |
| 0683 | RT\＄$=$ C 1 \＄ | OAF6 | NEXT Y |
| 0688 | LF＝0C－RT | OBE1 | IF $5 * 8>Y$ THEN 570 |
| 0697 | C1－LF | 9 B 15 | G0T0 310 |
| 0695 | G0540 606 | 570 | $-W Y+10$ |
| 0 A3 | L．F\＄－C1\＄ | 0827 | G0T0 310 |
| 06 A | G0SUB 680 | 9828600 | REM $\begin{gathered}\text { atk } \\ \text { R }\end{gathered}$ |
| 06AF | Cl－Y | 0 BFO | REM Round out to two decimal places |
| （6B88 | GOSUB 640 | 0872 |  |
| 06BC | TI＝1NT（100＊HM＋．5）／160 | $9 \mathrm{B94}$ | $\mathrm{C} 2=1 \mathrm{NT}\left(100^{* *} \mathrm{C} 1+5\right) / 100$ |
| 1604 | IT $=1 T+$ I | 9BAC | C1\＄－＂\＄＂＋STR\＄（C2） |
| O6E0 | PRINT 非path US［NG＂§14＞＂，C1\＄，F\＄．HM\＄，RT\＄．LF\＄ | 9889 | IF C2－INT（C2）THEN |
| 0701 | $\mathrm{PF}=\mathrm{PF}+1$（ | QBCT | C1\＄－C1\＄＋＂00＂ |
| Q70c | REM＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊ | QBD4 | ENDIF |
| $0 / 24$ | REM Check for end of page | 8B06 | RETURN |
| $0 / 35$ | REM＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊ | 6BD8 640 | CL\＄－STRS（C1） |
| 0754 | IF PFY33 AND HC－1 THEN | OBEA |  |
| 0767 | GOSld 720 | QBE6 | REM＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊ |
| 的䂙 | ENDIF | OBFD |  |
| 0760 |  | 6C14 | REM＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊ |
| 0796 | REM is balance smaller then single payment | 0 CL 2 B 660 | JF\＄＝RIGHT\＄（F\＄．3） |
| 07BF |  | BC39 | IG\＄＝LEFT\＄（JF\＄，1） |
| 07 E 8 | IF LF＞－F THEN 530 | $0 \mathrm{C4} 4$ | IF IG\＄く＞＂．＂THEN |
| 67F8 | REM＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊ | OC51 | F\＄＝F\％＋＂鸟＂ |
| 9810 | REM Check for end of page | 9C50 | ENDIF |
| 9828 | REM＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊ | 065F | RETURN |
| 9848 | $1 F$ PF＞33 ANO HC－1 THEN | －6．57 ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { REM } \\ & \text { JF } \$ \text { RIGHT } \$(H M \$ 3) \end{aligned}$ |
| 0853 | CNOSUB 720 | OL72 | IG\＄$=$ LEFT\＄（JF\＄．1） |
| 0859 | $\begin{array}{rl}\text { E } \\ Y & Y+1\end{array}$ | BC70 | IF JG\＄く＞＂．＂THEN |
| 0864 | REM＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊ | 0c8A |  |
| 0876 | REM Print last line | 0696 | ENDIF |
| 0888 | REM＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊ | 0698 | JF\＄－RIGHT\＄（RT\＄，3） |
| 089A | HM＝LF＊D | 0 CA 3 | IG\＄－LEFT\＄（JF\％，1） |
| 98A6 | RT＝LF－HM | OCAE | IF 1G\＄く＞＂＂THEN |
| 9882 | Cl － Y | 日CBB | RT\＄－RT \＄＋＂${ }_{\text {RNDIF }}$ |
| 98BB | G0SUB 640 | OCCC | ENFS－RIGHT\＄（LFs 3） |
| 088 F | PRINT MFdith USING＂S14＞＂，61\＄． | OCCO | JF $\$$－RIGAT $(L$ F $\$, 3)$ <br> IG\＄－LEFT $(\mathrm{JF} \$ .1$ ） |
| 9801 |  | OCDF | IF IG\＄く＞＂．＂THEN |
| ด8F1 | GOSUB 700 | OCEC | LF\＄＝LF\＄＋＂G＂ |
| 0855 | PRINT 非path USING＂S14＞＂．C1\％， | QCFP | ENDIF |
| 087 | $\mathrm{IT}=\mathrm{IT}+\mathrm{INT}(100 * H M+.5) / 100^{\circ}$ | DCFA | RETURN |
| 0913 | CJ－HM | QCFC 700 | JF\＄＝RIGHT\＄（C1\＄，3） |
| 091 B | GOSUB 690 | DDOA | IG\＄LEFT\＄（JF\＄，1） |
| 091 F | GOSUB 700 | Q015 | IF 16\＄くゝ＂M THEN |
| 0923 | PRINT 非ath USING＂S14＞＂．C1\＄． | 0022 |  |
| 0935 | C1－LF | 2036 | RETURN |
| 9930 | GOSUB 600 | 0036 | REM＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊＊ |
| 0941 | GOSUB 700 | 0.32 | REM REM Print Heading |
| 0945 | PRINT \＃path U\＄ING＂\＄14＞＂＇C1\＄． | 0042 | REM Print Heading |

```
0052 REM *************
QD62 710 PRINT fpath, "The Amortization Table rollows for a ": As: " loan at "
                JU:
OCAB PRINT 恝path," percent annually. "
ODC5 PRINT #path,"for "; B; " years ("; 5*B; " payments): "
QOF8 PRINT #path
ODFE GOSUB 66G
QE日2 REM print 非path," Installment amount:"-F$
OE2A PRINT 笇path}
```



```
    ,"outstanding"
OE77 PRINT 非ath USING "S14>"," Number "."Payment","On Debt ","On Princ "
```



```
OFO8 RETURN
9FOA REM *************t*******
OF3B REM **********************
F20 TOR NP-0 T0 25
F62 PRINT 非path
OFGS NEXT NP
0F73 GOSUB 710
0F77 PF=1
OF7E RETURN
0Fg0 REM ********************
OF96 REM Open overlay window
QFAC REM ********************
FC2 }750\mathrm{ SHELL "display lb 3d 01"
F09 SHELL"display ib 22 O1 C 8 30 B 02 00 00"
FFF REM **************
1010 REM chonse options
1021 REM *
1034 PRINT " Enter <1> for a hard copy"
1055 PRINT
1058 PRINT " Enler <2> for enother calculation"
1082 PRINT " ERINT " Enter <3> to quit+"
094 PRINT " Enter <3> to quit."
109E PRINT " %
10Ag INPUT Z
```

10AE REM **********t*********
10C5 REM Close overlay window
10C5 REM Close overlay window
10 F 3 SHELL "display 10 23"
1104 SHELL "display ib 3d ตあ"
1118 ONZ GOTO 800. 10.1000
112 C REM *******************
1143 REM Open path to printer
115 A REM $* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * t * *$
1171 800 $\mathrm{HC}=1$
117 B path=2
1182 OPEN ipath,"/P":WRITE
18 F G0T0 20
1193 REM ************
11 Al REM Emd program
11AF REM **木****k***
11BD 100 SHELL "display oc"
11 CE END

## Corrections

＂Five－Column Directories＂（March 1989，Page 80）：To pre－ vent errors when listing mulitiple directories change THENSELSE in Line 10 to THENRUNELSE．
＂Key Ahead，Part II＂（August 1989，Page 14）：In the com－ mand sequence on Page 18，change 12200 in the fourth line to 12300.

In Listing 2 on Page 20，change 179 in Line 260 to 79：

```
260 DATA 128,48,141,0,83,191,160
.218,191,247.129,191,165,105,134
.79,26,142
```

＂The Black Box＂（August 1989，Page 26）：The listing on Page 28 in the second column has a smudge．Line 660 should read：

660 DRAh＂BM80．184C2＂INUM $\$$（MV）

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Look, Dad! Look at what the postman just brought us - another two million dollars!

Well, Johnny, not really, We're actually just the recipients of a never-ending bombardment of sweepstakes junk mail. In fact our chances of winning are improbable.

What does "improbable" mean."
It means "probably not."
Then we probably won't win the two million dollars?

Right.
Why?
How would you explain the idea of probability to an inquisitive youngster? You could flip a coin, observing how many heads or tails occur in a set number of trials. Or you could use the three-cups-and-a-bal! trick.

Chidren leam about this concept in elementary school. As they get older, the concept of probability is broadened using verbal math problems. Many of us continue to study, if not defy, the idea of probabilities well into out adult lives by betting on lotteries, card playing, bingo and other forms of gambling.

Steve Blyn teaches both exceptional and gifted children, holds two master's degrees, and has won awards for the design of programs to aid the handicapped. He owns Computer Islandandlives in Staren Island, New York.

## Taking your chances . . . .

## Probability

By Steve Blyn Rainbow Contributing Editor

My program presents an exercise in becoming familiar with the laws of probability. It presents a wheel with 12 letters on it. The student is asked to determine the probability of a certain letter or combination of letters occurring on the next spin.

To add interest, some of the letters are red, some blue. This gives more flexibility to the questions. Sometimes the probability of one type of letter is asked for, and other times the probability of either of two types of letters is asked for.

Since there are 12 possible places for a spinner to land, each answer always begins in twelfths. The solution is reached by counting the correct occurrences and using that number as the numerator of a fraction with 12 as the denominator. As in other
math problems, fractions should be reduced to lowest terms. For example, the probability that ar any hour the little hand of a clock will be at 3 is $1 / 12$. The probability that it will be at 3 or 4 is $2 / 12$, which is $1 / 6$ after reduction.

Although this program could easily have been written in low resolution, I felt that a Hi-Res program is more effective for a program that relates to fractions. You therefore need to create or use Hi-Res letters and numbers. Lines 50 through 290 contain the strings to draw the letters and numbers needed in this program. The script letters are compliments of Joseph Kolar. Lines 300 through 370 draw the wheel. Lines 500 through 610 draw the letters within the wheel.

Lines 640 through 710 randomly select the question and tell the computer the correct answer, which is represented by $z \$$. The student inputs his answer by pressing the letter preceding the correct answer on the screen. The program proceeds to the next question only after a correct response is given and is ended by pressing 9.

I have included a variety of sample questions: they are by no means the only possible questions that can be used for this particular letter wheel. You can study the program and modify it to ask other questions of your own design. If you are really adventurous, you can change the letters and questions to construct a follow-up program of your own.

The listing: PROBABLE

```
10 REM"PROBABILITY"
20 REM "STEVE BLYN,COMPUTER ISLA
ND,STATEN ISLAND,NY,1989"
30 CLEAR1000:J-RND(-TIMER): PMODE
3,1:PCLS:SCREEN 1,1:COLOR 6
40 REM"STRINGS FOR LETTERS AND N
UMBERS BY J. KOLAR"
50 BB$="BRNR2HNGU3NHER2FGNL3FDGB
R2"
60 CC $="BU5F2M+3,-1HL2G2D2FR3NEB
R2"
70 DD$="BU4BRD4LURFR2EU3HL3GBD4B
R5"
80 FF$="BU2NF2NRBU2ER3NRGDNLNRD2
GBR3"
90 A$="RU2ERFDNFGLHBDBR4"
100 B$="RE2U3HGD4RFREUNLRBD2"
110 C$=*RU2ERTBD2L2|BDBR3"
120 D %="RU2ERFDGLHBR3U4HGDFBDBFF
130 E$="RE2HGF2R"
140 F$="RE3UHGD6FEUHNLEBD"
150 H$=*RE3UHGD3NDBEFDR"
```

```
160 L$="BRRE2U3HGD4FR"
170 N$="RENDUNUEFD2R"
180 0$="BEUERFDGLHBDBR4"
190 R$="REU2FRD2R"
200 S$="REU2F2GNHR2"
210 |$="RENU2FENU2F"
220 0$="BU3BRUERFDGBDDBR2"? MAR
K
230 X$="BR5"'SPACE
240 A1$-"BU4BR2ED5BR2"
250 A2$="BU4ER2FDGL3D2R4BR2"
260 A3$="BU4ER2FGNL2FDGL2NHBR6"
270 A4$="BR3U5G3R4BD2BR3"
280 A5$="BU5NR4D2R3FDGNL3BR4"
290 A6$="BU5BRNR3GD3FR2EUHL2GBD2
BR7'"
300 COLOR 8:CIRCLE (128,55),52:C0
LOR 6:CIRCLE (128,55).50
310 CIRCLE (128,55),6:PAINT (128,5
5),6,6
320 LINE(128,5)-(128,105).PSET
330 LINE (78,55)-(178,55),PSET
340 LINE(100,14)-(154,95),PSET
```

$350 \operatorname{LINE}(85,32)-(172,78), \operatorname{PSET}$
360 LINE (160.95)-(154,14), PSET
370 LINE $(85.78)-(172,32)$, PSET
380 COLOR 7:LINE $(0,133)-(255.135$
), PSET,BF:COLOR 6
390 DRAW"S8BM30.155"+A. $\$+X \$+X \$+X$
$\$+A 1 \$+\mathrm{X} \$+\mathrm{X} \$+\mathrm{X} \$+\mathrm{A} \$$
400 DRAW $+X \$+X \$+X \$+A 1 \$+X \$+X \$+X \$+A$ $2 \$$
410 DRAW"S8BM30.175"+A2\$+X\$+X\$+X \$+A3 \$
420 DRAW"BM110. $175^{\prime \prime}+\mathrm{A} 4 \$+X \$+X \$+X \$$
$+A 6 \$+X \$+X \$+A 3 \$$
430 DRAW"BM30.160:R8BR12R8BR12R8
BR12R8BR10R8"
440 DRAW"C7S4BM23,143"+A1\$
450 DRAW"BM63.143"+A2\$
460 DRAW"BM103.143"+A3\$
470 DRAW"BM143.143"+A4\$
480 DRAW"BM183,143"+A5\$
490 REM"DRAW THE LETTERS"
500 DRAW"S8C6BM134,23"+BB\$
510 DRAW"BM152,36"+FF\$
520 DRAW"BM163,50"+DD\$
530 DRAW"C8BM162.70"+BB\$
540 DRAW"C6BM150,85"+BB $\$$
550 DRAW"BM135,95"+BB\$
560 DRAW"BM112,95"+CC $\$$
570 DRAW"BM97.84"+BB\$
580 DRAW"C8BM86.70"+FF\$
590 DRAW"C6BM86,52"+DD\$

```
600 DRAW"C8BM98,35"+BB$
6 1 0 \text { DRAW"BM112,23"+DO\$}
620 COLOR 5:LINE (0,105)-(255.130
),PSET,BF:COLOR 6:X=RND(8)
630 DRAW"C6S8BM20,124"+CC$+H$+A$
+N$+C$+E$+S$+X$+0$1\Gamma$+X$+A$+X$
64\emptyset IF X=1 THEN Y$=BB$+X $+0$:Z$=
"1"
650 IF X=2 THEN Y $-DD $+X$+Q$:Z$=
"3"
660 IF X=3 THEN Y $=FF $+X$+Q$::Z$
="4"
670 IF X=4 THEN Y$=BB$+X$+0$+R$+
X$+FF$+X$+Q$:Z$="5"
680 IF X=5 THEN Y $=CC $+X$+0$+R$+
X$+DD$+X$+Q$:Z$="2"
690 IF X-6 THEN Y$-R$+E$+D$+X$+Q
$:2$="2"
700 IF X=7 THEN Y $=R$+E$+D$+X$+B
B$+X$+0$:Z$="4"
710 IF X=8 THEN Y $=B$+L$+U$+E$+X
$+Q$:Z$="5"
720 DRAW + Y$
730 EN$=INKEY$
740 IF EN$=Z$ THEN PLAY"03L32CDE
GFEDCEGFEDC":GOTO 620
750 IF EN$="" THEN 730
760 IF EN$="9" THEN 780
770 IF EN$<>Z$ THEN PLAY"02L20F非
F#":GOTO 73\emptyset
780 CLS:END
```

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## For snooping around inside your programs



## By Kirk Goodell

Disk Blaster is a handy little program for those who need to patch disk programs of peek around on an Adventures disk for commands and clues. I originally wrote it because I needed an easy way to patch VIP Witer, Ghana Bwana, Trivia Fever and the like to run on the CoCo 3 . After hacking on my effort for a few days, I realized that with a little more work, I would have something good enough to share with fellow CoCoists.

During development 1 played with various screen formats, but could not come up with one smaller than 80 columns upon which I could fit everything I wanted - not even the semi-supported 64-column screen. Those of you without decent monitors can modify the program to use a smaller, more readable screen and display a half-sector at a time.

The next thing I added in the development was the ability to search for a word in addition to just a byte, which made it a

[^1]
lot easier to
upgrade disks to CoCo 3
compatibility. This usually involves changing \$FF00 to $\$$ FEOO. Next I realized I needed direct disk I/O to access more than 35 tracks and non-standard sectors.

My last design decision involved the Sector Print option. I decided not to make the baud rate a menu item since I was rapidly running out of menu space. You must set up the baud rate for yourself just once before you run the program for the first time. (The best idea is to put the baud rate poke in the first line of the program.)

Enough about development - let's
talk about features. The program is fully error-trapped, including disk 1/O. - Error messages are written on the status line (Line 24) of the screen. You can also access any OS-9 disks. (Hint: Try looking for the directory on Track 0.) The program searches an entire disk in about three minutes (the program runs at double speed except during disk I/O and printer output). You can access Drive 0 through 3 , Track 0 through 39, and Sector 1 through 255. You can search for a byte or a word by entering the Hex value or the character equivalent(s) preceded by quotation marks. While examining a sector, you can modify any bytes in the sector and/or dump the sector to your printer. The progran warns you if you make a change to a sector and try to leave it without first writing it back to the disk.

The Sector Print option is very useful for tracing a program on the disk. First dump the FAT (File Allocation Table), Ttack 17. Sector 2 . Then dump the directory, Track 17, Sector 3. 4, etc. With this information on paper and the technical information chapter in your Disk BASIC manual, following a program on the disk is fairly easy.

Unfortunately along with features come limitations. The screen update is slow due to graphics-generated text and
the construction of the Hex values and printable character strings. A decent monitor is also needed in order to read the 80 -column screen. (A CM-8 is a little fuzzy; a Magnavox 8CM5 55 or an NEC Multisync looks super.) The best results are probably achieved with a monochrome monitor. Finally, you cannot change track numbers. sector numbers, CRCs or any other control bytes. This requires track I/O as opposed to sector $1 / 0$, and I have not figured out how to do this yet!

Although the program is menu-driven and self-explanatory, a few notes are in order. You can enter uny sector from I to 255 for the Read optiun. Huwever, the Find option defaults to 1 to 18 for each track scanned. For the Change option the byte number to be changed must be entered in Hex, but don't precede the number with \&H. To enter the new value, you may enter the Hex value or the character having that value, preceded by either a single or double quotation mark. (If you want to change a byte to 41 Hex, you can enter 41, 'A or "A.) For the Find option you can search for a byte or a word; the value can be Hex or character as in the Change oplion. (To search for IJ, enter 494A, "IJ or "IJ.)

This program is not designed to allow
you to crack or clone protected software, but it is one of my most useful utilities. At the very least, I have upgraded some stuff to work on the $\operatorname{CoCo} 3$, and I have rediscovered my Adventures games!
(Questions or comments concerning this willty may be directed to the author at 805 College Hill Road. Apt. 76, Oxford, MS 38655. Please enclose an SASE when requesting a reply.)


## The listing: BLASTER

- COPYRIGHT 1989 FALSOFT.INC 10 ONERRGOIO1590:WIDTH80:CLS:CLE AR1000:B\$-STRING $\$(128, \cdots "): A s=S T$ RING\$(128." "):DIMPC\$(20):DR=0:T $R=0: S C=1: W G=0: 0 K-D:$ POKE\&HFF9A, $\varnothing$ 'BLACK BORDER
20 LOCATE21,1:PRINT"CAPTAIN KIR K'S COCO3 DISK BLASTER":GOSUB 40:GOT050

30. UPDATE DRIVE, TRACK. SECTOR

HEADING

```
40 LOCATE21, 3:PRINT"DRIVE";DR:"
    TRACK "::PRINTUSING"非";TR;
:PRINT" SECTOR ";:PRINTUSIN
G"非":SC:RETURN
50 LOCATEO.22:PRINT" <D>RIVE <T
>RACK <S>ECTOR <R>EAD <W`RLTE
    <P>RINT <C>HANGE <F>INO <Q>
UIT":
60 LDCATED.22
70 K$=INKEY*:IFK$-"D"THENOP-1ELS
EIFK$-"T"THENOP=2ELSEIFK$="S"THE
NOP=3ELSEIFK$="R"THENOP=4ELSEIFK
$="W"THENOP=5ELSEIFK$="P"THENOP=
6ELSEIFK$="C"THENOP=7ELSEIFK$="F
"THENOP=8ELSEIFK$="Q"THENOP=9ELS
E70
80 'OPTION: DRV,TRK,SEC,RED,WRT
,PRT,CHG,FAD, QUIT
90 ONOP GOSUB120,170,220.280.410
.550.590.770.1610
100 GOT060
110 'CHANGE DRIVE
120 GOSUB1010:IFWG THEN150
130 LOCATE28.3:K$=INKEY$:IFK$="0
"THEN0=0ELSEIFK$="1"THEND=1ELSEI
FK$="2"THEND=2ELSEIFK$="3"THEND=
3ELSE130
140 IFDK>DR THENOK=\emptyset:DR-D:GOSUB4
0
```


## The Seventh Link



This program is quite simply the best role-playing adventure the CoCo has ever seen. You must build a chatacter who will adventure as your aller-ego through wild lands. wathe fieree monsters, sail treacherous
scas. travel to oiher worlds and adventure through the dismal Passages of Elira's many dungeons.
These dungeons are the visual highlight of the program. Picsented ia high speed 16 -colour 3D, and full of monsters ladders. pis and water: flooded rooms and doors, chests and healing tonts, they will kecp you wandenngs and woudering for many
Fascinating hours.
Of coutse. you will aced lo arm and provision yourself first, and perhaps find friends to accompany you withinin the many castes you will lind amongst the isfands of Elira.
The piathage includes three discs, a 30 -page manuart. \& maps. aquich reference card and a strp of sinulalect supercondsctor wre.

## Price: $\$ 38$ US/ $\$ 48$ Cdn

> kegures: 1285 Coco3. 1-40 Hach drive (Yout RS drive is capable of to trachs if il's net an old grey one.)

and betder outside graphics!
Hin Book (20 pgs, dngn/toum mafs. clues etc) :55.50. Books


## Studio Works

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150 RETURN
160 ＇CHANGE TRACK
170 GOSUB1010：IFWG THEN200
180 LOCATE41，3：INPUTT：IF（T＜0）OR
T＞39）THENLOCATE41．3：PRLNT＂＂：
6070180
190 IFT＜＜TR THENOK $=0:$ TR $=T: G O S U B 4$ 0
200 RETURN
210 ＇CHANGE SECIOR
220 GOSUB1010：IFWG THEN250
230 LOCATE56．3：INPUTS：IF（S $\angle 1$ ）OR（
S＞255）THENLOCATE56．3：PRINT＂＂；
：G0T0230
240 IFSくゝSC THENNOK＝め：SC＝S
250 GOSUB 40
260 RETURN
270 ＇READ SECTOR
280 GOSUB1010：IFWG THEN320
290 LOCATE30．22：DP 256 सPEEK（ 8 HCD Ø6）+ PEEK（ 8 HCD07）：POKEDP ， 2 ：POKEDP ＋1，OR：POKEDP +2 ，TR：POKEDP +3 ，SC：AA $=\operatorname{VARPTR}(A \$): \operatorname{POKEDP}+4, \operatorname{PEEK}(A A+2)$ ： POKEDP 5 ．PEEK $(A A+3)$ ：POKE65496， 0 ：
EXEC256＊PEEK（\＆HCDO4）＋PEEK（\＆HCDO5 ）：POKE65497，D：ER＝PEEK（DP＋6）：IFER －DTHEN310
300 LOCATE2，23：PRINT＂＊＊＊DISK RE AD ERROR－－＂；：GOSUB450
310 IFOP－4THENGOSUB340
320 RETURN
330 ＇DISPLAY SECTOR CONTENTS
340 ROW $=5$ ：LOCATE $, 5:$ OK $=-1$ ：FORSN $=$ 1T02：IFSN－1THENS $\$-A \$ E L S E S \$-B \$$
$350 \mathrm{~B}=1$ ：FORLP $=1 \mathrm{TO}: \mathrm{BS}=(\mathrm{SN}-1) * 128$ ＋B－1：PRINT＂＂；：IFBS＜16THENPRINT ＂の＂；
360 PRINTHEX（BS）：：PRINT＂：＂：：F ORBY＝B TO15＋B：PRINT＂＂：：BV＝ASC（M ID\＄（\＄\＄．BY．1））：IFBY＜16THENPRINT＂

370 PRINTHEX $\$(B V):$ ：IFINT（BY／4）＊4 －BY THENPRINT＂＂：
380 IFINT $(B Y / 8) * 8=B Y$ THENPRINT＂
390 NEXT：PRINT＂＂：：PC $\$($ ROW $)=" ": F$ ORBY - B T015＋B：CD＝ASC（MID\＄（S\＄，BY， 1））： $\operatorname{GOSUB} 710: \operatorname{PC} \$(R O W)=P C \$(R O W)+C$ HR\＄（CD）：NEXT：PRINTPC $\$$（ROW）：ROW＝R $0 \mathrm{~W}+1: \mathrm{Bm} \mathrm{B}+16$ ： NEXTLP ：NEXTSN：RETURN 400 ＇WRITE SECTOR
410 LOCATE38．22：DP－256＊PEEK（ $8 H C D$ ©6）+ PEEK（ 8 HCO07）：POKEDP 3 ：POKEDP ＋1，DR：POKEDP＋2．TR：POKEDP＋3．SC：AA $-\operatorname{VARPTR}(A \$)$ ：POKEDP +4 ．PEEK $(A A+2)$ ： POKEDP＋5，PEEK（AA＋3）：POKE65496，©： EXEC256＊PEEK（ 8 HCDO 4$)+\mathrm{PEEK}(\& \mathrm{HCO} 55$ ）：POKE65497，©：ER－PEEK（DP＋6）：1FER －DTHENWG $=0$ ：GOTO430
420 LOCATE2．23：PRINT＂＊＊＊DISK WR ITE ERROR－－＂：：GOSUB45

## 430 RETURN

440 ＇DISPLAY DISK ERROR
450 IFER＝4THENPRINT＂LOST DATA＂：
460 IFER＝8THENPRINT＂CRC ERROR＂；
470 IFER－16THENPRINT＂SEEK ERROR／ SECTOR NOT FOUND＂：
480 IFER＝32THENPRINT＂WRITE FAULT
490 IFFR＝64THENPRINT＂WRITE PROTE CT＂：
500 IFER＝128THENPRINT＂DRIVE NOT READY＂：
510 IF（ERく＞4）AND（ERく＞8）AND（ERく＞1

6）AND（ERく32）AND（ERく）64）AND（ERく） 128）THENPRINT＂MULTIPLE ERRORS！＂； 520 PRINT＂－－PRESS〈ENTER〉＊＊＊＊ ；：SOUND150，5
530 IFINKEY $\$<>C H R \$(13)$ THEN530ELS ELOCATE2，23：PRINTSTRING\＄（77，＂＂） i ：RETURN
540 ＇PRINT SECTOR
550 LOCATE30．23：ATTRO．0．B：PRINT＂ ＊＊＊PRINTING＊＊＊＂；：ATTR日，D：POKE6 $5496.0: \mathrm{R}=0$ ： $\mathrm{FOR}[=442848 \mathrm{~T} 04457285 \mathrm{~T}$ EP2：A＝LPEEK（I）：R＝R＋1：A＝A AND127： IFA＞95THENA＝A－64
560 PRINT非－2，CHR $\$(A) ;:$ IFR $>79$ THEN PRINT非－2：R＝0
570 NEXT：PRINT\＃－2：POKE65497，0：LO CATE30．23：PRINT＂
＂：：RETURN
580 ＇CHANGE BYTE
590 IFNOTOK THEN700ELSELOCATE64， 22：PRINT＂BYTE 排＂：：PRINTCHR\＄（8）； ：GOSUB1120＇gO ACCEPT A HEX VALU E
60Ø IF（DV＜0）OR（OV）255）THEN690
610 NB $=$ DV：IFNBく128THENVA－ASC（MID $\$(A \$, N B+1,1)$ ）ELSEVA－ASC（MIO\＄（B\＄， NB -127.1 ）＇SAVE ORIG VAIIIF IN C ． ASE OF CHANGE－ABORT
620 ATTR0．0．B：G0SUB1650
630 LOCATE64，22：PRINT＂T0
：LOCATE67，22：G0SUB1120 GO ACCEP T A HEX VALUE
640 IF（DV＜0）OR（DV＞255）THEN68DELS EVA＝DV：NG＝－1
650 IFNB 7 127THEN670
$660 \mathrm{MLD} \$(\mathrm{~A} \$, \mathrm{NB}+1,1)=\mathrm{CHR} \$(\mathrm{VA}): G 0 T$ 0680

680 GOSUB1050
690 LOCATE64，22：PRINT＂〈F〉INQ＂；
700 RETURN
710 ＇IF CD IS NOT A PRINTABLE CH aracter．REplace it with a perio D
720 IFCD＜32THENCD＝46
730 IF（CD＞96）AND（CD＜96）THENCD－46 740 IFCD $>127$ THENCD $=46$
750 RETURN
760 ＇FIND A BYTE OR WORD
770 GOSUB1010：IFWG THEN990
780 LOCATE55，22：PRINT＂FINO VALUE ＂：LOCATE66．22：GOSUB1300
790 IFWD $=$＂＂THEN98日
800 GT＝TR：GS＝SC
810 LOCATE55．22：PRINT＂START TRAC K＂：LOCATE67，22：TNPUTST：IE（ST＜由）O R（ST＞34）THEN810
820 LOCATE55．22：PRINT＂START SECT 0R＂：LOCATE67，22：INPUTSS：TF（SS＜1） OR（SS）18）THEN82＠
830 LOCATE55．22：PRINT＂END TRACK ＂：LOCATE67，22：INPUTET：IF（ETくめ）OR （ET＞34）OR（ET＜ST）THEN830
840 EOCATE55．22：PRINT＂END SECTO R＂：LOCATE67．22：INPUTES：IF（ES＜1）0 R（ES＞18）OR（ $(S T=E T)$ AND（ES $\langle S S$ ））THE N840
850 LOCATE55．22：PRINT＂S E A R C H I N G＂：：FORTR－ST TDET：FORSC＝SS TOES：G0SUB40：G0SUB28．$:$ PA－INSTRG $1, A \$, W D \$): P B=I N S T R(1, B \$, W D \$): P C=$ פ：IF（LEN（WO\＄）－2）AND（RIGHT\＄（A\＄．1） －LEFT $\$(W D \$, 1)$ AND（LEFT\＄（B\＄．1）－RI GHT $\$(W D \$, 1)$ THENPC＝1
$860 \mathrm{IF}(\mathrm{PA}=0) \mathrm{AND}(\mathrm{PB}=\mathrm{O}) \mathrm{AND}(\mathrm{PC}=0) \mathrm{TH}$ EN950ELSEGT＝TR：GS＝SC：GOSUB340 870 IFPA＝0THEN900ELSEIK＝0 B80 $\mathrm{NB}=\mathrm{PA}-1$ ： $\mathrm{VA}=\mathrm{ASC}(\operatorname{LEFT} \$(\mathrm{WD} \$, 1))$ ：ATTR $0,0, B:$ G0SUB1050：IFLEN（WD $\$)=$ 2THENNB－NB＋1：VA－ASC（RIGHT\＄（WD才． 1 ））：ATTR $0,0, \mathrm{~B}: \operatorname{GOSUB} 1050$
890 IX - PA＋LEN（WD $\$$ ）：PA－INSTR（IX．A \＄．WD \＄）：IFPA＞OTHEN88
 B＝127：VA－ASC（LEFT\＄（WD\＄．1））：ATTRO ， $0 . B:$ GOSUB1050：IFLEN（WD\＄）＝2THENN $B=N B+1 ; V A=A S C(R I G H T \$(W D \$, 1)): A T T$ R $0,0, B: G 0 S U B 1050$
910 IFFB＝ØTHEN940ELSEIX＝Ø
$920 \mathrm{NB}=127+\mathrm{PB}: \mathrm{VA}=\mathrm{ASC}(\mathrm{LEFT} \$(W D 4,1$ ））：ATTR0，©．B：G0SUB1950：IFLEN（WD\＄ $)=2$ THENNB $=N B+1: V A=A S C(R I G H T \$(W D \$$ ，1））：ATTRQ，© B：GOSUB1050
930 IX－PB＋LEN（WD\＄）：PB－INSTR（IX，B

940 LOCATE55，22：PRINT＂CONTINUE S EARCH ？＂；
950 K $\$=$ INKEY $:$ ：IFK $\$=$＂＇THEN950ELSE IFK\＄＝＂N＂THEN970ELSELOCATE55．22：P RINT＂S EARCH I NG＂；
9Кด NFXTSC．，TR
970 TR＝GT：SC＝GS：GOSUB30
989 LOCATE55．22：PRINT＂〈C＞HANGE ＜F〉IND＜0〉UIT＂
990 RETURN
1000 ＇WARN USER IF SECTOR CHANGE MADE BLIT NOT WRITTEN
1010 IFWG THENLOCATES，23：PRINT＂＊ ＊＊WARNING－－SECTOR CHANGE BUFF ER NOT WRITTEN－－OKAY ？＂：：SOUN 0150．5ELSE1030
$1020 \mathrm{~K} \$-$ EAKEY $\ddagger$ ：I「K\＄－＂＂THIN1020CL SELOCATE8，23：PRINTSTRING\＄（70．＂＂ ）：：IFK\＄＝＂Y＂THENWG＝Ø

## 1030 RETURN

1040 ＇LOCATE THE VALUE AND PRINT
－CHARACTER OF A BYTE AND REFRESH THEM
$1050 \mathrm{ROW}=5: T B=\mathrm{NB}$
1060 IFTB $>15$ THENTB－TB－16：R0W＝ROW ＋1：G0T01060
1670 COL $=$ TB＊3＋8：IFTB＞3THENCOL $=C 0$ L＋1：IFTB＞7THENC0L－C0L＋2：IFTB＞11T HENCOL＝COL＋1
1080 LOCATECOL，ROW：IFVAく16THENPR INT＂${ }^{\circ}$＂；
1090 PRINTHEX $\$(\mathrm{VA})$ ；： $\mathrm{CD}=\mathrm{VA}:$ GOSUB 7 10：LOCATE62＋TB，ROW：PRINTCHR\＆（CD） ：：ATTR ，$\varnothing$ ：LOCATE63＋TB，ROW：PRINTR IGHT\＄（PCS（ROW）．15－TB）
1100 RETURN
1110 ＇HEX NUMBER ENTRY FROM OD T 0 FE．FRROR TRAP AND RETIIRN DEC． IMAL VALUE IN DV．USES XX，H N $\$$ ，AND LN $\$$ LOCALLY AS SCRATCH $V$ ARIABLES．
$1120 \mathrm{~K} \$=1$ NKEY $\$$ ：IFK $\$=\cdots$＂THEN112
1130 IFK $\$=$ CHR $\$$（ 13 ）THENDV $=999$ ：G0T 01280 SIGNAL CALLING CODE TO AB ORT
1140 PRINTK\＄；：HN\＄＝K\＄
$1150 \mathrm{~K} \$$－I NKEY $\$: I F K \$=\cdots$ THEN1150
1160 IFK $\$=$ CHR $\$(13)$ THENLN $\$-H N \$$ ：HN \＄＝＂Q＂：PRINT＂＂：：GOTO1220
1170 PRINTK $\$:$ ：IFK $\$=$ CHR $\$(8)$ THEN11 20
1180 LN\＄－K\＄
1190 K\＄＝INKEY\＄：IFK\＄＝＂THEN1190

1200 IFK $=$ CHR $\$(8)$ THENPRINTK $\$:!G 0$ T01150
1210 IFK\＄く＞CHR ${ }^{2}$（I3）THENI190
1220 IF（HN\＄$=\cdots \cdots$ ） $\operatorname{OR}(H N \$=$ CHR $\$(34))$ THENDV－ASC（LN\＄）：GOTO1280
1230 DV＝ASC（HN\＄）－48：IFDV＞9THENDV $=0 \vee-7$
1240 IF（DV＜6）ORCDW 15）THENPRINTC HR\＄（8）；CHR \＄（8）：：GOT01120
1250 DV $=$ 日V＊ 16 ：$X X=A S C(L N \$)-48:$ IFX $X>9$ THENXX $=X X-7$
1260 IF $(X X<\theta) O R(X X>15)$ THENPRINTC
HR\＄（8）：CHR\＄（8）：：GOT01129
$1270 \mathrm{DV}=\mathrm{DV}+\mathrm{XX}$
1200 RETURN
1290 ＇HEX STRING ENTRY FROM O TO FFFF
1300 WD\＄（1）$=$＂＂：WD\＄（2）＝＂＂：WD\＄（3）＝
＂＂：WD\＄（4）＝＂＂：I＝0
$1310 \mathrm{I}=\mathrm{I}+1$
1320 K\＄＝1NKEY\＄：IFK\＄＝＂＂THEN132日EL
SEIFK $\$=$ CHR $\$(13)$ THENNC -1 －1：GOTO13
30ELSEPRINTK\＄：：IFK\＄＝CHR\＄（8）THENI －I－1：G0T0132gELSEWD（I）－K $\$:$ IFIく4 THEN1310ELSENC＝4
1330 IF（WD\＄（1）＜＞＂＇＂）AND（WD\＄（1）く＞ CHR $\$(34)$ THEN1370
1340 IFNC＝ 3 THENWD $\$=W 0 \$(2)+W U \$(3)$ ：60T01570
1350 IFNC＝2THENWD\＄＝WO\＄（2）：GOT015 79
1360 VO－0：GOT01380
1376 VD－1：FORI－1TONC：IFINSTR\1． ＂0123456789ABCDEF＂，WD\＄（I））＝QTHEN

VD＝0：NEXTELSENEXT
1380 IFNOTVD THENFORI－1TONC：PRIN TCHR $\$(8)$ ；：NEXT：GOTO130＠
1390 I FNC＝OTHENWD\＄－＂：GOTO1570
1400 ONNG GOTO1410．1430．1460．150 $\square$
1410 HB\＄＝＂： $\mathrm{XX}=$ ASC（WD\＄（1））－48：IF
$X X>9$ THENXX＝XX－71420 LB $\$=$ CHR $(X X)$ ：G0T01560
1430 $H B \$="$ ：$X X=A S C(W D \$(1))-48: I F$ $X X>9$ THENXX $X-X X-7$
144の XY＝ASC（WD\＄（2））－48：IFXY＞9THE NXY－XY－7
145 L． 1460 XX - ASC（WD $(1))$－48：IFXX＞9THE NHB $\$=$ CHR $\$(X X-7) E L S E H B \$-C H R \$(X X)$ 1470 XX＝ASC（WO\＄（2））－48：IFXX＞9THE $\mathrm{NXX}=\mathrm{XX}-7$
1480 XY＝ASC（WD\＄（3））－48：IFXY）9THE NXY－XY－7
1490 LB $\$=$ CHR $\$(X X * 16+X Y)$ ：G0T01560 $1500 \mathrm{XX}-\mathrm{ASC}(W D \$(1))-48$ ；IFXX $>9$ THE NXX－XX－7
1510 XY＝ASC（WD\＄（2））－48：IFXY＞9THE $N X Y=X Y-7$
$1520 \mathrm{HB} \$=\mathrm{CHR} \$(X X * 16+X Y)$

1530 XX－ASC（WD\＄（3））－48：IFXX＞9THE NXX－XX－7
1540 XY＝ASC（WD\＄（4））－48：IFXY＞9THE NXY－XY－7
1550 LB $\$=$ CHR $\$(X X * 16+X Y$ ）
1560 WU\＄$=$ HB $\$+L B \$$
1570 RETURN
1580 ＇ERROR
1590 LOCATEO， $10:$ PRINT：PRINT＂ PROGRAM
E R R O R＂：PRINT：END
1600 ＇OUIT
1610 GOSUB1010：IFWG THENRETURNEL SEPOKE55496，D：END


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## Simple Upgrade?

Can I upgrade a 300 -baud modem to 1200 batd by some simple means, such as installing a differemt cystal? Can you recommend any shareware $O S-9$ terminal programs?

Kerry Whittemore Medicine Hat. Alberta

There is no way to upgrade a 300 -baud modem because the circuitry for all aspects of a 1200 -baud moden is completely diiferent from that of a 300 -baud modem. The only upgrade is to throw out the 300 -baud modem and buy a 1200 -baud one.

In Delphi's OS-9 SlG Telcom section are a number of newer programs that have the look and feel of Procomm, the most popular IBM shareware terminal program. These inelude Telstor and Jierm.

XCom9 (besure to get the version for the CoCo 3), also available on Delphi. is an older OS-9 terminal program that is tried and true. With some of these programs you must be careful that all of the terminal program is on disk in your CMDS directory in order for the program to work. You must have the to or ariapak driver in memory and be sure the RS-232 pack is in the correct slot of the Multi-Pak (in most cases this will be Slot 1). unless you are using a Y cable or have strapped the *CART pins of your Multi-Pak.

## Poking Lowercase Out of CoCo

How ran Iforce the 32-columm CoCo 3 sereen to display lowercase letters using pokes."

Bill Jackson, Sacramento, California

I just checked with Art Flexser, a master of BASIC on the CoCo 3 , and he informs me that you should use POKE \&H95C9, \&H57: POKE \&HFF22, \& 450 to get lowercase with a green border and substitute \&HI7 and \&H10 for the

Martin H. Goodmant. M.D.. a physician traned in anesthesiology, is a longtime electronics tinkerer and ourspoken commentator - sort of the Howard Cosell of the CoCo wortd. On Delphi, Marty is the SlGop of randbow's CoCo SIG and database manager of OS-9 Online. His noncomputer passions inchade rmaning . mowntainecring and outdoor photography. Marty lives in San Pablo. California.


CONSULTATIONS

## By Marty Goodman Rainbow Contributing Editor

\& H 7 and \& H 50 , respectively, if you want a black border.

## Screen Sparklies

Can you tell me how' to fix the "sparWhe" problem-those bits of snow I get on my screen during disk $1 / O$ under OS-9? Hou' can I get a spare GIME chip and how' much does it cost?

Jeff Beer
Cano, Massachusetts
1 provided details of Roger Krupski's sparklie fix in the October 88 issue of THE RAINBOW, Page 58. As Kevin Darling pointed out, the sparklie problem seems to be worst when the computer and its chips are hot. Sometimes reflowing the solder joints (heating and allowing the solder to remelt) for the GIME chip socket helps a sparklie-plagued CoCo 3. Somerimes the problem can be fixed by replacing an older 1986 GIME chip with the newer 1987 version. New GIME chips can be ordered directly or through your local Radio Shack store from National Parts. The RS part number for the current GIME chip is MX0992, and its description is "VC2838 Custom Controller Chip, Replacement for VC2465." Be sure to also specify that it is a part for the CoCo 3 (Cat. No. 26-3334).

## Floppy Drive Burnout

I have a burned out FD-500 floppy drive power supply and have been told that the
supply has intrinsic problems. Can you recommend an allernative power supply? George Quellhorst Plainesville, Ohio

Jameco (call 415-592-8097), of Belmont, Califormia, sells some excellent power supplies for that purpose. In particular, its PS72C, priced at $\$ 24.95$, is a rugged bench linear power supply delivering regulated 12 V at 6 amps and 5 volts at 2 amps. This should be enough for two floppy or hard drives. Alternatively if you are a determined do-it-yourselfer, look in Delphis's CoCo SIG Hardware Hacking section. There you'li find a schematic diagram for an excellent 12 -and 5 -volt power supply that Don Hutchison and I kevised. With commercial surplus supplies available in the $\$ 20$ to $\$ 40$ price range, it seems silly to bother making one unless you have a wellstocked parts bin and lots of time on your hands.

## Overheated in Dallas <br> I have a CoCo 2 whose pon'er supply secms to be oretheating. What can I do about it.? <br> Norman Grabb <br> Dallas

Fixing an overhealing CoCo power supply takes experience with electronics and some common sense. One thing that some have done with success is to replace the regulating NPN power transistor with a 2N3022 generic power transistor. Mount it on a fat, finned heat sink (instead of the wimpy heat sink provided by Tandy). Altematively you can provide your own source of regulated +5 volts (capable of delivering 1.5 amps) and unregulated +10 and -10 volts (at 100 mA or so). To disconnect the existing power supply and hook up an external one, a schematic diagram for the exact model of CoCo you have is a must. Get the service manual for that CuCocatalog number from National Parts. Be sure when reeding in power from an external supply to remove the big filter capacitor in the Coco itself and replace it with a small ( $50 \mu \mathrm{~F}$ ) one, or you risk ground loop current problems.

## Strange Connector

What is involved in using one of those Tandy $/ 000$ EX external add-ondrives with a Color Computer? It hises a fumy 30 -pin comector on its cable.

Dick Reitz
New Jersey

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The drives and cases with those Tandy external drive systems are excellent generic items that can be used with the CoCo and other computers. However, the $30-$ wire cable that comes out of them is ultraweird and very specific to the Tandy 1000 computer system. The cases have no power supply in them, and power is supplied to the drive via some of the lines on that 30 -wire cable. The data and ground lines for the drive are in totally different places on the cable than they are in normal 34-wire drive cables. My recommendation, if you have such a drive and want to use it with the CoCo , is to open up the case and remove the Tandy special cable, then use your own normal 34 -wire cable and add a power supply of yourchoosing to the system. Paul Tesch (PALLTESCH) told me he checked the 30-wire cable using an ohmeter. and got the results shown in Table 1.

## Intermingling Printer

How do I hook up to the CoCo aprinter designed to be hooked to a Commodore $64^{\prime}$ 's serial port?

Will Brunner<br>Brooksville, Florida

Unless you are familiar with some of the fundamentals of eletronic tinkering, it is probably not worth your effort to try, given how inexpensive printers are these days. The Commodore 64's serial port puts out serjal data in a manner similar to that of "normal" RS-232 ports but not at the same voltage levels. Where normal RS-232 ports send data at levels of +5 to +12 volts for liigh and -5 to -12 volts for low, the Commodore 64 sends the data out at TTL levels: +5 volts for high, 0 volts for low, Given a schematic or technical specs for the printer in question, you should be able to add level converter chips (either the 1488 and 1489 pair sold by Tandy if you can add + and - 12 volt power supplies for them, or a MAX232 chip that runs directly off a single +5 volt supply and generates internally its own voltages for level conversion) and convert the printer for use with a normal RS-232 port. But as I mentioned. this requires some experience.

## Intermingling Drives

How can I use the FD-502 or other double-sided disk drive as a double-sided drive under Radio Shack's Disk Extended BASIC? "

Chris Tracy
Mt. Pulaski, Illinois

Table 1:
Tandy 30wire cable
normal 34-pin cable or power
+12 V
+12 V
GND
GND
GND
GND
GND
Pin 32
Pin 18
Pin 28
Pin 30
Pin 22
Pin 24
Pin 10
12

Tandy 30-
normal 34 -pin wire cable cable or power

| 2 | +5 V |
| ---: | ---: |
| 4 | +5 V |
| 6 | +5 V |
| 8 | +5 V |
| 10 | $\operatorname{Pin} 8$ |
| 12 | $\operatorname{Pin} 26$ |
| 14 | Pin 16 |
| 16 | GND |
| 18 | GND |
| 20 | GND |
| 22 | GND |
| 24 | GND |
| 26 | +12 V |
| 28 | +12 V |

Your best bet by far is to purchase ADOS- 3 or a similar alternate DOS from any of a number of Color Computer vendors (such as Microcom). ADOS-3, produced by Art Flexser of SpectroSystems in Miami, Florida, allows using both sides of double-sided drives and adds many other fixes and features to Disk BASIC while retaining a high level of compatibility with Disk BASIC-based software. You can also get help and advice about this product directly from Art himself via Delphi's Color Computer Special Interest Group, where Art appears almost daily.

## Echoing Printer

Is there a command under RS BASIC for the CoCo 3 that is equivalent to the DUAL command on a Model 3, which causes the primer to echo what is printed to the screen?

Chuck Carpinello Rensselaer, New York

No, there is no such command within RS BASIC. But it is fairly simple to write a two- or three-line program that, under BASIC, dumps the contents of the text screen to the printer. Naturally you need to set your CoCo and printer"s baud rates to be the same. You need a printer that has a serial inpust or one to which a serial-to-parallel converter has been added. The Model 3 talks to printers with paralle! inputs, whereas the CoCo sends data to the printer over an RS-232 serial line.

## Need Help in Independence

Can you help me use Color Scripsit on
my CoCoI to selecr differen foms on $m y$ DMP-106 printer?

Paul Kemp
Independence, Missowi
It is not worth trying to do anything with Color Scripsit, in my opinion, when there are so many other far better, more flexible word processors available for the CoCo (all models) for relatively modest prices. For the CoCo 1 I recommend TeleWriter 64 or VIP Writer (I find the former easier to leam, though many of my friends swear by the latter). Both these programs offer the ability to change printer fonts and support underline, boidface and most other features that any given printer offers.

Your technical questions are welcomed. Please atdress them to $\mathrm{CoC}_{0}$ Consultations, THE RAINBOW, P. O. Box 385, Prospect, KY 40059.

We reserve the right to publish only questions of gemeral interest and to edit for brevity and clarity. Due to the large volume of mail we recieve, we are unable to answer letters individually.

Questions can also be sent to Marty through the Delphi CoCo SIG. From the CoCo SIG> prompt, pick Rainbow Magazine Services, then, at the RAINBOW $>$ prompt, type ASk (For Ask the Experts) to arrive at the EXPERTS prompt, where you can select the "CoCo Consultations" on line form which has complete instructions.

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## Doctor ASCII

## My Squinting Sister

Currenty I own two word processors, Telewriter-64 and T/S Edit. While I have no rrouble using Telewriter-64, my sister, who frequently has the need to use a word processor, has trouble seeing the words and letters on TW-64.

T/S Edit provides a solution to her problem - even though the Disk BASIC version does not allow text formating in ary way. So to format the tex, we use TW64, which - when used to read files created by T/S Edit-presents some frouble. Even though TW- 64 can read ASCII filles, it frequently leaves out a big chunk of rew when reading ASCII files creared by T/S Edit. This simation causes both of us lots of aggravation.
lam aware there's a text formatter for T/S Edit called T/S Word, This program requites OS-9 to mun, the veryidea of which is ourrageous to my sister. She dislikes its complexity and avoids it at all costs. What's more, the cursor in T/S Edit's OS-9 version for some unknown reason does not blink. making it hard to use and follow on the screen. Can you offer some assistance?

Himh Phansavath
Buena Park, California
With a CoCo3 you can upgrade from Telenviter-64 to Telewriter-128, which satisfies both formatting requirements and provides readable text using the CoCo 3's native 80 -by- 24 display, If cost is a constraint, a relatively inexpensive composite video monochrome monitor works fine for word processing.

## CoCo Possessed

Two weeks ago I received my Color Computer 3. My current system also inchudes dual disk drives with a Disto Super Controller, a 13 -inch color TV and an NX1000 Rainbow primer with a Blue Streak interface.

My problem started a couple of days ago when l met with two other Color Computer muts over here in Gemany. One

Richard Esposito is the principal engineer for BDM Corporation. He holds bachelor's, master's and doctorate degrees from Polytechnic Instinute of Brooklwn. He has been writing about microcomputers since 1980.

Richard Libra is a simulator test operaror for Singer Link Simularion Systems Division.


## By Richard E. Esposito Rainbow Contributing Editor with Richard W. Libra

of them has a CoCo 2 nith $A D O S$ and the other a CoCo 3 with ADOS 3 . I have RSDOS 1.1 installed in my controller and can run almost all of my programs just fine. But when I try to rw their programs, the frustration begins.

I can only run about lo percemt of their programs. When I ry to rim the other 90 percent, the program freezes just after the beginning - or lreceive OM, DS, OS, AO, or $F C$ errors, just to name a few. 1 also get spiking lines that run horizonally across the screen while the pictme is frozen. Sometimes the screen comes up with what I call "looking at the inside of a bee hive." It's the kind of screen you get when you "ry to run a CoCo 3 program on a CoCo 2. If this is not enough, sometimes the disk drive keeps rimning and rmming, at times without the little red light on. Or Drive I starts riming when only Drive 0 contains a disk.
$I$ also can see the picture of the Three Magi in the barkground of some of my programs. Is this because RS-DOS does not like $A D O S$-saved prograns, or do I need to upgrade my current RS-DOS I.I ROM chip in my commoller? If I have to upgrade to a differen DOS, which one do I go to: ADOS, CDOS or MIK DOS? My Disfo Super Controller has thee more 28 pinsockets in which I can put aroral of four

DOS EPROM chips. From an econonic standpoim, I think I should look at the most compatible DOS - or is there another problem that prohibits me from rumning these $A D O S$-saved programs?

Two more quick questions: What is the F2 key for? And which is most advisable: saving programs on drives $0,1,2$ and 3 without flipping the disks, or sawing programs on dives 0 and 1 , which means flipping the disks, notching and punching out the orher side of the disks?

William Gosz APO New York

Start isolating your problem by trying your computer with your friend's controller. If the problems disappear, your controller is the problem. Otherwise return the new CoCo 3 computer to Tandy for replacement. If it is the controller, try swapping disk controller ROMs. It is possible that your friend's ADOS is set up to use 40 tracks, etc. If after the ROM swap you stil] cannot read his disks, I suspect your controller is at fault.

The $F 1$ and $F 2$ function keys are available to Disk BASIC programmers by polling the keyboard rollover table. They can be more directly sensed via their ASCII codes in OS-9. I have not had any problems with flipped-notched disks on single-sided drives. With double-sided drives and in Disk BASIC, I find accessing the back side of the drive via a different drive number more convenient.

## Need More Memory

I would like more information about the MMU (Memory Management Unti) task segments and how to switch banks of RAM. I have the CoCo 3 upgraded to 512 K and don't know how' to access the memory. I know that the computer banks its memory into 64 blocks of $8 K$ bytes. For example, suppose I want to write $\$ 40$ in all of the memory ( 512 K ) and reser it back afterwards. What is the listing in machine langtage? I ask this because I have built an expansion relay with $L E D s$ and I need lots of memory to store data. I gained some of the information / have from THE RAINBOW (March'89, Page 18, Table I).

> Jean Gravelle

Gatineatr, Qucbec
A detailed explanation, along with example code that loads and saves Hi-Res screens, can be found in the January " 87 issuc of the rainbow, Page 167.

Looking for Mighty Modem
I have been looking for a 9600-baud modem. I know they are made, but I can't find one.

Geoff Hall<br>Casselberry, Florida

Look for ads in Byte Magazine and The Computer Shopper. Be prepared, though - they are expensive!

## Pocket These Patches

I just read your article in the July ' 89 issue of THE RAINBOW and saw a reference to the OS-9 Pascal patch with an inquiry for parches for the other Pascal programs. I discovered the following patches on a local $B B S$ :

```
1 Pascal
c6972125
c 1692 21 25
v
1 pascals
c a5d 21 25
c a82 21 25
```

v
l pascale
c 23 E 2125
1 pascaln
c 99F 2125
c 9642125

I cornacted Mr. Scranron, the author, and obtained his permission to send these to you. Mr. Scranton live sin Colnmbus, Ohio.

> Robert E. DeBolt Pickerington, Ohio

Thanks for the Pascal info.

## If You Want My Arvice. . .

$I$ wam to comment on some of your answers in June's RaNBow. I realize that a question-and-answer column can' be perfect, but one user who had a 35-track problem with OS-9 could have followed quite a few other methods to fix his problem. First of all, his system should have given him a Read Error. not when ruming 40 macks, but when he used his 35 -track system master in the drive. I rim with 40 track double-sided systems 100 percent of the fime, but I regularly read and copy standard Radio Shack single-sided 35-frack
disks when I buy sofiware there. Secondly, you should have mentioned that the format command has options for both the number. of sides and the number of tracks. When running in 40 -rrack mode, the user can easily format any number of 35 -rrack disks for backup of other 35-track disks.

> Mark S. Ritchie
> Garfand, Texas

Granted, a 40-track drive set up as such can read 35 -track disks. The point I was making is that the converse is not true. You will have problems reading a 40 -track disk if your OS-9 device descriptor is set up for 35 tracks.

## Let's Get Something Straight

In reference ta your answer (July' 89 ) to Phillip Browh, OS-9 makes use of hardware names to tell the system what a given device looks like. It passes this info to a driver. The drwer is the actual software connection to a given piece of hardware. The following data was gleaned from the addendum manual of OS-9 Level / Revision 2.00.00:

| Driver | Descriptor |
| :--- | :--- |
| printer | $/ P$ |
|  | $/ \mathrm{T} 1$ |
| aciapak | $/ \mathrm{T} 2$ |
|  | $/ \mathrm{T} 3$ |
| modpak | /M1 |
|  | $/ \mathrm{M} 2$ |

The following notes should be used for the above: $/ \mathrm{m} 1$ and $/ \mathrm{m} 2$ are always the Modem Pak; /t2 and /t3 are always the serial pak or equivalent; aciapak is the driver used when the MPI mapped hardware does the interupt processing; and modpak is a specialized driver that makes use of sonething called a "virtual software interupt." The overhead from its use is sutch that normally it works well only at 300 baud (although I' ve gotten feedback that it will work faster given certain caveats). This driver works with any ACIA port hardware but gives one the freedom to ploce the port in any slot. The modpak driver requizes some patching as there is a known bug in its F\$Exit call. (It seems like it should work bur often glitches up a program exit.)

At any rate this info should make the
details clear. Please readdress your answer to Phillip Brown because your first answer is misleading and wrong.

Paul B. Pollock
Sepulveda, Califormia
My answer, I admit, might be construed as an oversimplification. However, it is not wrong. I might add that if you inspect the binary $t 1$. dd, you will discover that it uses the sio device driver, not printer. My answer is consistent with the Tandy-supplied OS-9 Level II documentation (Pages 1 through 3). It identifies $/ \mathrm{m} 1$ and $/ \mathrm{m} 2$ as being device descriptors for the optional 300 -baud Modem Pak, and it describes / $/ 2$ and $/ t 3$ as being for the optional RS-232 Pak.

## A Bland Sereen

I recently purchased a 128 K CoCo 3 and a CM-8 RGB monitor to replace my CoCo $I$ and TV. I also have an FD- 500 drive and CCR-81. My problem is that some programs in color on my CoCo 1 ony show up in black and white on my CoCo 3 (e.g., Rescue by Stephen C. Mitchell. December' 84 , THE RANBOW and Pitstop II from Radio Shack). Is there something urong with my CnCo 3 or monitor?
Brad Kolman
Madison. Wisconsin
The games referred to use artifacted colors. These colors, which can be produced on a television set or monitor with composite video inputs, were not in the design specification for the original Motorola 6883 Video Display Generator used with CoCos prior to the CoCo3. The Tandy CM-8 monitor is RGB-only. Other monifors such as the Mizgnavox Professional 8515 have inputs for both composite video and $R G B$ and can produce artifacted colors in the composite video mode.

For a quicker response, your questions may also be submitted through rainbow's CoCo SIG on Delphi.
From the CoCo SIG> prompt, pick
Rainbow Magazine Services, then, at the RAINBOW > prompt, type ASK for "Ask the Experts" to arrive at the EXPERTS > prompt, where you can select the "Doctor ASCII" online form which has complete instructions.

This month ['l] start with a personal item about a couple of our SIG members the sort of thing you might not be able to find out elsewhere.

Sharon Blower (SEbjMB) managed to break 2000 in the CoCo SIG's Scrambie. Her score of 2004 is most certainly a high for the CoCo SIG and a high score for anywhere on the system. Her hottest competition is Art Flexser (ARTFLEXSER) although several other SIG members are in active pursuit,

Sharon computes from a 512 K CoCo 3. She is an emergency planning specialist for an electrical utility at a nuclear power generating plant. She and her husband Jeff live in New Cumberland, West Virginia. Feel free to join Sharon and Art online almost any night for a rousing game of Scramble.

## keysub Helper

Have you tricd the / KEY SUB command in Conference? It's a great way to speed up your conferences as well as save some wear and tear on your fingers.
/KEYSUB has just been enhanced to provide macro parameter substitution, and to save or load keyboard substitutions from files in your Workspace. Type / KEYSUB ? for help, /KEYSUB param or /KEYSUB file for additional information online. Here are the valid keyboard substitution commands:

- To list the definitions: /KEYSUB
- Toadd orchange a definition: /KEYSUB \$rigger $\$$ results (any punctuation character can be used instead of $\$$ as long as the same character is used in all three positions)
- To delete a definition: /NOKEYSUB $\$$ trigger $\$$
- To delete all definitions: / Nokeysub
- For help: /KEY SUB ?

Up to 20 keyboard substitutions can be active at a time. For example, entering /KEYSUB $\$$. $\$ /$ SEND JQPI \$ causes a line reading .hi john to be interpreted as if you had typed /SEND JOP1 hi john.

In this example the period (.) is called the trigger string because the substitution

Don Huchison is an electrical engineer and lives in Birmingham, Alabama. He works as a senior project engineer involved th the design of industrial control systemts. On Delphi, Don is the Database Manager of the Rainbow CoCo SIG. His Delphi username is DONHUTCHISON.

Then there's terminal emulation

## KEYSUB and WEFAX and Guide Oh, My!

By Don Hutchison Rainbow Contributing Editor

is riggered by finding a period at the start of a line. /SEND JOP1 is the result string because the substitution results in replacing the trigger string with the result string. The space between JQP1 and $\$$ is important; without it the command is translated as
/SEND JQP1ht john. To cancel this substitution, type / NOKEYSUB \$. \$.

Note that /KEYSUB \$\$/SEND JOP1 \$ causes everything you type to be interpreted as /SEND JOPI unless some other substitution is active at the same time. If you make one of these catchall substitutions, you can type / NOKEYSUB to undo it; /EXIT and /BYE are recognized in any case.

## WEFAX

Considerable interest has been focused lately on weather maps. Several SIG members are interested in obtaining, viewing and using these freely available sources of information. WEFAX, a long-time favorite program of CoCn owners, has been the subject of a lot of attention in the CoCo SIG's Forum recently. Marty Goodman (MARTYGOODMAN), the distributor of the programs, explans the programs and their uses:
"WEFAX is the format used to transmit weather maps and satellite images of Earth over shortwave radio. The protocol was formed in the ' 30 s and '40s - long before digital computers. At that time tube-based analog equipment and mechanical analog devices were used to send and receive the pictures, which were mainly hand-drawn

## Database Report

By Gregory A. Law CoCo SIG Database Manager

OS-9 SIG
Applications: Mike Sweet (DODGECOLT) contributed $E D$ Version 1.4, which supports lines longer than 80 characters, adds highlighting for block commands, and adjusts to the size of the window. Mike Brant (MBRANT) provided a quiz program that uses a text file for the questions and answers. It also prints to the printer or a disk file the questions and answers you missed. Mike also provided a BASIC09 program that measures ambient chaos. Raymond Mayeux (RAYMAYEISX) uploaded an update to the TODAY program that adds the ability to display the Julian date and the number of days left in the year.

Utilities: Mike Woolley (woolley) uploaded a program that prints either the decimal and hexadecimal values of a given character or the entire ASCII chart.

Patches: Larry Oheron (LOHERON)
posted a patch to the Pascal compiler so it prints error message descriptions with ertor numbers.

Telcom: Dennis Hoin (HACKER1) contributed Memory Master, a game designed for use with BBS systems that tracks the top ten scores. Ryszard Sliwinski (RYSIEK) submitted a patch for the fileout procedure in RiBBS Version 2.0 to provide support for Kermit and a modified version of Kermit so the server functions properly. Bill Brady (OS9UGED) posted an update to WizPro that fixes a few minor bugs after running XProg.

Graphics and Music: Mike Knudsen (RAGTIMER) contributed a jukebox player for all levels of UliMusE files, allowing you to play your musical compositions in any order and "Now is the Month of Maying" for UltiMusE. Jim Buck (COCOROGUE) submitted "Stairway to
weather maps. The protocol (a slow but very rugged one) survives to this day and is used by dozens of shortwave stations (most of them operated by various governments) to provide weather information to ships at sea and to others who want it.
"Using the WEFAX program and any shortwave receiver that supports BFO or SSB, you can receive WEFAX transmissions from all over and view them on your screen or printer. The WEFAX software does almost all of what you need. The WEFAX hardware interface needed is trivial: justa few plugs, a resistor and a couple of LEDs.
"WEFAX is in the public domain, too. The CoCo WEFAX program has been used by hurricane watch organizations in Florida. I've gotten severalletters from owners of ships at seat thanking me for the excellent guidance they got from land-based friends who were using the WEFAX program to capture weather maps."

Contact Marty through Delphi Mail or the CoCo SIG for more information.

## Guide to Delphi

Delphi: The Official Guide, by Michael A. Banks (KZIN) is a hardbound 500 -page book designed to get you "up and running" on Delphi and serves as a continuing reference. In its pages you'll find everything you need to know to get the most from your time on Delphi. It is a Brady Book published by Prentice Hall Press.

Delphi: The Official Guide is a complete resource to Delphi services. The manual includes descriptions of menus, timesaving tips for the advanced user, an index of Delphiservices, a Dial-Up Guide, at technical reference section, a troubleshooting guide, a glossary of terms and a Command Reference Card.

You can order the Delphi: The Official Guide for $\$ 19.95$ plus $\$ 3$ for shipping and handling at the main menu. Just enter

USIng MANUALS at the MAIN> prompt. You may also purchase the guide al many fine bookstores, including B. Dalton, Coles and Waldenbooks.

> A terminal is a device that can consist of just a keyboard and some electronic circuitry. When you choose a terminal emulation, you are really defining how the Color Computer (acting as a terminal) responds to different criteria.

## Terminal Emulations

Several questions have arisen lately from some of our users concerning which of the available terminal emulations is best suited for use with Delphi. That's a difficult question to answer. It's almost like asking, "Which ice cream do you prefer: vanilla, chocolate or strawberry?" My choice depends on my mood at the time.

Anyway, let's take a look at this thing called terminat emutation. That's really just a technical way of saying something imitates a certain type of terminal. In other words you are going to make your Color Computer act like a specific terminal. A
terminal is a device that can consist of just a keyboard and some electronic circuitry (not much more hardware than a typewriter in some cases).

When you choose a terminal emulation, you are really defining how the Color Computer (acting as a terminal) responds to different criteria. In effect you are choosing a standard method of displaying graphics, setting screen atributes, etc. That way all terminals of one type look and act the same. You can conceivably connect the CoCo to a mainframe directly, as long as you are emulating the terminal type the mainframe computer expects.

Witlout going too deeply into the pros and cons of the different emulation modes. let's look at whar's available:

- CRT - Very basic. Doesn'l do very much. Good for most BBSs since they don't expect much out of your terminal. This terminal sends the characters typed from your keyboard to the remote computer, displays on your screen the characters sent by the remote computer to you, and does very little else. (If in doubt about which terminal emulation to use with a BBS, CRT is usually the preferred choice.)
- VIDTEX - Generally uscful only on CompuServe although some BBSs support VIDTEX codes. VIDTEX is really a complex set of codes that allows the cursor to be positioned at will on your screen. This feature can be used to create some interesting text graphics (like a valentine heart) without the need to draw the graphics line-by-line. VIDTEX terminal programs usually support the display of high-resolution (PMODE 4) graphics sent to it in a special format that it can identify.
- VT-52 - This is an old standard. It includes a few cursor positioning commands, gives you several extra keys, allows a character graphics mode and not too much more.
- VT-100 - Probably the most power-


## Live rock 'n roll -- a cool jazz band -- a baroque trio Do it all yourself with the help of your CoCo!

If you've never heard what a CoCo and a MIDI synthesizer can do together, you're in for a real treat! Your CoCo can act as a sophisticated music controller. Use it to compose music on a graphics screen that looks just like printed music, and then play it on your synthesizer for incredible 8 -part music. Or use it as a ten track tape recorder; advanced programming then lcts you edit, modify, and perfect your performance as much as you wish.

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- The Lyra Companion (a 100 page book packed with tips on Using Lyra) $\$ 9.95$
- CoCo MIDI 3 (a complete professional quality MDD sequencer) $\$ 150.00$
- FBEDIT (Edit and create new voices for the FB-01) $\$ 29.95$
- Synth Librarians (available for CZ, DX, K1 synthesizers)
ful terminal emulation with the possible exception of VIDTEX. VT- 100 supports a Jarge number of escape sequences that tell the terminal to do such things as position the cursor, turn on/off bold, blinking, inverse video, change character sets, use double-height/width characters, and turn on/off many features such as wrap-around at Column 80. It also supports scrolling regions - you can tell the VT-100 that only a certain part of the screen is to scroll and that the rest stays put. This is used a lor in editors because it allows full-screen editing from your terminal. You can set tab focations as well. VT- 100 is a very powerful terminal emulation and quite difficult to emulate accurately.

There are any number of other terminals floating out there that are commonly emulated. Oneexample is a Tektronics terminal that does graphics. Most of these are not widely supported in terminal programs. however.

There are also later, larger versions of the VT-100, such as the VT-102 and the VT-220.

Many SIG users prefer V-Term, marketed by Gimmesoft. They usually leave $V$ -

Term in the VT-100 emulation mode. If they happen to be online with a system that doesn't take advantage of its VT-100 support, nothing is lost. Online Delphi supports a few of the VT-100 commands to clear the screen and home the cursor.

## Editing Messages in the Forum

In Forum when you use ADD or REPLY to create a message, you start out in a "minieditor." Many folks don'I realize this. To see for yourself, type /HELP at the beginning of a message line and you'll see the following help screen displayed on your computer:

> /LIST - lists all lines typed /DELETE - erases the last line /EDIT - invokes your editor EXIT - same as CTRL-IOUIT - same as CTRL-C

For more sophisticated editing use /ED (at the beginning of a line) to call up either the EDT or ULUIt editors, whichever you have selected as your default editor.

You can also begin your message in the Edit mode in Forum with ADD /EDIT and REPLY /EDIT.

## Designing with OS-9

A SIG member provided me with an interesting news item: "In a recent issue of a technical publication, 1 was surprised to find a short article, "Real Time Audio/ Video Environment,' which lets engineers construct custom instrument panels by combining images of dials, meters and switches on a computer screen. The RAVE software runs under the OS-9 operating system and is sold by Microware Systems Corporation of Des Moines, Iowa. I for one was very surprised to see the name, which shows up on so many CoCo screens!"

Kevin Darling (OS9UGPRES) quickly replied: "The last MOTD (the OS-9 User's Group newsletter) also had full coverage of RAVE. Microware is fairly well known in the controiler world. GM is even thinking about moving over to it for its car computers. NASA has becn the biggest OS-9 user for quite some time. Guess what it uses to bandle launch communications and shuttle fueling and telemetry? Right!"

See how many interesting information tidbits can be picked up in the Forum sections of our SIGs? Join us online to learn more.

Heaven" by Led Zeppelin for UliMMusE. Rert Schneider (osgrert) posted a series of filles that allow you to run UliMusE III under Multi-Yue. Mike Schneider (MSCHNEIDER) submitted Mac sound files of Mighty Mouse singing "Here I Come to Save the Day," the Blues Brothers' song from the movie of the same name, the Church Lady saying "Well, isn't that extra special," and a song from the movic Batman. Zack Sessions (ZACKSESSIONS) contributed a series of programs used to make several variations of a graphics demonstration system.

John Kou (bamboo) posted several songs from the books "Sacred Songs for your Wedding," arranged by Paul Mickelson, "Well-Tempered Praise II" and "Piano Arrangement of Celebration, Worship, and Praise" by Mark Hayes for UliMusE. Warren Moore (wjmoore) submitted Nuis, a basic09 gane/puzzle for the CoCo 3 . Dave Philipsen (DPHILIPSEN) contributed a revised version of Play that supports imbedded sound file codes and command line parameters and works with Multi-Wue.

Programmers Den: Mike Sweet posted a random number generator for C and Basicos with a cycle length in the trillions. Mark Farrell (XLIONX)
uploaded $C C 2 \&$, a concurrent $C$ executive with help.

## CoCo SIG

General Information: Don Hutchison (DONHUTChISON) posted a document describing the standards for uploading material to the CoCo SIG databases and a complete, up-to-date listing of all the local access numbers for Telenet. Steve Bjork (6809:R) contributed the transeript from the Game Conference held on July 3rd. Gay Crawford (GAycrawford) subnitted a list of 40 lawn care pesticides and their known health hazards and included a list of publications and organizations offering advice on chemi-cal-free lawn care.

CoCo 3 Graphics: Pete Elison (PETEELLISON) contributed a 4096 -color image of an actual structure fire that was taken by a Rascan digitizer and images fron The Terminator, The Stranger, Mickey Mouse and a Rascan slide show program. Richard Trasborg (TRAS) posted some pics of his favorite lady taken with the DS69-B digitizer. Mark Farrell submitted some GIF images of Samantla Fox. Tommie Taylor (TOMMIETAYLOR) posted several GIF images including Star Wars and a cherry coke.

Utilitics and Applications: Bryan Stephens (BRSTEPHENS) contributed a
short, simple disk editor useful for preparing binary files to be burned into an EPROM, and a position independent machine language monitor for the CoCo 3. Fred McDonald (FREDMCD) submitted a utility that can copy, kill, list, search and back up files from one drive to another for the Hyper I/O Hard Drive package. Donald Jereczek (DONJERE) posted Version 2.8 of The Financial Calculator. providing formats for input loans, loans paid and search routines to find the loans in the file. Marty Goodman (MARTYGOODMAN) contributed a brief article describing how you can piggy-back four 4164 memory chips on an 18 -pin header to make it behave like one 4464 memory chip in a CoCo 3.

Games: Jeff Voegeli (TEK) posted a program to help keep track of dart scores for one to four players.

Music and Sound: Bill Jackson (Billiackson) submitted a bare-boncs voice editor for the TX812 four operator Yamaha tone module. John Kou posted a collection of Christian music for Lyra.

Telecommunications: Rick Adams (RICKADAMS) contributed Version 1.1 of GameTerm that provides a graphic interface for use with games on Delphi including a unique real-time conferencing "doodle" mode.

## Novices Niche

## Graphics

## Draw Figures Using Asterisks By Tio Babich

If you find it hard to create figures or symbols for games and other programs, run this program to leam aneat trick. Figure Draw is a small but interesting program/subroutine written for the Color Computer. This routine allows the user to draw a picture within the data lines using asterisks (list the program for a better understanding). This is usefut for drawing small, otherwise hard-to-plot figures or symbols. Try changing data in lines 10 through 23 to produce more interesting designs.

## The Listing: FIgDRW



FIGURE IS TO BE DRAWN, GOOD FOR LATER "GET"-ING OF THE FIGURE. 103 PM=4'SET PMODE VALUE,BEST RESULTS OBTAINED WITH 4 OR 2. 104 PMODE PM:PCLS
105 CLS
110 FOR $F=1$ T014
130 READ A\$:FORG=1 TO LEN(A $\$$
$140 \mathrm{G} \$=\mathrm{MID}(\mathrm{A} \$, \mathrm{G}, 1)$
150 PRINTG\$:
151 IF G\$="*" THEN COLOR 1 ELSE
COLOR
$152 \operatorname{PSET}(\mathrm{G}+\mathrm{S}, \mathrm{F}+\mathrm{S})$
160 NEXT G
170 PRINT
180 NEXT F
190 PRINT"HIT ANY KEY TO SEE THE FIGURE ONTHE GRAPHICS SCREEN.";
192 EXEC44539
193 SCREEN1,1
$194 \mathrm{G}=\mathrm{G}+1$ : $\mathrm{F}=\mathrm{F}+1$
198 DIM E(S+G,S+F):GET(100.100)-
(100+G, 100+F), E
199 DIM V(S+G, S+F)
$200 \operatorname{GET}(\mathrm{~S}, \mathrm{~S})-(\mathrm{G}+\mathrm{S}, \mathrm{F}+\mathrm{S}), V$
210 FOR X=100T0 190
215 PUT $(X, X)-(G+X, F+X), V$
216 EXEC43345:POKE140,X+G
220 PUT ( $\mathrm{X}, \mathrm{X}$ ) $-(\mathrm{G}+\mathrm{X}, \mathrm{F}+\mathrm{X}), \mathrm{E}$
222 NEXT:FORT=1T03::PLAY"L22;V31
;A;V21:A;V10:A":NEXTT
223 CLS:PRINT"PLEASE FEFL FREE T
0 ADD THIS SUBROUTINE TO YOUR
OWN PROGRAMS."
10D REM***BY TIO BABICH****

## Pardon Me, I Didn't See the Sign <br> By Alejandro Lopez Rodriguez

Here is a graphics-animation program that usex HSCREFN 4 ( 640 -by- 192 screen). For that reason only CoCo 3 owners can run it. Just type the program, save it on tape or disk, and type RUN. A similar program published in Novices Niche. May '88, does not require a CoCo 3.

The Listing: nosmoke

```
@ ' COPYRIGHT 1989 FALSOFT,INC
10 '*****************************'
20', NO SMOKE SY:
4Ø ' ALEJANDRO LOPEZ RODRIGUEZ "
    , JULY, 25 1989 ;
    ' GUADALAJARA, JAL, MEXICO.'
    '***************************'
    POKE65497,0:ONBRKGOT0220:HBUF
F1.1900:HBUFF2,2000:HBUFF3,1500:
HBUFF4.300:HBUFF5,200:HBUFF5,200
\emptyset:FORA=\emptysetT03:PALETTEA,63:NEXTA:HS
CREEN4:HCOLOR2:X=320:Y=105:Z=9\varnothing
90 HDRAW"BM320.100R200B010L200BU
10":HCIRCLE(X,Y),5,2,2:HCTRCLE(5
20.Y),5.2,2,.75,.25:HCIRCLE(380,
Y),5,2,2,.75,.25:\operatorname{HPAINT}(325,101)
,1.2:HGET(300,Z)-(540,120),1
100 HCLS0:HDRAW"BM320,100D70R70U
70L70:U10R1U2R2U2R2U1R30D10R3505
;U10R10U3L32":HCIRCLE (355,88),13
,2,1,.6,.25:HCIRCLE(340.92),3
110 HCIRCLE (340,92),3:HPAINT (330
,101):HPAINT(380,Z),3.2:HPAINT(3
57,Z),1,2:HGET(370.80)-(402,Z),5
:HGET(310,81)-(410,101), 2: HGET(3
15,170)-(400,172),6:HCLS0
```

120 HDRAW"C1BM320,100:U5L1U3L1U2 L2U2L2U2L2U2L2U3L1U5L1U5R1U5R1U3 R1U3R2U2R2U2R2U3R2U5R1U5:D5R105R 2D3R202R2D2R2D3R1D3R1D5R1D5L1D5L 103L202L2D2L2D2L2D2L1D3L1D5BM315 ,50L30BD10R20":HPAINT(X,Z).1.1
$130 \operatorname{HCIRCLE}(X, 75), 6,3,3: \operatorname{HPAINT}(X$ ,75) , 3.3:HCIRCLE (X, 75) , 2, 2,2
$140 \operatorname{HGET}(300,95)-(335,40), 3:$ HCLS Ø: FORA $=\mathrm{X}$ T0340STEP3:HCOLOR2:HLIN E(A,100)-(A,110), PSET:NEXTA:HGET ( $\mathrm{X}, 100$ ) $-(340,110), 4:$ HCLS0:PALETT E1,52:PALETTE2.11:PALETTE3.32
150 FORA $=191$ TO40STEP-1: HPUT (220. A) $-(460, A+30), 1:$ NEXT A:GOSUB210: F0RA=191T092STEP-1:HPUT(420, A)- ( 520, A 20 ) , 2: IFAく10ØTHENHPUT(425. $A+Z)=(510, A+92), 6$
160 NEXTA:GOSUB210: $\operatorname{HPUT}(480,97)-$ (512,107), 5: $\operatorname{HPUT}(420,95)-(455,40$ ),3:GOSUB210:HPUT(420.92)-(520,1 12),2: $\operatorname{HPUT}(425,182)-(510,184), 6$ $170 \operatorname{HPUT}(220,40)-(460,70), 1: \mathrm{HPUT}$ $(425,50)-(445,60), 4: \operatorname{HPUT}(425,50)$ $-(445,60), 4: \operatorname{HLINE}(420,95)-(455,7$ Ø), PRESET, BF: $\operatorname{HGET}(220,40)-(460,7$ Ø),1:GOSUB 210:FORA=92T0191:HPUT (420, A)-(520, A 200$), 2:$ IFAくY THENH PUT(425, A+Z)-(510, A+92), 6
180 NEXTA: $\operatorname{HGET}(0,0)-(100,55), 2: H$ $\operatorname{PUT}(420,136)-(520,156), 2:$ GOSUB21 Ø: FORA $=40$ T085: $\operatorname{HPUT}(220, A)-(460, A$ +30), 1:NEXTA:GOSUB210:HCOLOR3
$190 \operatorname{HCIRCLE}(350,96), 180: \operatorname{HCIRCLE}($ 350,96), 140: $\operatorname{HCIRCLE}(350,96), 140$. 0,1,.35,.39:HCIRCLE (350.96),140, 0,1..84,.89:HDRAW"BM245,145M+172 , $-110 \mathrm{BM}+32,+12 \mathrm{M}-176,+109^{\prime \prime}$
$200 \operatorname{HPAINT}(350,10): G 0 T 0200$
210 FOR $A=1$ T02000:NEXTA:RETURN

220 CLS:RGB:POKE 65496.0:END

## Utilities

## Automile

## By Dan Weaver



Do you ever get confused when you try to figure out how many miles per gallon your car gets? I'm sure some of you don't because you have computers in your cars that do this for you. Some of you, however, are driving cars that are older than the personal computer. If you own a car that's dated PC (pre-computer), Automile can do the job for you.

Of course you still have to jot down some figures on your trip. First you must have a full tank of gas when you begin your trip. You must also record the odometer reading at the beginning and end of the trip and the number of gatlons it took to fill the tank at the end of the trip. The compurer then figures out your miles per gallon. If you enter the amount of time the trip took, this program
calculates your average miles per hour; if you enter the price per gallon of gasoline, it figures our your cost per mite for gasoline. Now if I can just figure a way to run my CoCo off my never-used cigarette lighter!

## The Listing: AUTOMILE

```
0 * COPYRIGHT 1989 FALSOFT,INC
10 CLS
20 PRINT@198,*////AUTO MILEAGE\
|"
30 PRINT@271.*BY"
40 PRINT@331,"DAN WEAVER"
50 PRINT@32,STRING$ (32,239)
60 PRINT@448,STRING$(32.239);
70 FOR X-1 TO 2000:NEXTX
```

```
80 PU$="非非.非"
90 CLS
100 INPUT"MILEAGE ON ODOMETER AT
    BEGINNINGOF TRIP":BM
    110 INPUT"MILEAGE ON ODOMETER AT
    THE END OF TRIP":EM
120 INPUT"HOW MANY HOURS DID THE
TRIP TAKE(CHANGE MINUTES TO DEC
IMAL. EXAMPLE:45 MIN.=.75)";
TT
130 INPUT"NUMBER OF GALLONS PUI
IN TANK ATEND OF TRIP";GG
140 INPUT"PRICE PER GALLON";PG
150 TM=EM-BM
160 MPG=TM/GG
170 CLS
180 PRINT"trip summary"
185 PRINT"TOTAL MILES TRAVELLED
";TM
```


## Hi－Res Graphics Utility By Ric Pucella

CoCo 3 Disk

I think the CoCo 3 is perfect．I especially like the high－ resolution graphics capabilities．The only thing missing is a good， clean way to save the HSCREENs．

That＇s why I developed the $H R G$ utility．It is a set of ML routines accessible via USR9 to allow the saving and loading of

```
190 PRINT"MILES PER GALLON
"::PRINTUSING PU$;MPG
200 PRINT"AVERAGE MILES PER HOUR
";:PRINTUSING PU$;TM/TT
210 PRINT"CENTS PER MILE FOR GAS
*;:PRINTUSING PU$;PG/MPG*1D\emptyset
220 PRINT
230 PRINT"based on following inf
ormation"
240 PRINT"1ST ODOMETER READING *
BM
250 PRINT"2ND ODOMETER READING "
EM
260 PRINT"NUMBER OF HOURS
TT
27@ PRINT"NUMBER OF GALLONS
GG
280 PRINT"PRICE PER GALLON
PG
```



## ARIZONA SMALL COMPUTER PERIPHERALS

 HARD DRIVES SYSTEMS $\quad \$ 225$ to 525 Systems and kits include a Disto interface， WD－1002－SHD controller，and choice of Hard Drive， cabled and burned in with pre－loaded Public Domain Utilities．Burke and Burke interface and controller or SCSI controller are optional．You or we install the HD intertace in a Super Controller or in an adapter for the Multipack．You plug in the power cord and boot OS－9 with drivers，which we install on a copy of your boot disk． Systems include a case with switch and cooling fan． Choose either a compact $1 / 2$ height case or an XT／AT case large enough for your entire system．We will install your floppy and motherboard at no charge．Use your new IBM style case as a monitor stand and relax in an easy chair with our external keyboard．
EXTERNAL KEYBOARD（w／adapter）
$\$ 125$
Gain freedom from your computer／MPI with a full width 105 key，sculptured keyboard．6＇cord，Auto Menu－Default Boot OS－9，reset keys，programmable keys，numeric keypad， 2 stroke commands－Basic． and OS－9，no software required．
FLOPPY DRIVES DS 40T／80T

MODEMS
512K MEM UPGRADES COMPUTER REPAIR
ADD \＄5－\＄8 \＄8H
（602）829－8028
\＄75／\＄85
\＄50
$\$ 125$
2400 Bd．Hayes Comp．
Disto Board installed
Fast Cool w／Software $\$ \mathbf{t 1 0 . 0 0}$
Complete repair
facilities on－site．
CALL
930 W．23rd St．，Sulte 26 Tempe，AZ 85282
program or from direct mode. In the latter case it prints a short summary of the possible commands. Let me explain them:

To save the high-resolution screen, use:
A $\$$-USR9(0). "filcname"
The variable in front of the expression (in my example, A\$) is a dummy variable. To load a screen back, use:

A\$-USR9(1), "filename"
To display the high-resolution screen without clearing it, use:
A-USR9(2), mode:EXEC44539
Replace the word mode with the number of the HSCREEN you want (from 0 to 4). For example:

A-USR9(2). 2: EXEC44539.

The $H R G$ uthity is simple to use and incredibly useful.
The Listing; HRGCOM

```
0 ' COPYRIGHT 1989 FALSOFT,INC
10' HRG UTILITY
20
30 " BY RIC PUCELLA
40 " (C) }1989\mathrm{ DEBBIE SOFTWARE
50
60 ' AN UTILITY TO ADD NEW
70 + COMMANDS TO HANDLE THE
80 ' HIGH RESOLUTION SCREEN.
90'
100 CLS
110 L=&H0900
120 PRINT:PRINT"LOADING DATA..."
```

: GOSUB160
130 PRINT:PRINT"SAVING MACHINE F ILE...":SAVEM"HRGCOM", \&HD9DD, \&HD A8F. \& HD900
140 PRINT:PRINT:PRINT"EXECUTING "HRGCOM".": EXEC\&HD900
150 END
160 READA\$: FORI=1TOLEN (A\$)STEP2: $B \$=M I D \$(A \$, I, 2): I F B \$=$ "**" THEN R ETURN ELSE POKEL, VAL("\&H"+B\$):L= L+1:NEXT:GOT0160 'ML LOADER $17 \emptyset$ DATACCD9A8FD09719E6830012606 8ED912BDB99C39004849474820524553 4F4C5554494F4E204752415048494320 4E45570D434F4D4D414E445320494E53 54414C4C45442E2E2EดDOD2D41243D55 5352392830292C46494C454E414D4520 202020544F20534156450D2041243D55 5352392831292 C46494C454E4 180 DATA4520202020544F204C4F4144 ØD204130555352392832292C48534352 45454 E 202020544 F 20444953504 C 4159 $0009 B D B 3 E D 4 F 50102700815 A 27225 A 27$ $037 E B 44 A 9 D A 5 B D B 26 D B D B 70 B C 1041022$ DA828621B7E6C6BDE69C868DB7E6C639 90A58DB26D8EDA8C8DC938BDCA07FC09 578304001026 CC 28867 QB7FFA 190 DATADA8BBDCDBC3402BDD0131F02 BDDD131F01A6ED1026CA22BDC5C40670 27037EC334A784A18027037ED616313F 26E9B6DA8B4C817425C68679B7FFA17E A42090A5BDB26D8EDA8CBDC938CCD400 FDפ957BDCA@48670B7FFA1B7DA8B4FBD CFB5CC20001F02BDCFB3CC20001FØ1BD CFB3A680BDCC24313F26F7B60
200 DATA4C817425D58679B7FFA186FF BDCFB54F5FBDCFB3CCDØロロВDCFB37EA4 2D81485247D6**

## Car Bingo Game By Warren Cheves



Parents, before venturing out on long road trips remember that children usually want games to play while traveling. Bingo is a game made specifically for those occasions. It prints 4-by-4 or 5-by- 5 bingo card consisting of two-character state abbreviations. As the child or parent sees a car license plate that matches one of the entries on the bingo card, he/she circles it. The first player to circle four or five entries in a row vertically, horizontally or diagonally is the winner.

After loading the program, type RUN and press ENTER. You are asked to enter the number of states. Enter 16 if a 4-by-4 card is desired or 25 for a 5 -by- 5 card. The CoCo then prompts you to enter the two-letter abbreviations for each of the 16 or 25 states desired. (Hint: Choose states for which you expect to see license plates. For example, if I travel from Tennessee to Mississippi, I won't list Oregon. You can also use FR — free space as an entry.)

After you enter all 16 or 25 states, the CoCo prints the bingo card on your printer. The program then asks if another bingo card is to be printed. You may want to print several so each member in the car can play more than one game. The CoCo then prints another card with a different arrangement of the same 16 or 25 states. The main routine in this program is found in lines 200 through 260. These lines randomly sort the states to produce a different bingo card for each person.

Happy motoring!
The Listing: BINGO

```
\emptyset ' COPYRIGHT 1989 FALSOFT.INC
10 REM "BINGO"
20 CLS
30 PRINT "ENTER NUMBER"
40 PRINT "OF STATES (16 OR 25)"
5 0 ~ I N P U T ~ N
6 0 ~ I F ~ N = 1 6 ~ T H E N ~ G O T O ~ 9 0 ~
```

```
70 IF N=25 THEN GOTO 90
80 GOTO 20
90 DIM X$(N)
100 DIM S$(N)
110 FOR I=1 TO N
120 CLS
130 PRINT "ENTER STATE"
140 PRINT "NUMBER ";I
150 PRINT "(USE TWO LETTER"
160 PRINT "ABBREVIATION)"
170 INPUT X$(I)
180 NEXT I
190 REM *ROUTINE TO RANDOMLY
                SORT STATES*
200 FOR B=1 T0 N
210 A-N+1 B
220 X=RND (A)
230 S$(B)=X$(X)
240 X$(X)=X$(A)
250 X$(A)=S$(B)
260 NEXT B
270 REM *END OF RANDOM SORT
                ROUTINE*
280 IF N=16 THEN GOSUB 400
290 IF N=25 THEN GOSUB 600
300 CLS
310 PRINT "DO YOU WANT TO PRINT"
320 PRINT "ANOTHER GAME (Y/N)"
330 INPUT C$
340 IF C$="Y" THEN GOTO 190
350 IF C$<>"Y" THEN END
400 A$="
4 1 0 ~ F O R ~ I = 4 ~ T 0 ~ 1 6 ~ S T E P ~ 4 , ~
420 PRINT 非-2,S$(I-3);A$;S$(I-2)
;A$;S$(I-1);A$;S$(I)
430 PRINT #-2
435 NEXT I
440 FOR J=1 T0 5
450 PRINT 非-2
460 NEXT J
470 RETURN
600 A$=" "
610 FOR I=5 T0 25 STEP 5
620 PRINT 非-2,S$(I-4);A$;S$(I-3)
;A$;S$(I-2);A$;S$(I-1);A$;S$(I)
630 PRINT 韭-2
6 3 5 ~ N E X T ~ I ~ I
640 FOR J=1 T0 5
650 PRINT 非-2
660 NEXT J
670 RETURN
```

Submissions to＂Novices Niche＂are welcome from everyone． We like to run a variety of short programs that can be typed in at one screen sitting and are useful，educational and fun．Keep in mind，although the short programs are limited in scope，many novice programmers find it enjoyable and quite educational to improve the sofiware written by others．
Program submissions must be on tape or disk．We＇re sorry，but we cannot key in program listings．All programs should be supported by some editorial commentary explaining how the program works．If your submission is accepted for publication， the payment rate will be established and agreed upon prior to publication．

## HOLIDAY SPECIALS from SPORTSware

We appreciate your patronage over the past ycars and want to thank you by puting ALL of our software on salc NOW！We＇ve got some BRAND NEW games for you at incredible LOW prices．Have a great holiday season？

## THE SUPER DISK

This dists contains a wealth of utilities for disk based COCO 3s．The 30 plus pages manual contains never before published information on copy protection，insuructions for use of all 14 modules on the disk and souree code listings of some of the modules used for eopy pro－ tection．See October＂s RA［NBOW ad for a more delailed description．this is a must have package for authors，fudders and novines alike．B．G．of the Marshall Islands says＂Ex－ cellent copy protection techniques．．．a great educational tool for the novice．

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Remsmber the＂good old days＂of PONG，DOG FIGHT and SPACEWAR Now，you can enjoy the thrills of two player ARCADE action werial conbai with AIRWAR PLUS． includes AlRWAR，ATRWAR 2 and SPACEWAR．Many play options to choose from in sures endess Hires arcade fun on your COCO3 disk system？

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Like graphical adventure games？Try ELDUS！ 101 gaphic screens，no typing，joysick conirolled！Explore the multileveled world of ELDUS via your COCO 3 disk system． HNTRODUCTORY PRICE a MERE $\$ 16$

## NEW！VOCAB

If you like SCRABBLE，you ${ }^{\text {ll }}$ love VOCAB，a great new word game by the author of CC3 FLAGS，Rick Cooper．COCO Disk for 2 to 6 players or one player can challenge the compuler！

GREAT FUN for JUST \＄16

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This FAST ACTION ML simulation pils you againss the Zulu hordes in a recreation of one of Britain most famous battes．Can you and your men hold the fort until the relief columan arfives：

INTRODUCTORY PRICE \＄15

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If you haven＇t experienced the thrill ol creating your own graphteal combat simulation yel． NOW is the time＂WODII．four disk sides of lun is HOLIDAY PRICED AT ONL．$\$ 21$. Upgrade from the original WGD for jusi \＄8

## WARGAME DESIGAER ICON DISK \＃1

Waut to add over 500 graphic icons to your WGD ar WGDII game system？Do it nem with the WGD ICON DISK for JUST \＄12．Two disk sides of icons， 8 sels！

## GRHDIRON STRATEGY

Challenge a friend or the compuler to the BEST foetball strategy gane in town for the COCO3 disk．You get the gante disk．manual， 2 Offense＇Deferse Cards and 2 Defense Wheels．Head to head strategy football．

JUST 318

## WEEKLY HINNER 2．0

Lottos are changing form state to stake and so is WW2．0．We ve revised it to accommodale changes in several states recently．Stop playing and start WINNING！ON SALE AGAJN for ONLY $\$ 15$ Registered owners can upgrade for just $\$ 9$ ．Return your original disk wilh pryment．COCO3 disk systems．

## CC3 FLAGS

Simply states，it＇s the BEST RISK play alike avatable for the COCO3 disk system！Con－ quer the world，joystick or keyboard play for 1 to 6 playcrs！

ON SALE NOW FOR A MERE \＄19

## COCOS WHEEL．

More lun for you and your friends！Can you win a FORTUNE in this recently revised COCO3 version of Ahmericas favorite TV game show？ON SALE 19

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Hate to buy sigh unseen？Send just $\$ 3,00$ for our CATALOG ON DISK and SEE before you EUY．If you order after receiving the catalog．you may deduct the $\$ 3,00$ you paid for the cabalog．

NEW CATALOG
We have many more fine entertaiment，utility and productivity software products for the COCO3．Send $\$ 1,00$ for our NEW fully illustrated catalog（included with the CATAL．OG on DISK $\}$ ．If you decide to purchase from the calalog，deduct the $\$ 1.00$ from your order．

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QRDER BY PHONE OR MAIL，Wc accepl VISA，MASTERCARD．Money Orders and Checks．All orders are shipped within 24 hours of roccipt by First Class Mail FREE anywhere on this plane！！ORDER NOW，Enjoy for the holidays？

[^2]You've always been a ham at heart

# CoCo and Amateur Radio: A Natural Combination! 

By Steven R. Ford

Think you've exhausted the list of unique things to do with your Color Computer? Then you have probably never heard of amateur radio - a fascinating hobby that counts many computer users among its ranks. Even so, surprisingly few people know of its potential.

## What Is Amateur Radio?

Amateur radio is usually better known hy its nickname, ham radio. It has been in existence since the very first days of radio. Many people have a tendency to confuse amatcur radio with citizens band (CB), though there are few similarities.

Compared to amateur radio, CB is a fairly limited hobby. It restricts the user to voice cornmunication on a narrow band of frequencies (channels). You may recall that CB enjoyed a burst of popularity in the mid '70s when it became fashionable to have a CB transceiver in every automobile. However, the sudden crush of the competing signals caused enormous interference problems. As a result the fad began to lose steam and finally faded away altogether.

Of course CB itself survived the fad and is still very much alive today. CB'ers have always provided an invaluable service during emergencies and continue to do so.

Steve Ford is an amateur radio operator and has his advanced-class license. He holds a bachelor's degree in English and also an associates degree in electronic engineering.

Still, the serious limitations of CB restrict its usefulness as a hobby - especially for computer users.

Amateur radio, on the other hand, is rich
and varied with a broad range of activities available for the licensee. Hams have a large number of frequencies at their disposal, beginning just above the AM broad-

## A Once-in-a-Lifetime Opportunity

By the time you read this, the FCC may be considering (for the first time in history) an amateur radio license that doesn't require learning Morse code.

Why should this interest you? Because the hottest, fastest growing modes in amateur radio are digital modes - communicating by connguter. Ham operators are sending data, programs and messages around the world (for free) every day via "packet radio." [n recent weeks, for example, I exchanged a dozen messages with a vacationing ham operator touring Alaska with his portable radio. Messages from a campground in Whitehorse (in Yukon terittory) were in my hands within 24 hours - all relayed automatically by the nationwide packet system. If you want to get in on this exciting action right now or in the future, then write to the FCC and nake your feelings known.

The time forcomments will be around the end of this year. Between now and then I encourage you to learm more about this excitng digital-communications mode. Visit a local "ham club** (your local Radio Shack store may be able to fumish a contact mame), and ask if someone there can give you a demo. (Harns love to show off their stations.)

The American Radio Relay League filed a petition with the Federal Communications Commaission asking that a new communicalor class of amateur radto license be created. The FCC should issue a Notice of Proposed Rulemaking (NPRM) that will go up for public comment around the end of this year.

The ARRL board of directors chose to modify the recommendations of its own commitre. The
board will request operating privileges limited to the $220-\mathrm{MHz}$ amateur band and above, with a power limitation of 250 watts. The majority of local FM activity and digital packet radio occurs on the 144 MHz amateur band, which is not included in the proposal as it will be writen, Or course the FCC is not obligated to stick with its recommendation, especially if public opinion seems to suggest something different. However, this proposed license is not a free ride. There will still be a significant written examination, as there's always been. Anyone can study and passit, but it requires commitment. The major difference 1 s you will no longer be required to learn Morse code, which many would-be ham operators view as outrnoded and irrelevant.

If you believe the proposal should go through as stated, then say so. If you believe it's a bad idea and should be killed - state that too. If you believe it sloould be modified to include all cument amateur privileges above 50 MHz , then go on record with that opinion. Sucl a change would inchude the 6 meter band that has occasional. spectacular openings to other parts of the world and the most popular 2-meter VHF band.

The message from me to you is cwofold: If you care, comment - your message will count. In my opinton the FCC needs to heat not just from curtent amateurs but from potential users as well. You may not gel another chance to voice your opinion - so do it now.
—Ed Juge
Director of Market Planning,
Tandy Corporation
cast band and extending all the way to microwaves. Moreover. amateur radio is dedicated to exploration and experimentation. Its ongoing goal is to find new ways to advance the state of electronic communication while at the same time offering assistance to the public in linne of need.

There is something in amateur radio for just about cveryone. If you like to communicate with people in distant states or countries, amateur madio is the perfect choice. A modest investment in equipment allows you to chat with other hams hundreds or thousands of miles away - without incurring hefty long-distance phone charges. And you aren't limited to just speaking. Hams can use other communication modes such as Morse code (known as CW or Contimous Wave), radio teletype (RTTY), television (SSTV or ATV), and even facsimile (fax), to name a few.

Most hams find a niche within the hobby. Some communicate across town while others bounce signals off the surface of the moon. Some hams exchange television images from a half a world away while ohers provide badly needed local communications in the midst of a crisis. There are even amateur radio satellites in orbit with sophisticated computer networks on the ground.

The question is: Where does the CoCo fit into all of this? The answer - everywhere!

## Color Computers and Amateur Radio

According to some recent surveys. up to 80 percent of the amateur radio operators in the United States own personal computers. While IBM, Conmodore and Apple computers are the most popular, there are a number of hams who use Color Computers as well. These CoCos are usually involved directly in the communication activity itself, or they serve a peripheral role as data managers.

For example, CoCos have replaced the traditional telegraph key in some ham stations, making the task of sending and receiving Morse code much easier for the operator. Instead of tapping out the dots and dashes on a hand key, hams simply type the words from their keyboards and the CoCo operates the transmitter to send perfect code. [n most cases this is accomplished through an interfacing device (sometimes called a controller) somewhat similar in function to a modem. Tn addition to sending code, the controllers can also receive code, translating the audio tones
from the receiver into characters you can see on the CoCo's screen. Alt that is needed for the CoCo is terminal software, the same software you would use to connect to Compuserve, Delphi or your local BBS.

Most of the interface devices on the market are multifunctional in nature. That is, they atlow your CoCo to control several communications modes, not just CW. Many include RTTY, AMTOR (a form of errortree radio teletype), WEFAX (reception of weather map facsimile transmissions) and packet, which I'll discuss in a moment.

In some cases it is also possible to connect the CoCo directly to the station equipment without using an interface. In fact software is avaliable that allows the CoCo to send and receive some modes by using the cassette port. However, this approach is not commonly used because of operating and performance limitations.

As data managers CoCos help hams keep detailed logs of stations they have contacled. They are particularly helpful during on-the-air contests where the goal is to communicate with as many different stations as possible. Specially written software keeps track of contest scores and weeds out duplicate loggings where a station has been contacted more than once. Some hams also use their CoCos to design and print QSL (contact verification) cards and compile mailing lists. Among the hams who use the amateur radio satellites, CoCos track orbital information to predict when a satellite is in the best position for contact.

With most of the amateur radio software written for the Commodore and IBM computers, ham radio software for the CoCo may be a bit difficult to locate. However, it is out there. There are several sources for Color Computer ham software, both public domain and commer-
cial. But if you're only interested in using the CuCo with interfacing devices, no special software is needed beyond a standard CoCo terminal program.

## The Special World Of Packet

A new and growing form of amateur radio communication has appeared on the scene in just the last several years. It is the closest thing yet to a perfect blending of the amateur radio and computing hobbies. This unique and fascinating mode is known as packet.

Packet is a form of linking between two computers that uses an amateur radio version of the well-known X. 25 networking protocol. As the name implies, packet transmissions involve short bursts (packets) of data sent from one ham station to another. Some stations link directly; but in instances where this is not possible, packets are passed automatically between relaying stations until they reach their destinations. Once again interfacing devices (often referred to as terminal node controllers or TNCs) form the bridge between the computer and the

other amateur station equipment.
Like the interfaces mentioned above, TNCs usually connect to the CoCo via the serial I/O port. Standard terminal software is all that is needed to communicate between the two. By communicating with the TNC, the CoCo user sets and adjusts certain operating parameters such as baud rate, date and time stamping, message logging, etc. In furn the TNC receives the incoming packets and displays them on the sereen. The TNC also performs all the functions necessary to transmit and/or relay outgoing packets.

Packet enthusiasts exchange everything from simple messages to entire programs. There are even packet builetin board systems (PBBS) that operate in much the same manner as telephone bulletin boards. The main difference is the lack of telephone lines since all communication is performed by radio.

Local area packet networks are appearing all across the country. Most of these operate on VHF frequencies where antennas are small and equipment is relatively cheap. If you have a programmable VHF police scanner, try setting it to 145.01 MHz . If you listen long enough, you may hear the brief, high-pitched buzzing sounds that are the trademarks of packet transmissions. If you have a TNC connected between your CoCo and the scanner's auxiliary speaker jack, you actually see packet messages scrolling across the screen.

Some hams, in the spirit of experimentation, have set up ultra-high-speed packet links on the UHF and microwave bands. These links comect several local area networks simultaneously, allowing packets to flow more easily between them. At the same time packet activity is also found on lower frequencies where atmospheric conditions permit long-range link-ups covering thousands of miles.

There are quite a few TNCs available for packet users. Some have software and interfacing specific for certain computers (usually IBM or Commodore), but here are also many models that are universally compatible. Some of the communication interfaces mentioned earlier include packet TNC functions as part of their design. Costs range from about $\$ 140$ for a basic TNC to almost $\$ 400$ for a deluxe all-mode TNC interface.

## Questions and Answers

By now you may be interested in exploring amateur radio, but perhaps you still have some lingering questions. Let's try to address some of the common ones here.

Do you need a license to become an amalew radio operator?' Yes, you do. There are five license grades: novice, technician,
general, advanced and extra. As you progress from novice to extra, the tests become more difficult, but the privileges expand (more frequencies, more modes to use). This is not to say that you have to start at the novice level and work your way up over a period of months or years. If you can pass the test elements for the lower grades, you can get a license at any level right away.

Are the license exams difficult? The answer depends on the grade in question and your willingness to learn. All amateur radio license examinations require you to send and receive Morse code as well as pass a written test. At the novice level the tests are fainfy easy. The code rate is a slow five words per minute. The written test covers basic electricity and the Federal Communications Commission law. The code speed gets higher and the written tests become tougher as you move up the ranks. For example, the technician, general and advanced licenses require that you send and receive code at 13 words per minute. Extra class requires code proficiency at 20 words per minute. While these code speeds are not overly difficult, they do present a challenge to some. The written tests also require a more in-depth knowledge of electronics, especially at the advanced and extra levels. Despite this I have seen people with little or no electronics education who have studied and passed the higher-level license tests. Dedication is the key.

Who gives the tests? The FCC recently changed the law affecting amateur license testing. Now qualified amateurs known as volunteerexaminers can give the tests right in your home town. Your local ham club usually has a volunteer examiner among its members and may even offer classes to help you pass the tests.

Is there a minimum age requirement? No. Anyone can become a ham.

Is ham equipment expensive? It doesn't have to be. If you require the latest in full featured, high-tech equipment, you can expect to pay a fair amount for it. Much of the new amateur equipment available today is manufactured in Japan, and with the yen/dollar imbalance costs can be high. For example, a new transceiver for the shortwave frequencies can cost $\$ 1000$ or more. VHF equipment costs range from the low to high hundreds, depending on the item desired. However, it is important to point out that there is a great deal of used equipment very reasonably priced. With a little shopping in the classifieds and at ham radio flea markets, it is possible to find excellent equipment bargains for $\$ 200$ or less sometimes much less. You can also build your own equipment, an activity that is truly in keeping with the spirit of the hobby. Depending on what you build and where
you find your parts, this can be a very cost effective and rewarding approach.

Won't I need to put up huge antemnas? Not at all. Once again it all depends on your ambitions. As a general rule the higher the antema the better the performance. That's why you see those large antennus mounted on high towers. But you don't need a big, high antenna to communicate. Some hams talk around the world using a single wire strung between two trees. I once had a fascinating conversation with a ham in Alaska using a crude wire antenna that dangled out of my second-story-apartment window. As mentioned previously, VHF packet doesn't require large antennas at all. I"m a very active "packeteer" in my area, and yet I only have a small antenna (basically a six-foot-long aluminum lube) strapped to a fence post in the back yard.

How can/get more information.' That's the easiest question of all! There are at least three good sources:

- The American Radio Relay League, 225 Main Street, Newington, CT 06111 , is an excellent starting point. This organization represents amateur radio interests in the United States and is very active in promoting the hobby. It has a large assortment of helpful materials to get you on your way. The phone number is (203) 666-1541.
- Your local amateur radio elub. Amateur radio is so widespread that there are ham clubs in many locations. The American Radio Rclity Lcague can provide you with a list of clubs in your area. Check your newspapers as well. Some clubs publish their meeting times and they always welcome strangers. If you have a programmable police scanner, set it to scan the frequencies between 146 and 148 MHz . You may hear local club members talking to each other about upcoming meetings and events.
- If you have a modem, check the BBSs for Special Interest Groups (SIGs) that are dedicated to amateur radio. CompuServe, for example, has an aciive SIG known as hammet. You'll find helpful hams in the SIGs and often a wealth of public-domain amateur radio software too.

It is atso worth mentioning that Radio Shack sells a pre-packaged novice license training course (Cat, No. 62-2402) for about $\$ 20$. The package includes a study guide and cassette tapes to help you learn Morse code. If you can't attend a class in your area, this is a good altemative.

Amateur radio has a lot to offer the computer hobbyist. Beware, though - once it gets into your blood, it's a hard habit to shake. Most bans who join early stay hams for the rest of their lives. Once you take a good look at the hobby, you can see why.

## ..... SCOREBOARD POINTERS .....

In conjuction with THE RAINBOW's Scoreboard, we offer this bi-monthly column of pointers for game-playing readers' benefit. If you have some interesting hints, tips or responses to questions, or want help yourself, we encourage you to write to the Scoreboard, c/o THE RAINBOW.

In response to questions from:

- Clinton Morell: In The Imerbank Incident give the medicine to the guy standing behind the desk at the hotel in Munich. If he has anything to tell you, he'll talk after taking a pilt. As to what to do with the IBC shirt and the dice, you "ve got me. The computer is rather complicated. First you have to have the disk, the portable computer and the computer cartridge. Give the cartridge to the computer console in the museum. Next insert the disk into the portable computer, then give the portable computer to the console. The data should begin transferring to the computer and is stored on the disk.

What do you do with the ring?

- Jason Hanna: In Dungeons of Daggoraih, keep either the fire ring or the ice ring without using it until you reach the wizard's image. Be sure your heartbeat has slowed down. Youalso need a Hale flask. Let the image come to you, then hit him once with the ring, run a few rooms away, use the Hale flask and wait for him to come at you again. Hit him once more with the ring and he should die. Then you are transported to Level 4.
- Brad Renfro: In Dumgeons of Daggorath, to kill the bat you must have a ring. It can be just a gold ring. Hit him about 20 times repeatedly, run a few rooms a way. then tum around and wait for him and attack again. It takes time but you'll get him.

Kill the wizard with an iron sword and bronze shield? You've got to be kidding - you need the elvish sword and the mithril shield. Wait for him to come to you, hit him once and run about 10 or 12 rooms away and turn around . This gives your heartbeat time to slow down. Then wait for him again.

Repeat the above steps. Done correctly, you kill him but it takes time.

Jason Jones
Greenville, South Carolina

- David McCoy: In Shenanigans to convince the computer to open the trap door, type OPEN DOOR. Then you see the ald cabin.

In Vortex Factor, how des you light up the caverns in the Cairo Moon? How do you open the safe in the first room?

Helder Santos
Monreal, Quebec

- Steven Lipsraw: You can get out of Level 5 in Thexder by getting to the place where there is just one creature (called a balder) in a dead end and blasting the ceiling away until you get out to the passage above.

James Wilcox
Epping, New Hampshire

## Scoreboard:

I need help on Martian Crypt. How do I cross the open pit or the floor with cracks in the cave after I give the diamond to the Mattian?

Eurik Perez
New York

## Scoreboard:

In Interbank Incident I know if you have two keys at the start in Seattle, you can go to the apartment building and use both keys to open the door. Does anyone know what the sfot on the boat is for?

Robert Freeze Toledo, Ohio

## Scoreboard:

In Interbank Incident I have the wallet but when I give it to anyone, the game stops. Why? I can't find the codebook or the thieves' hideout. Any other help
would be great, too. I also need help in the force field room in the master control center in Robor Odyssey.

Andy Schmidt
Florence, Kenucky
Scorehoard:
I need help with White Fire of Etermity. I'm in a shrine honoring the dwarf miners. I see a statue, box, light, stone and pick. I tried to get the pick, but it's stuck in the statue's hands. Without a good grip I'm not able to pull it out. If you have any information regarding this please write.

Harrison Feltner Happy, Kentucky

## Scorehoard

Has anyone played the game Night of the Living Dead by Savage Software? We have gone into the church and examined it carefully (we think) and then gone into the churchyard. There we always get killed by the zombie. We are beginning adventure game players, but it seems we should get farther than that. Can anyone help?

Thelma I. Saffold
Austell, Georgia

To respond to others readers' inquiries and requests for assistance, reply to "Scoreboard Pointers" cou The rainbow. P.O. Box 385, Prospect, KY 40059. We will share your reply with all "Scoreboard" readers in an upcoming issue. For greater convenience, "Scoreboard Pointers" and requests for assistance may also be sent to us through the Mall, section of our Delphi CoCe SIG. From the $\mathrm{CoCoSIG}>$ prompt, pick Mall, then type send and address to:editors. Be sure to include your complete name and address.

## 大 $九 木 大 丈 大$ 大 SCOREBOARD

ADVANCED STAR＂TRENCH（THE FAINBOW，／／BG
4.750 Stephamie Martel，Laval，Quebec
$4 .{ }^{4} 500$ Slephanie Martel， Laval，Queber
4，475 David Schaller，Clarksion，WhA
ANDRDNE（Rado Shack）
28,635 Wayne Fóberts，Slilwater，OK
28,635 Wayne Foberts，Stilwater，OK
20,820 Gary Budzak，Weslerville，OH
ASTHO BLAST（Mark Dara）
49，356 Brian S．Brame，Lakeside，CA
48.825 Tony Bacon，Mi，Vernon，IN
34.980 Malthew Simith，Colutienaxy，Brilish Columbla ATOM（fiadio Shack）
 NY
BASH（SFB Sofware）
342，800 David Ring，Lymam，NE
744.900 Andy Carter，North Charleston， 8 C

EEAH RIDER（D \＆D Solfware）
$1,413,510$ Jimes Sinyder，Cincimati， OH
1，388，540 Riose Snyder，Cincinnati， OH
1，232，430 Beveriy Fihm，Appleton，Wil
BEE ZAPPER（THE RAINBOW， $9 / 87$ ）
28，275 Whiliam Curne，Eryanis Road，MD
15，785 Dawld Hantmann，Osoyoos，Brilish Columbia
12，325 Frederick Lajoie，Middletan，Nowa Scolia
BIOSPHERE（Radio \＄hack）
64，000 Ty Stocksdale，Racine，WI
BLITZ（THE RANBOW，6／88）
126，400 Jerry Anderson，Jacksonville，FL
69，150 Ryum Schlecht，Gackie，ND
66，975 Joel Klein，Indianapolis，IN
63，150 Kreik Bryzon，Woodstoch，GA
gOUNCING BOULDERS（Diecom Products）
24，186 Dennis Zobel，Centereach，NY
16,874 Michajel Zobel，Gentereach，NY
10，930 Patrick Garneau．Ste－Croix，Ouebec
BREWMASTER（MOVASOFT）
133，025 Andy DeGroal，Saginaw，M
52,500 Chris Deperlein，Peekskill，NV
52,175 Heldar Santes，Montreal，Quebeb
51,925 Weridy Slidub，Moundsvilie，WV
CASHEMAN（MichTron）
11.910 Helder Santos，Montreal，Ouabec 9．870 Martirn Parada，Arcadia，CA
CAVEWALKER（Radio Shack）
209.670 Todd Von Natla，Isle of Palms，SC

183，290 Robert Young，Mildway，Oniarlo
41，000 Pustayll Warran Bevers
34,720 Chris Kremo，Eothel，CT
30，309 Gathy England Kimble，Glendale，AZ
CLOWWS \＆BALLOONS（Fiadfo Shack）
698，960 Faye Keefer，Augusta，GA
217，500 Frankie LiGlowanni，Olney．MD
70，180 Gfiarles Androws，Delte Jct．AK
COLOR BASEBALL（Radio Shavk）
596－0 Franck © D＇Amato，Brooklyn，NY
59500 Tom Cherubino，Broaklyn，NY
489－0 Brias latimer Grangevill
389－0 Hes Lamer，
$\begin{array}{ll}387-0 & \text { Joel Stocksdale，Racine，WI } \\ 276-0 & \text { Kevin Wannemacher，Payne，OH }\end{array}$
$\begin{array}{ll}27600 & \text { Kevin Wannemacher，Payne，OH } \\ 23 \mathrm{e}-0 & \text { John Walentine，Malborough，CT }\end{array}$
172－0 Ryan Murray，Herrlin，IL
149－0 John Breckel，Wilmington，OH
147－2 John Weaver．Amsterdam，NY
137－0 Seotl Galwao，Tiverton， Al
137－0 Jennifer Johnison，Meriden，©T
132－0 Karen Rintiller，Adams，NY
130－0 Matheur Stider，Pinéhurs，TX
$130-2$ Grag Allen，Alwater，CA
126－0 Jason Trammel，Murphysboro，IL 119－0 Cliris Donato，Euclid， OH
COLOR CAR（NOUASOFI）
343075 Duncan Camernan，Chippewa Falls，W1 316，550 Alan Martin，Cornwall，Ontario COLDA POKER（THE RAINBOW，4／83）

110，149，b00 Earl Foster，Lynchburg，VA THE CONTROLLERS（THE RAINBOW，2／88）

365 Roger Rance，Charleston，SC
CRYSTAL CASTLES（Thunder Vision）
516，220 Jason Trammel，Murphysboro．IL
DALLAS QUEST（Hadio Shack）
a1 Brad Whilson，Lithla Sprlngs，GA
85 Paul Summers，Orange Park，FL
as David and Shirley Johinson，Leicester，NC
© 0 Roy Grant．Toledo． OH
86 Melanle Mogr，Florence，AL
B6 Curtis Trammal，Murphysboro．iL
DEF MOV（THE RANBOW，1／97）
50，500 Frankie DiGiovanni，Olney，NO
43，806 Dominge Martinez，Miami，FL
39,320 Matthew Smith，Courtenay，日ritish Columbla
DEMOLITIDN DEREY（Radio Shack）
113,200 Gary Budzak，Westervilla，OH
110，500 Jason Downs，Albany，OA
100,500 Richard Winkelbauer，Bronx．NY
DEMON ATTACK（imagic）
279．435 Jon Hobsonn Plannield，WI
202，260 Fon Brigos，Hillsdate，NY
B9，és Upton Thomits，Arnold，MD
DESEAT PATROL（ARCade Ammation）
1．099．899 Chris Lucero，Denwer CO
505，250 Ficky Turkett，Marlow，OK
234，300 Steven Turcotte，Matane，Quebec
DESERT RIDER（Radio Shacf）
80,703 Thomas Payton．Anderson， SC
68,353 Mile Alt，San 山uan Capistrano，CA
$65,5.51$ Jusson Hachley，Clinton，CT
DEVIL ASSAULT（TOM Mix）
1，866，100 Stephane Martel，Laval，Quebec
623.550 Dale Krugger，Maple Firge，British Golumbir

DOWNHILL（THE FAIMBOW，1／89）
10 James Donegan．Saugerties，NY
Io Amy Schiller，Denmark，WI
10 Ryun Schlecht．Gackle．ND
DOWNLAND（Radio Shack）
125,450 Pat Norris，O＇Fállon．MO
99，982 Eric Mellon，Mewark，DE
99,980 Danry Wimet，Rome，NY
DRACONIAN（Jom Msx）
137.810 Chrls Lucere，Denver， CO

127,970 Michael Mullen，Buffalo，NY
DRAGON FIRE（Aadio Shack）
160,835 Eric Olson，Wheaton，IL
146，325 Sitephane Martel，Laval，Ouqbec ENCHANTER（Iffocom）

400361 David P．McEcy．Franklin，NC
FIRESTORM（THE RAINBOW，1／85）
22，505 Chad Presley，Luseland，Saskatchewan
11，250 Stephanh Mertel，Laval，Quesec
5，680 Kathy Rumpel，Arcadia，WI
5，180 Mark Brissie，Nashwille，TN
GALAGTIC ATTACK（Racio Shack）
31.100 Upton Thomas，Arnold，MD

29,030 David Czameck，Northampton，MA
26，370 Jelf Fermick．Warren．W＇I
GALAGON（Spectral Assoclates）
751,020 Siofia Giorgi，Eresilia，Brezil
357,890 Jason Clough，Houston，TX
328，820 Bernard Burke，Lee＇s Summit，MO
GANTELET（Diecom Products，
65，398，298 Phil Woodimg，Fenovo，PA
45，235，820 Ken Hubbaro，Madison，Wh
23，643，720 Geran Staiker，Fivordalo，GA
GANTELET II（Digcom Producte，
65，399，289 Corey Kaplar，Flanavn，PA
17，701，060 Bryan Bell，Manassas，VA
441．490 Asher Martin，Woodridge，IL
55，015 Andy Freeman．Turtle Lake，W1
GFL CHAMPIONSHIP FOOTBALL II（Tandy）

1，046－0 Mark E．Wentrobla，Tyler，TX 625－0 Fyan Grady，Newbury Park，GA
522－14 Josh Encarnatuotn，Ormaha．NE
83－3 Charles Reve de Correr，Laurent，Quebec GHANA BWANA（Radio Shack）
2350.750 Michaol Heitz，Chicago，it

102，520 Joseph Delaney，Augusla，GA
400,0000 Tom Jones，Milan，li
282,070 Kelly jones，West Salem， OH
174,410 Caraann dentzsch，Dulur，OR
GIN CHAMPION（Radio Shach）
3,2240 Lee Deviell，Shell Rock，IA
$1.602-0$ Jimmy Garner，Ft Worth，TX 1，120－0 Kim Noun．Por Gog．，British Columbia
RANDPRIX CHALLENGE（Diecom Proderis）
67，710 H．Dingwell，Litchtield，CT
GROBOT（Giflorens Computer Workshop）
9，665 Wendy Staub，Moundsville，WV
8，000 Curt Lebel，Lowiswille，KY
HELICOPTER HERO（THE FAINBOW，3／88，
4，008 Jerry Arderson，Jacksorville，FL
103 Phil Holslen，Moraga，CA
76 Chris Niswer．Lockport，NY
HITCHHIKER＇S GLIDE TO THE GALAXY（intocorn） 400／359 Roy Grant，Toledo，OH
4 4n／42？Ielf Holtham，Waterim，Ontario
$400 / 510$ Brad Wilson，Lithia Springs，GA
IRON FOREST（Diecom Products）
5，671，500 Douglas Paulson，Richtipid，ID
4.086 .000 Gabriel Riley．Richlield．ID

3，173，200 Charles Boyd，Amarillo，TX
2，676，300 danet Eoyd，Amarillo，TX
$1,376,850$ Ricky Turkett．Marlow．OK
JOKEA POKER（THE RAINBOW，3／67）
62，057，906 Carole Rueckert，Mansfield， OH

$47,505,822$ Blain Jamiéson，Kingslo
$24,733,284$ Jon Fogarty，Yale，M1
JUNIOR＇S REVENGE（Compulerware）
2，503000 Stephane hartel，Laval，Ouebec 257.800 Keith Cohen，Focky Mount，NC

JUNKFOOD（THE RAINEOW，11／94）
535，760 Charlie Ginn，Augusta，GA
356.850 Jon Hobson．Plaintiald，W1

18，990 Joel ḱlein，Indianapolis．IN
KING PEDE（T \＆D Solfware）
145，035 Trisha Eckhoff，North Platte，NE 83，355 Mike Snyder，Allen，OK
KING＇S OUEST＇III（Siarfa On－Line）
210210 David Fing．Lymañ，NE
KNOCK OUT（Diecom Froducts）
472,995 Frank D＇Amato，Brooktyn，NY
183，675 Rush Caley，Port Orehard，WA
105，585 Bob Brinsilield，dr．，Norwood，PA
KORONIS RIFT（Epyz）
198,250 Mario Zuvieta，McAllen．TX
I的市，740 Tony Harbin，Cullman，AL
KUNG－FU DUDE（Sundog Systems）
32，000 Tony Geitgery，Uniwersily Park，PA
16．130 Rod Miller，Sarasota，FL
14，305 David Schulze，Şari Anlonio，TX
12，150 Gocy Deegan，Faflon，NV
10，145 Flandy Milier，Sarasota，FL
THE LAIR（Freebooler Software）
LANDER（T $\&$ D Software）
LANDER（T \＆D Software）
780 Ari Enkin，Nea
780 Ari Enkin，Neapen，Ontario
LASER SURGEON：THE MICROSGOPIC MISSION （Activision）
$42,767 \mathrm{Joe}$ Stamley．Harrisburg．IL
LUNAR－ROVER PATROL（Spectral Associates）
73，500 Aron Wuelfing，Cladwin，MI
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12,000 Wathew Smith, Courtenay, Brilish Columbia
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68
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For greater convenience, your high scores may also be sent to us through the MAIL section of our Delphi CoCo SIG. From the CoCo SIG>prompt, pick MAIL, then type SEND and address to: EDITORS.

## THE <br> OS-9 *CART INTERRUPT

Solving the mysteries of OS-9 terminal problems

CoCo 3 OS-9 users with MulliPak Interfaces and RS-232 Paks occasionally find mysterious problems with OS-9 terminal programs locking up and refusing to receive more data. Restarting the terminal program, sometimes including use of the hardware Reset button, is required to resume operation.

Some experts have examined these problems and found that the problem is in the design of the Multi-Pak and the CoCo 3's GIME chip. It turns out that most, if not all, interrupt-related problems are solved by simple hardware modifications to the Multi-Pak and the Color Computer 3.

This article describes the Multi-Pak and CoCo 3 fixes and gives a detailed technical explanation of what is being fixed and why. The description of the Multi-Pak fix is brief. Tony DiStefano described a variant of that tix in the September ' 88 issue of THE RAINBOW in his "Turn of the Screw" column. The fix for the CoCo 3 is presented in detail to allow a hardware tinkerer of modest ability to make the needed modifications.

It is important to understand that these
Martin H. Goodman, M. D., a physician trained in anethesiology, is a longtime electronics tinkerer and outspoken commentator - sort of the Howard Cosell of the CoCo world. On Delphi, Marty is the SIGop of RaiNbOW'S CoCo SIG and database manager of OS-9 Online. His noncomputer passions inchde running, mountaineering and outdoor photography Marty lives in San Pablo. California.
fixes are primarily valuable for those using OS-9 and the RS-232 Pak. The fixes are probably not needed for other applications. Most Disk Basic terminal programs do not use the interrupt on the RS-232 Pak. Thus these fixes are not valuable for them. Ulitmaterm uses the interrupt and its users may find mysterious lockups are alleviated by making these fixes.

## General Rackground

Operating systems and other software are informed of events such as the arrival of data in the serial port through an imerrupt. An interrupt is an electrical signal that tells the central processor to put other activities on hold and attend to the arrival of new data.

Although the Color Computer 1 was designed a long time ago, the designers provided for interrupts to be passed from the system bus (cartridge slot) or Multi-Pak slots to the 6809. However, the handling of this interrupt signal is not very sophisticated. Little thought appears to have been given to problems that might have arisen if interrupts were generated by multiple sources.

Instead of sending the interrupt directly to the 6809 (which would have been simple and direct), or adding a special interrupt handler chip designed to properly handle multiple interrupts, they provided for incoming interrupts to be processed by a PIA chip before being passed to the 6809. This is the *CART interrupt, $\operatorname{Pin} 8$ on the 40 -pin CoCo system bus.

## Technical Background

When the Multi-Pak was designed, more complexity was added to the processing of *CART interrupt signals. The Multi-Pak had provisions for switehing through software which of the four slots were looked at by the computer for disk ROMs, I/O ports and *CART signals.

The low-order two bits (bits 0 and 1) of the byte written to $\$ F F 7 F$ determines which of the four cartridge slots in the Multi-Pak is accepting signals from the *SCS line (Input/Output addresses in the range of \$FF40 through \$FF5F used by the disk controller). Bits 4 and 5 control which slot the computer looks at to find a disk ROM (*CTS line), and from which slol *CART interrupts are accepted.

When OS-9 is running, the ACIA device driver must switch the slot selector to see if there are any interrupts pending from any of the cartridge slots. That is, the device driver must swith the Multi-Pak slot se-
lector for the *CART line in order to detect the presence of an interrupt.

Sometimes an interrupt is generated and disappears before the Multi-Pak slot is selected to the device generating it, and it gets missed. Or two slots may be generating intcrrupts and, while processing one interrupt, the other pending interrupt fails to get serviced. If the interrupt that fails to get serviced is an RS-232 Pak interrupt, characters can be missed or - worse-the RS-232 Pak can lock up entirely. This problem is addressed by "strapping" the *CART interrupt.

## Technical Explanation

When the Color Computer 3 was designed, even more complexity was added to the handling of the *CART interrupt. In addition to the route from the cartridge slot to the CPU via the PIA chip, the GIME chip of the CoCo 3 was set up to receive the *CART interrupt also and pass it to the IRQ interrupt on the 6809.

The nomal way intertupts work on the 6809 is that the intertupt line is normally in a logic high $(+5)$ level, and when the interrupt is activated, it is pulted to logic low (ground) level. The 6809 responds to the level (high or low) of the interrupt and recognizes the IRQ interrupt whenever it


Figure 1: CoCo 3 mother board showing where to find R2 and R7.
sees its IRQ pin low. It keeps seeing the interrupt until the pin is thigh unless the interrupt is lurned off by setting interrupt control flags inside the 6809 using the condition code register.

The designers of the GIME did not have the *CART signal detected by its level. The GIME chip's *CART interrupt input triggers on the transition from high to low of the interrupt line. What this means is that if one interrupt occurs very shortly after another, the GIME chip might never sce the second interrupt because it is processing
the first one. By the time it starts looking for the second one, all it sees is the persistence of a low level on its interrupt line. Since it needs to see an actual transition on that pin, it fails to see the second interrupt.

This situation can casily occur under OS-9 if you are using a terminal program. The 60 Hz clock inside the GIME is constantly "ticking," generating 60 *CART interrupts per second. At the same time the RS-232 Pak is receiving characters and generating a *CART interrupt each time a character conmes in. Sooner or later the

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interrupt generated by the RS-232 Pak occurs almost immediately after an interrupt generated by the internal 60 Hz clock. The RS232 Pak interrupt gets lost, resulting in lost characters or a lockup of the RS-232 Pak.

Making the GIME chip"s *CART interrupt input pin "edge-triggered" was a design mistake. This mistake was probably made because the PIA that handles the *CART interrupt on the old CoCo 1 and 2 uses an edge-triggered input. The GIME chip designers decided to copy that, without thought to the fact that the 6809 itself uses a level-sensitive interrupt and the way OS-9 works. Due to some specific design decisions about the way OS-9's interrupt handling software was written, and the fact that OS-9 needs to use multiple sources for interrupts, a level-sensitive interrupt is more desirable. If the CoCo 3 had a special interrupt-handling chip to sort out multiple interrupts using dedicated hardware, here would not be a problem.

It is important to realize that various third-party manufacturers recommend this fix be used to cure a flaw in the basic design of the Color Computer 3's GIME chip.

Why would anyone want to use an edgetriggered input for an interrupt? The answer is that if you are only dealing with a single source of interrupts, edge-triggered interrupt inputs are best at detecting interrupts that oceur for a very brief period of time. Level-sensitive interrupt handling is better for situations where more than one interrupt is used simutaneously and where the interrupt lines are left active (low) until they are serviced by the software.

## The Multi-Pak *CART Hardware Fix

Before proceeding, it is important you keep in mind that opening your Multi-Pak or CoCo case voids any wananty currently in effect.

DiStefano recommends that OS-9 users "strap" the cartridge interrupt pins in their Multi-Paks. This involves opening the unit, removing the motherboard and turning it upside down. With the solder points for the four cartridge slots exposed, locate the spots where Pin 8 of each 40 -pin female edge connector is soldered to the board. Run jumpers to each Pin 8 , connecting all of then together. This fix may be done with either the old or new (Cat. No. 26-3024 or 26-3124, respectively) Multi-Pak Interfaces.

Some purists recommended cutting three of the four "CART pull-up resistors in the Multi-Pak in addition to strapping the *CART line. In the older Multi-Paks these arc R11 through R14. In the newer, smalker Multi-Paks they are R3 through R6. If you do not cut three of the four puil-up resistors, there is a total resistance of over 1 K , meaning less than 5 milliamps of current. It is
unlikely that this will cause any problem with most logic. However, if you want to be a purist, then cut out any threc of the four resistors from your Multi-Pak.

After you strap the *CART interrupt lines on your Multi-Pak, you are unable to use normal Radio Shack game cartridges in the Multi-Pak. If a game cartridge is in one of the slots, it causes the computer to crash. If you want to use your game cartridges, you need to cut the connection bet ween Pin 8 and 9 on the game cartridge, select the slot with the modified game cartridge (using either the hardware switch on the MultiPak or a software poke), then type EXEC \&HE010. The game then executes properly.

## The CoCo 3 *CART Hardware Fix

Purchase a Schottky barrier diode from Radio Shack (Cat. No.276-1 165). Note that virtually any physically small Schotky barrier diode will do. In a pinch you can use a gemmanium diode, such as a 1 N34. The cathode is the lead nearest the band on the diode. The anode is the other lead,

Open the CoCo 3 and remove the case and keyboard. To remove the keybourd, grasp both sides of the plastic ribbon cable that attaches the keyboard to the keyboard ribbon cable socket and gently pull it our of the socket.

Now solder eight inches of insulated wire to each side of the Schottky diode, I recommend using 24-or 26 -gauge stranded wire with black or green insulation soldered to the cathode of the diode (the side that las the stripe near it), and red or orange wire soldered to the anode of the diode. Insulate the diode using heat shrink tubing or electrical tape so none of the leads or solder joints between the diode and the wire are exposed. Be sure you know which wire leads to the anode and which leads to the cathode of the diode.

Locate R 2 on your CoCo 3 ; this is a 4.7 K ohm (yellow, violet and red) resistor in front of the Reset button of the computer. $R 2$ is silk-screened in white on the circuit board behind the resistor. Solder the wire from the anode of the diode to the side of R3 that is toward the front of the computer (the side away from the Reset button).

Locate R7; this is also a 4.7 K ohm (yellow, violet and red) resistor found just to the left of the 68B21 PIA chip. $R 7$ is silkscreened in white just in front of this resistor. The 68 B 21 PIA chip is one of two $40-$ pin chips found to the left of the keyboard cable socket. Solder ihe wire from the cathode of the Schottky diode to the right side of R7 nearest the 68 B 21 chip.

The side of R7 that you soldered the cathode of the diode to is connected directly to Pin 8 of the 40 -pin system bus socker. This is the incoming *CART sig-
nal. The side of R2 you hooked the anode of the diode to connects directly to $\operatorname{Pin} 3$ of the 68 B 09 E , which is the IRQ pin of the 6809.

You have bypassed the internal GIME chip circuitry by routing the incoming *CART line directly to the IRQ pin of the 68 B 09 E . The diode is needed to make sure other interrupts (like the clock interrupt) are not fed backwards toward the *CART line. This would cause the computer to think it had an auto-start ROM pak plugged in, and cause it to crash. I suggest you use a Schottky diode because of the very low ( 0.2 volt) voltage drop across its junction. A germanium diode (which has a 0.3 volt (rop across its junction) is less desirable but OK. Do not use a normal silicon diode because the 0.6 volt drop across its junction is high enough to potentially cause problems with the logic. This fix allows an auto start ROM pak to work properly if plugged directly into the CoCo 3 's cartridge slot. Of course if the CoCo 3 is being used with a Multi-Pak modified as described above, normal auto-start ROM packs will not work properly.

## Hacker's Historical Note

Old-tine OS-9 hackers have used less elegant variants of this fix for several years. Typically they hard-wire the interrupt pirn from the RS-232 Pak directly to the IRQ pin of the 6809. This modification requires an external wire running from the $\mathrm{RS}-232$ Pak to the inside of the CoCo, Some sophisticated hackers eliminate the *CART line entirely and, having freed up $\operatorname{Pin} 8$ of the CoCo's system bus, use that to pass the interrupt from the RS-232 Pak to the 6809's IRQ pin. These hacks work and nicely cure the GIME chip's interrupt-handling probtem. But they are more difficult to use than the diode modification described above. The diode modification has been used quite extensively and works just as well as the more complicated internal $\mathrm{CoCo} 3 * \mathrm{CART}$ modifications.

## Acknowledgements

Special thanks are due Roger Krupski of RGB Systems (creator of the software for the RGB hard drive system) for his extensive help in explaining the diode modification to mc. Roger is the originator of this elegant fix. Thanks, too, to Bruce Isted (designer of the Frank Hogg Labs deluxe hard drive system and the eliminator pack) for his comments on both Roger's fix and on sone of the other *CART hacks. And thanks to Greg Law, SysOp on the Delphi OS-9 SIG, and Tim Koonce, author of VTERM and database manager on the Delphi CoCo SIG, who helped explain various technical subtleties.

# Dr. Preble's Programs Since 1983 



## Pyramix

This fascinating CoCo 3 gane continues to be one of our best sellets. Pyrearix is 100\% machine language written exclusively 10 take advantage of all the power in your 128 K CoCo 3. The Colors are brilliant, the taphits sharp, the action fast. Written by Jotdan Tsvelkoti and a product of ColorVenture.

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['ve got to admit, this is one nifty conputer program. Foca/ Freedom tutns your computer into a digital voice recordet. 'lhe optiopal Hacker'z Pac lets you incorporate voices or sounds that you record into yout own BASIC or ML programs. This is not a synthesizer. Soynds ire digitized directly into computer memory so that voices or sound effects sound very natural. One "ofl-ihe-shefr" application for Yotal Freedom is an mutomatic mexien minder. Record a message for your family into memory. Sel Vocal Freedomion automatic. When Vocal Freetom "hears" any noise in the room, it plays the prerecorded messafe! Disk operations are supported. YF also tests memory to take advantage of from 64 K up to a full 512 K . Requires low cost amplifief (RS cat. *277-1008) and any microphone.

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speech synthesiterl Requites Radio Shack's low cost Biofeedback monitor, Cat. \#63-675.

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If you have an idea for the "Wishing Well," submit it to Fred clo the ralnbow. Remember, keep your ideas specific, and don' Iforget this is Bassc, All programs resulting from your wishes are for your use but remain the prop. erty of the author.

Last month I took a break from a long scrics of educational programs by revamping an old BASIC graphics game I wrote when the CoCo first came out: Meteor Storm. Those of you who have entered that listing or louded it from your RAINBOW ON TAPE or DISK should have gotten a few hours of fun out of the new, improved version.

As a follow-up to that effort, 1 decided to take another stab at another old chestnut that has been out of circulation for many years, a program I wrote called Star Siege. Not to be oundone by its older brother Meteor Storm, Star Siege 2 has taken on a whole new look and added an element which the original never had, and which no BASIC graphics CoCo game has ever attempted: a moving star field.

## The Original Version

When 1 first wrote Star Siege 1, it was designed as a two-playergame. Two differently shaped vehicles would race around the screen and fire liser bolts at each other. However, since the listing was very long, the program was very slow, even with the high-speed poke. Instead of being a real arcade-style game, it was more like a game of chess. You had to use a little strategy to nove around the screen with your joystick. You also needed someone else to play the game with you.

## New and Improved

I have learned quite a few shortcuts since the original version of this game came out. (Still, this is the first public listing of the game in a magazine. Unfortunately the original made a heavy tour on the piracy route.)

Since a different view of each ship is

Fred Scerbo is a special needs instructor for the North Adams Public Schools in North Adams, Massachusetts. He holds a master's is education and has published some of the first software available for the Color Compiter through his sof ware firn, Mhastrated Memory Banks.

## Innovative renovation

# Machine Language Tricks from a BASIC Game: Star Siege II 

By Fred B. Scerbo Rainbow Contributing Editor

drawn depending on the direction in which your joystick is pointed, the original listing had a lengthy set of IF...THEN statements to determine which view of the ship was drawn.

The listing shown here uses a totally different approach to this problem. Using fewer IF...THEN statements, lines 110 to 150 do the job. This time I used a multidimensional array $5 \$(3,3)$ to control the nine views of the ship(s). By reading the joystick values and setting them into three possible outcomes, I could much more rapidly select a direction and view for the ship.

For example, in our 3-by-3 array, $\$ \$(2,1)$ would show the ship pointing straight up. $\$ \$(2,3)$ would be directly down. Get the idea?

Another big change was switching from PMODE4 to PMODEO and using the PCLEAR8 command. I have gone into great detail in previous articles about why I prefer using the lower-resolution graphic pages. In this case the increase in speed and number of graphic pages more than out weighs the loss of the artifact colors in the star field background.

Using PCOPY, we are also able to completely eliminate the flicker that the animation in the original Star Siege suffered from. We no longer need to undraw each


## The listing: SIEGE2

```
1 REM**************************** 06.101.,.32,.37.,42.37.32.,.42,,
2 REM* STAR SIEGE TWO * 37.37...
3 REM* BY FRED B SCERRO * 35 DATA98...106,.101,..106,.101.
4 REM* COPYRIGHT (C) 1989 * .106,101,33,..37,.42,37,.,34,42
5 REM* 60 HARDING AVE * .,37.37,.32.33
6 REM* NORTH ADAMS,MA Ol247 *
7REM****************************
40 DATA108,108,168,104,.108,104.
100.108.,108,104,104,100.108,36.
44,44,44,36,44,36,44,44,40.44.44
8 PCLEARB
9 CLEAR1000:CLS0
10 PRINTSTRING$(32,188);:FORI=1T
0288: READA:PRINTCHR$(A+128): NEX
T
15 DATAl10.108.108,106,110,109,1
08.106.110.108.109.,110.108,109.
37,44, 44,45, 36,46,37,44,44,42,46
,44,45,37,44,44,45
20 DATA106....104.101..104.106..
101,,106,.101,37,32,\ldots,42,37,...
12.,32.37,,.
25 DATA108 108,108,105,101,.11
,104A108.108,108,106.,101,.,11
0,108,109, 110,109,108,36.44.44
45,,42,37,44,40,.42,32,45,37,44,
40.
30 DATA.,.105,.101,,,105,.101..1 TLE "::PRINT@421," BY FRED B. S
```

ship. We simply use a clean graphic page and PCOPY it to the one we are looking at,

In our layout pages 3 through 8 have random star fields. We PCOPY one of these pages to Page 2. do our drawing, and then PCOPY Page 2 to Page 1 where we do all our watching.

By having six pages reserved for star fields, each one a random field, we get a moving slarfield by selectively using a different page for each drawing. This can be found in lines 285 to 290 .

Not bad for BASIC, eh?

## Using the Game

If you really want to have fun with this game, add the high-speed poke to Line 8 so it reads:

8 PCLEARB:POKE65495.0
for CoCol or 2, or:
8 PCLEAR8:POKE65497.0
for a CoCo 3 .
Be sure to save the program before you run it. With the CoCo 3 high speed poke the game really zips, but it might do weird

```
CERBO ";:PRINT@453," COPYRIGHT
    (C) 1989 '";
70 PRINT@485." ENTER LEVEL (1
2) ":
75 U$="D2RNURNU2BR2NU2BR2U2F2NU2
BR2U2F2U2BR2NR2DNROR2BR2U2R2DLNF
R":D$="D2R2NUBR2NR2U2R2D2BR2R2III
2UR2BR2NR2DNRDR2BR2U2R2DLNFL":NO
$-"U2F2U2C0RC5R2D2L2U2"
80 CO$="R3NDL3D4R5U4R3D2L3RF2RU3
ERFDNL3D2R3EUL3UER3D4U2R3U2D4":H
0$="U5RD2R2U2RD5NLBRU5RD5NLBR3U4
L2UR5DL2D4LBL6U2L2D2L":PF$="NL3N
R3U2DLGFR2EHLGFEH*:DIMA(21):FORI
-12T0240STEP12:A(I/12)=I:NEXT:DI
MB(14):FORI=12T0156STEP12:B(I/12
)=I:NEXT:B(13)=152
85 A(21)-A(20):B(14)-B(13):|R=12
4:CR=256:K=126:L=71:5$(2.1)="U4G
D3G2DRDR4URUH2U3HDGLNGREF":S$[?.
3)-"D4EU3E2ULUL4DLDF2D3FU6RNEL2H
":S$(3,2)="R4HL3H2LDLD4RDRE2R3EL
6UNHD2G":S$(1,2)="L4FR3F2RURU4LU
LG2L3GR6DNFU2E":S$(1,1)="F4ND2NR
2H4DF2D3FEREUEHL3H2L"
90 S$(3.1)="G4NL2ND2E4LG2L3GFDFR
FEU3E2U":S$(3.3)-"H4NU2NL2F4UH2U
3HGLGDGFR3F?R":S$(1,3)="E4NR2NU2
G4RE2R3EHUHLHGU3G2D":A$(2.1) ="G
NU4ND2GNU2GDREFENUGFRUHNUZHZNENH
":A$(3,2)="HNR4NL2HNR2HLDFGFNR6G
ORENR2E2NFNE":A$(2,3)="END4NU2EN
02EULGHGNDGHLDFND2F2NGNF"
95 A$(1,2)="FNL4NR2FNL2FRUHEHNL6
EULGNL2G2NHNG":A!(3,1)="LNE2NG2L
```

2NELGFRDRDFEUNEU2NG2NE2UNRNU": A8 (3.3)="UNF2NH2U2NFUHGDLDLGFRNFR2 NH2NF2RNDNR": A\$ (1.3)="RNG2NE2R2N GREHLULUHGONGO2NE2NG2DNLND": A\$(1 ,1)="DNH2NF2D2NHDFEURUREHLNHL2NF 2NH2LNUNL"
10n EX $\$=$ "NU2NO2NR2NL2NENFNGNH":T C\$="UR3UL3U3R1503LORDL2U2゙LURR2DL 2D3LU4LD4LU2̃U2LDRDLD2LU4LD4LU4L4 DR3D3L4":TD\$="UR3UL3U3R4013DR3D2 RU4RO4RU4R3DL2DROLOR3U4R4DL3D3R2 ULUR2D2RU4R3DL2DRDLDR2DL19": SU\$ $=$
 , 2) $=$ A $\$(1,2):$ GOTO180
105 PMODED. $1:$ SCREEN1, $0:$ SOUNDRND 210), 1:SCREEN1,1:SOUNDRND(210),1 : : PMODEO, 1:SCREEN1,1:RETURN
110 $\mathrm{A}=1: \mathrm{KK} \$=K \$: L L \$=L \$: \$ P \$=\$ \$ \$: X=$ JOYSTK(0):Y=JOYSTK(1):P1-0:R1-0: IFX<2ดTHENP1-(-A)ELSEIFX>40THENF $1=(+A)$
115 IFY <21THENRI=(-A)ELSE1FY>42T HENR1-(+A)
120 $\mathrm{K}=\mathrm{K}+\mathrm{Pl}$ : L=L+R1:GOSUB125:GOTO1 40
125 IFK<1THENK=20 ELSE IF K>20TH ENK=1
130 IFL<1THENL=13ELSEIFL $>13$ THENL $-1$
135 RETURN
$140 \mathrm{X}=\mathrm{INT}(\mathrm{X} / 21)+1: \mathrm{Y}=\mathrm{INT}(\mathrm{Y} / 21)+1$ IFX-4THENX-3
145 IFY=4THENY=3
150 GOSUB510:K\$=STR\$ $(A(K)): L \$=S T$ $R \ddagger(B(L)): R E T U R N$

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things to your machine．
Running the program gives you a new title card．You have two difficulty levels， 1 and 2 ．One is a simple game；Level 2 includes a mystery ship that zaps both you and your opponent．

The Shuttle－like vehicle shown at the bottom left of the score screen is yours．The onc on the right looking like an insect belongs to the computer．The game is now a one player game and you must use your right joystick．Simply fly around the screen and zap your opponent before he zaps you． You will quickly learn that flying directly above or below your opponent can be dangerous．Be careful not to crash into each other．You can have some close calls that look like collisions，but a direct hit will zap you both．

Euch side can take ten hits．The first one


Figure 1
hit ten times is the loser．Believe me，it is not as simple as it sounds．Even without the high－speed poke，the game docs move quite nicely，and I think you will like the moving star fietd．

## Conclusion

Take a close look at the listing and you will see there are a lot of GOSUBs that I did not eliminate from the original．I did not want to make this job too big，and quite frankly I do not remember why I did some things certain ways．If you do check the lines I mentioned，you may get some pro－ gramming ideas of your own．Give it a shot．

Next month we return to some more serious business．Until then，let me know how you＊like these two new versions of older games and whether or not you would like to see more of the same．

155 TS－TS＋1：1FTS＞5THEN TS－6：A＝1： $W=R N D(3): Z=R N D(3): P 2=0: R 2=0: 1 F W=$ 1 THENP2＝（－A）EL5EIFW＝3THENP2－（ +A$)$ 166 IFZ－1THENRZ－（－A）ELSEIFZ－3THE $N R 2=(+A)$
$165 \mathrm{M}=\mathrm{M}+\mathrm{P} 2: \mathrm{N}=\mathrm{N}+\mathrm{R} 2$ ： IFM＜1THENM＝20E LSEIFM＞20THENM＝1
170 IF N＜1THEN N＝13ELSEIF N＞13TH EN $\mathbb{N}=1$
175 G0SUB500：M\＄－STR $\$(A(M)): N \$-S T$ R\＄（B（N））：RETURN
180 IN $\$=$ INKEY $\$$
185 IF IN\＄－＂1＂THEN200
190 IF IN\＆＝＂2＂THEN205
195 G0T0180
200 R3－1：SD\＄－SJ\＄：AD\＄＝A1\＄：GOT0210
 0
210 CLSO：REM START GAME
215 SOUND220．3：SOUND110．3：SOUND1
，3：PMODED．1：PCLSO：SCREEND，1
220 LINE（0，168）－（256，192），PSET，B F：LINE（24，188）－（124，174）．PRESET． BF： $\operatorname{LINE}(154,188)-(256,174)$ ，PRESE T，BF：DRAW＂S8BM12，18＠C日＂＋S\＄（1，2）： DRAM＂S9BM138，180Cの＂＋A末（1，2）
225 FORO＝29T0119STEP10
230 GIRCLE $(0,181), 3,5,1.3$
235 NEXTQ
240 FORQ＝159T0249STEP10
$245 \operatorname{CIRCLE}(Q .181), 3,5,1.3$
250 NEXTO
255 FOREP 2 2T08：PCOPY1TO EP：NEXTE
P：FOREP＝3T08：PRINT＠258，＂STAND B
Y FOR COUNTDOWN：＂；10－EP：：PMODED
，EP： $\mathrm{FORO}=1 \mathrm{TO} 110$
260 PSET（RND（256），RND（148），5）
255 NFXTO：SOUNDI，1：NEXTEP
270 FP $-2: K=3: L=9: M=17: N=4: P C O P Y 1$
T02：TS－5
275 GOSUB110：GOSUB155
280 PMODED，1：SCREEN1，1：IFHR $\langle=24$ A
NDCR＜－156THEN490ELSEIFHR＜＝24THEN
470ELSEIFCR $<=156$ THEN480
$285 \mathrm{FP}=\mathrm{FP}+1:$ IF $\mathrm{FP}>8$ THEN $\quad \mathrm{FP}=3$
290 PCOPY FP TO2：PMODED．2：GOSUB4 $50: S 1=\emptyset: 52=0: H T=\emptyset: C T=\emptyset: G O S U B 110$ ： DRAW＂S8BM＂＋K\＄＋＂．＂＋L\＄＋＂C5＂＋S\＄（X，Y ）：IFK－M AND L－N THENGOSUB460 295 GOSUB155：DRAW＂S9BM＂＋M\＄＋＂．＂＋N \＄＋＂C5＂＋A\＄（W，Z）：PCOPY2T01：PMGDEЙ． 1：IFK＝M AND L＝N THEN GOSUB460 $300 \mathrm{PA}=\mathrm{RND}(\mathrm{R} 3):$ IFPA＜10THEN325 $305 \mathrm{~PB}-\operatorname{RND}(6): \mathrm{PC}=\operatorname{RND}(230)+16: P D=$ RND（136）＋10：PC\＄＝STR\＄（PC）：PD\＄＝\＄TR \＄（PD）：DRAW＂S12BM＂＋PC\＄＋＂，＂＋PD\＄＋＂C 5＂＋PF\＄：S0UND120．2：IFPB＜5THEN310E LSEIFPB＝5THEN315ELSEIFPB＝6THEN32 0
316 DRAW＂S12BM＂＋PC $\$+", "+P D \$+" C 6 "$ ＋PF\＄：DRAW＂S1BM10，10C5U＂：GOT0325 315 LINE（PG，PD）－（A（M），B（N）），PSET ：SOUND120，1：LINE－（PC，PD）．PRESET： DRAW＂S12BM＂＋PC\＄＋＂，＂＋PD\＄＋＂CD＂＋PF\＄ ：DRAW＂S1BMIQ，10C5U＂：GOSUB370：GOT 0280
$320 \operatorname{LINE}(P C, P D)-(A(K), B(L)), P S E T$ ：SOUND120，1：LIME－（PC，PD），PRESET： DRAW＂512BM＂＋PC\＄＋＂，＂＋PD\＄＋＂CD＂＋PF\＄ ：GOSuB 375 ：g0T0786
325 S1＝PEEK（339）
330 IFX－2ANDY－2THEN335ELSEIFS1－2 54THEN385
335 IF M＝K THEN420
340 IFHT－ØANDCT－DTHEN28日

345 I FHT＝1THENGOSUB370
350 IFCT＝1THENGOSUB375
355 GOTO280
360 GOSUB365：GOSUB440：GOSUB445：G 0 T0280
365 DRAW＂$\$ 40 B M 25,50 C 5 "+C 08:$ DRAW＂ 540BM＂＋K\＄＋＂，＂＋L\＄＋＂C5＂＋EX\＄：DRAW＂\＄ $408 M^{\prime \prime}+M \$+", "+N \$+" C 5 "+E X \$: P C O P Y 2 T$ 01：G0SUB105：N＝4：K＝3：L＝9：M＝17：RET URN
370 DRAW＂548BM50，120C5＂＋HO\＄：DRAW ＂S32BM＂＋M\＄＋＂，＂＋N\＄＋＂C5＂＋EX\＄：PCOPY 2T01：GOSUB105：GOSUB105：M－17：N－4： G05UB445：HT＝日：RETURN
375 DRAW＂ 548 BM 5 日，120C5＂＋HO\＄：DRAW ＂S32BM＂＋K\＄＋＂，＂＋L\＄＋＂C5＂＋EX\＄：PCOPY 2T01：GOSUB105：G0SUB105：K＝3：L＝9：G OSUB440：CT＝0：RETURN
380 60T0290
$385 \mathrm{HT}=\mathrm{D}: \mathrm{K} 1=\mathrm{K}: \mathrm{L} 1=\mathrm{L}$
390 K1＝K1＋P1：L1＝ $11+\mathrm{R} 1: I F X=2 A N D Y=$ 2THEN405ELSEIFK1－M AND LI－N THEN 405：G0SUB510
395 IFK $1<=1$ THEN405ELSEIFK1 $=>20$ TH EN495ELSEIFL1＜－ITHEN405ELSEIFL1－ ＞13THEN405
400 G0T0390
$405 \operatorname{GOSUB510}: \operatorname{LINE}(A(K), B(L))-(A C$ K1），B（L1）），PSET：SOUND220．1：LINE－ （A（K），B（L）），PRESET：CIRCLE（A（KI）， B（L1）），2，5：CIRCLE（A（K1）．B（L1））， 2 ，（1）：IFK1＝M AND LI＝N THEN415
410 goto335
415 SOUND10，2：HT－1：GOT0335
$420 \mathrm{CT}=0: \mathrm{M} 1=\mathrm{M}: \mathrm{N} 1=\mathrm{N}$
425 REM YOU ARE HIT
430 GOSUB500：LINE（A（M），B（N））－（AC K）． $\mathrm{B}(\mathrm{L})$ ）．PSET：SOUND190，1：LINE－（A $(M), B(N)), P R E S E T: C I R C L E(A(M 1), B($ N1）），2，5：CIRCLE（A（M1），B（N1）），2，0 435 SOUND50，2：CT＝1：GOT0340
$440 \mathrm{HR}=\mathrm{HR}-10:$ FOREP $=3$ T08：PMODED，E P：LINE（124，174）－（HR，188），PRESET， BF：NEXTEP：SOUND175，1：RETURN
445 CR＝CR－10：FOREP＝3T08：PMODED，E P：LINE（256，188）－（CR，174），PRESET． BF：NEXTEP：SOUND175， 1 ：RETURN
450 IFK＝M AND L＝N THENGOSUB460 455 RETURN
460 GOSU8365：GOSU8440：G0SUB445
465 RETURN
470 DRAW＂ $516 \mathrm{BM} 26.156 C 5{ }^{\prime \prime}+$ D ${ }^{\$}$ ：DRAW＂ BM156，156＂＋V\＄：GOSUB105：GOSUB105： GOSUB105：RW＝RW＋1：FORI＝1T02500：NE $X T$
475 GOT0495
480 DRAW＂S16BM26，156C5＂＋V\＄：DRAW＂ BM156．156＂＋D\＄：GOSUB105：GOSUB105： GOSUB105：LW $=L W+1$ ：FORI $=1$ TO2500： NE XT
485 G0T0495
490 DRAW＂S56BM86．72C5＂＋N0\＄：DRAW＂ S48BM40．84C5＂＋V\＄：GOSUB195：GOSUB1 05：GOSUB105：FORI＝1T02500：NEXT
495 X $\$$－INKEY $\$$ ：IFX $\$$ 〈CHR $\$(13)$ THEN 495 ELSERUN
500 IFM1＜＝1THENM1－1ELSEIFM1－＞20T HENM1－20ELSEIF N1＜＝1THEN N1m1ELS EIF N1m13THENN1－13
5 G5 RETURN
510 IFK1《＝1THENK1＝1ELSEIFKI $\Rightarrow 20 T$ HENK $1=2$ QELSEIF $1 \ll=1$ THEN N $1=1 E L S$ EIF N1 $\Rightarrow 13$ THEN N1＝13
515 RETURN

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# Captivating Captions 

## by Kevin Reichert

While sorting through photos of my recent vacation and trying to find an organized way of placing them in an album, I got the idea for Captivating Capfions. It is a program designed for the 128 K CoCo 3 tape- or disk-based system and requires a printer.

If your system encounters problems when using the speed-up poke, you can change Line 2290 to 2290 RETURN. This subroutine slows the computer down while printing and speeds it up when printing is finished.

The printer used in conjunction with this program is the Star NX-1000 Rainbow. But with minoradjustments you can modify the following lines for compatibility with your printer. The control codes in $\mathrm{k} \$(1)$ and $K \$(2)$ in lines 2050 and 2060 respectively are the characters for the top and bottom borders of the caption's frame. In Line 600 $C \$(1)$ holds the left side of the frame, a line of text, and the right side of the frame. The 1 in Line 15's statement POKF 150.1 tells the computer to print data at 9600 baud. You should consult your manual to find the value that coincides with your printer's baud rate.

Kevin Reichert has a degree in computer information processing from Souhern Illinois University-Carbondale. He is knowledgeable in seven languages and worked with the NEC system and university students while in Japan. He enjoys playing the systhesizer and incorporating graphics into plain programs.

To use Captivating Captions simply type in the listing, save a copy on disk or tape, and run it. Fohowing the title screen and the program outline, you are asked to either enter a caption or press ENTER to see a sample caption. Once you have done this. the caption is framed at the top of the screen while the menu is displayed at the bottom. Entering a number I through 36 causes the caption to be displayed containing the number of characters per line as you have selected. Entering a 1 instructs the computer to display the caption at its smallest possible width. To print your caption, press P. As a safety precaution you are asked once more to press either ENTER to print or M to retum to the menu.

After you have printed your captions, you can cut them out and place them under, over or beside the photos in your album or even on the back of the photos themselves. Pressing $T$ in the main menu allows you to enter and manipulate a new caption. When you are ready to quit, press the Q key.

Not only does this program pro-
vide a stylish way of labeling photos and other irems, but it also provides some unique subroutines that can be modified to incorporate into your own programs. Please feel free to send me your modifications and enhancements.
(Questions or conments concerning this articte may be addressed to the author at P.O. Box 103, Grand Chain, IL 629410103. Please enclose an SASE when requesting a reply.)


The listing: CAPTION

```
0 * COPYRIGHT 1989 FALSOFT, INC
10 s**************************
20 *** CAPTIVATING CAPTIONS **
30 *** COPYRIGHT (C) 1989 **
40 "** BY KEVIN REICHERT **
50 "**************************
60
70 "******************
80 *** SET-UP **
90.******************
100 ON BRK GOTO 110: GOTO 120
```


# XTEAM \& OS-9 

## XTERM

Menu orlented
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Works wish standard serial port, R\$232
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Perform economic analysis to compare different cost and income alternatives! Compute present and future Life Cycle Worths for various combinations of single, series and gradient dollar amounts. Quickly edit and recompute for sensitivity analysis! Display line graphs. Printout data and results. Pull-down menus, windows and prompts. Requires os-9 level II and Basic09.

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od's totals for siralght time, overtime and bonus pay and determines taxes to be withheld, Adilional outputs include maling list, Iisting of employees, year-to-date federal and/or state tax listing, and a listing of curtent mise. deduclions. Suiled for use in al states except Oklahoma and Delaware
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110 WIDTH 40:ATTR 2,1:POKE 65496 , $0: P R I N T " P R O G R A M$ TERMINATED": END 120 GOSUB $2290 \cdot-=\angle S P E E D$ UP POKE $>=-\cdot$
130 GOSUB 1460 '-=<TITLE PAGE〉--
140 LOCATE 10,9:PRINT"ONE MOMENT PLEASE": :LOCATE 1.22
150 CLEAR 6000:DIM X $\$(6,37), \times(6$. 37), C\$(30), K\$(30), A(30), $\$ \$(30), 0$ C\$(30)
155 POKE 150,1 ‘-=<9600 BAUD>=-, 160 $\mathrm{KE} \$=$ "This is an example of $W$ hat your caption might look like

- Alter the characters per line by entering various values." 17ض $R=-1: K K=\emptyset: Y Y=5$
$180 \times \$=$ STRING $\$(16,32)+"$ CHOICES" + STRING\$(14.32):G0SUB 260
$190 \mathrm{X} \$=$ STRING $\$(6,32)+"(1-36)=$ CHA RACTERS PER LINE"+STRING\$(5,32): GOSUB 260
206 X $\$$-SIRING $\$(9.32)+"(1)=$ SMALLE ST WIDTH"+STRING\$(10,32):GOSUB 2 60 $210 \times \$=$ STRING $\$(9,32)+"(P)=$ SEND T 0 PRINTER"+STRING\$(9,32):GOSUB 2 60


## MLBASIC 2.0 - BASIC Compiler

If you want youn BASIC proerams to $\sin$ up to 60 times fastar, or want more grogramming teatures without leaming another language, MLBASIC is for you

MLBASIC is the most compatibte BASIC compiler avallable for the Color Computer. WHY? Becanse MLBASIC fully supports:

> Iour and higla-resolution graphies

- All types of $1 / 0$ (disk, gcreen, pranter, AŠzz?
- All avallable commands offered with BASIC
- Fionting polut functons and axpressions
- Intager, floatheg point and string type variables and arrays
- Use of all awailable DlEK RAM th the WOGO 3 - 80,40 or 32 collimat text displays

MLBASIC not only contains everything that you would expect a BASIO programming language should ebntain, MLBASIC hag foaturac that offer flexibilty of other languages 1he C, Pasom, FORTRAN and even assembly Ienguage These features will allow programmers to directly access the CPU regtsters on the COCO. produoe modular program oode with SUBROUTINES, manipulate memory In blooks, and even call FoM routines in other areas of memory.

MLBASIC revision 2,0 has incorporated all anhencements that were sugested by MLBASIC 1.0 userts and more. Reviginn 20 dict away with dill the int compatibility problems that existed whth revision 1.0 .

MLAASTC allows for the firse time user to quickly comple a progran lusug defarll compiler setting. The adwanced user hes the oapability of controlling aver a dozen setting whach control wiere lie prutrun is complew, which medium to complle to (memory or disk). string space, compller listings and more.

With all this golng for MLBASIC, your might expect the cosk to be a likne out of your budget. After looking at prices of other BAdIC compilers for the COCO 3 you might be correct. But look agam et this ad; for anly $\$ 59.95$, you con have a programming language that will spark your in terest once again in the COCO.

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"MEBASIG is a fine program for any seriaus programmer", said David Gerald in the December 1987 RALNBOW.

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```
220 X$=STRING$(9,32)+"(T)=TYPE N
EW CAPTION"+STRING$(8,32):GOSUB
260
230 X$=STRTNG$(9,32)+"(Q)=QUIT P
ROGRAM"+STRING$(12,32):GOSUB 260
240 Y(1)=5
250 GOT0 360
260R=R*-1:KK=KK+1:YY=YY+1
270 FOR T = 1 T0 37
280 IF R=1 THEN X(KK,T)=38-T:X$(
KK,T)=LEFT$(X$,T)
290 IF R=-1THEN X(KK,T)=1:X$(KK,
T)=RIGHT$(X$,T)
300 Y(KK)-YY
310 NEXT T
320 RETURN
330 "*****************
340 *** GET CAPTION **
350 ،*****************
360 LOCATE 10,1:PRINT"INPUT ENTI
RE CAPTION"
370 LOCATE 39,1:ATTR5,5:PRINT ST
RING$(41,"*);
380 LOCATE 0,3:ATTR 1,1:PRINT ST
RING$(239," ");:LOCATE 0,9:ATTR
5,5:PRINT STRING$(39," ");
390 LOCATE 6.14:ATTR 2.1:PRINT"P
RESS <ENTER> TO SEE SAMPLE"::LOC
ATE 19,16:PRINT"OR";:LOCATE 9,18
:PRINT"TYPE YOUR OWN CAPTION.";:
LOCATE 0.3
40D LINE INPUT C$
410 IF C $="" THEN C $=KE$
420 G0SUB 1300
4 3 0 ~ I F ~ L E N ( C \$ ) < 3 5 ~ T H E N ~ L = L E N ( C \$ ) ~
+2:GOSUB 1130 ELSE L=36: GOSUB 1
130
440 GOSUB 550
450 TB=19-INT(LEN(S$(1))/2)-1:L=
LEN(S$(1)):IF TB<Q THEN TB=\emptyset
460 FOR T = TO F+2:LOCATE O.T:
ATTR 0.0:PRINTSTRING$(39,* *)::N
EXT T
47\emptyset FOR T = Ø TO F+1:LOCATE TB,T
:ATTR 6,6:PRINTSTRING$(L+2,""*);
480 NEXT T
490 LOCATE TB+1,1:ATTR 2.1
500 IF F<5 THEN RN=1 ELSE RN=2
510 ON RN GOTO 680.770
520 '*****************
530 '** CENTER TEXT **
540 ،*****************
550 KS=INT (L/2+.5)
560 FOR I=1 T0 F
57\emptyset A(I)-KS-INT(LEN(C$(I))/2)
580 IF INT(LEN(C$(I))/2) <> LEN(
C$(I))/2 THEN C$(I)=C$(I)+" ":G0
10570
590 S$(I)=" "+$TRING$(A(I),"")+
C$(I)+STRING$(A(I),""*)
600 C$(I)=CHR$(179)+"*+STRING$(
A(I),"")+C$(I)+STRING$(A(I)." "
)+" "+CHR$(179)
```

```
6 1 0 ~ N E X T ~ I ~
620 LOCATE 10,10:PRINT STRING$(2
4,32);:LOCATE 1,22
6 3 0 ~ R E T U R N ~ N
640 •*********************
650 *** PRTNT SCREEN **
660 '** LEFT TO RIGHT **
670 '********************
680 FOR S=1 T0 LEN(S$(1))
690 FOR T=1 T0 F
7 0 0 ~ L O C A T E ~ T B + S . T ~ T
710 PRINT MID$(S$(T),S,1);
720 NEXT T,S:GOTO 870
730 ،******************
740 *** PRINT SCREEN **
750 *** SIDE TO SIDE **
760 "******************
770 RR=1:J=LEN(S$(1))
780 FOR T=1 T0 F: RR=RR*-1
790 IF RR=1 THEN FOR S=1 TO J
800 IF RR=-1 THEN FOR S=j TO I S
TEP -2
810 LOCATE TB+S.T
820 IF RR=1 THEN PRINT MID$(S$(T
),S,1); ELSE PRINT MID$(S$(T),S.
J-S+1);
830 NEXT S,T
840 ·****************
850 '** MENU **
860 '****************
870 LOCATE \emptyset.F+3
880 ATTR 5,5:PRINT STRING$(40."
");:LOCATE 17.F+5:ATTR 2,1
890 FOR S=1 T0 6
900 FOR T=1 TO 37
910 LOCATE X(S,T),F+Y(S)
920 PRINT X$(S,T);
930 NEXT T,S
940 P=0:LOCATE 39,F+12:ATTR 5,5:
PRINT"";
950 LOCATE 20,F+12:ATTR 2,1:PRIN
T" ";
960 LOCATE 20,F+12:ATTR 2,1
970 LINE INPUT P$
980 IF P$="P" THEN 2040
990 IF P$m"T" THEN GOSUB 1310:G0
T0 360
10ø\emptyset IF P$="Q" THEN GOTO 110
1010 IF P$="" THEN GOTO 940
1020 P=VAL(P$)
1030 IF P<1 0R P>36 THEN GOTO 94
0
1040 GOSUB 1300
1050 G=0:W=0:FOR Q=1 TO LEN(C$):
W=W+1:IFMID$(C$,Q,1)=" "THEN 106
0 ELSE NEXTQ:IFW>G THEN G=W:GOTO
1070 ELSE GOTO 107D
1060 IF W>G THEN G=W:W=\emptyset:NEXT Q
ELSE W=\emptyset: NEXT 0
1070 IF P>G THEN 1080 ELSE P=G
1080 L=P:GOSUB 1300:GOSUB 1130:G
OTO 440
1090 GOSUB 1300:RETURN
```

```
1100 ******************
1110 "** SET WIDTH **
1120 '******************
1130 LOCATE 10,10: PRINT"ONE MOM
ENT PLEASE..."::LOCATE 1.22
1140 F=0:TP$=C$
1150 F=F+1:LC=LEN(C$)
1160 IF LEFT$(C$,1)=" " THEN C$=
RIGHT$(C$,LC-1):LC=LC-1:GOTO 116
\emptyset
1170 IF LEN(C$)<L THEN C$(F)=C$:
GOTO 1250
1180 FOR A=L TO 1 STEP -1
1190 IF MID$(C$,A,1)=" " THEN 12
20
1200 NEXT A:C$(F)=C$
1210 GOTO 1250
1220 C$(F)-LEFT$(C$,A-1)
1230 C$=RIGHT$(C$,LC-A)
1240 GOTO 1150
1250 C $=TP$
1260 IF F<=10 THEN RETURN
1270 L=L+1: GOT0 1130
1280 ******************
1290 *** BORDER **
130\emptyset '*****************
1310 CLS: ATTR 5.5
1320 PRINT STRING$(40." "):
```


## LOTTERY

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Most people spend $\$ 5.00$ to $\$ 25.00$ dollars or more on their favorite lottery. Most of this money is spent on purchasing easy picks. The reason for this is that most people don't have the time or they have a hard time thinking up all the different combinations of numbers.

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This program is made available by the RRA \& CO. at the cost of $\$ 15.00$, this includes postage \& handling.

Send check or money order to. . RRA \& CO.
P.O. Box 17087

Des Moines, lowa
zip 50317
(money orders shipped same day)

```
1330 FOR T = 1 T0 22
1340 LOCATE 39.T
1350 PRTNT" ";
1360 NEXT T
1370 LOCATE 0.23: PRINT STRING$(
39,"'");
1380 LOCATE 1,1
1390 ATTR 2,1
1400 PRINT" ";
1410 LOCATE 1,22
1420 RETURN
1430 "*******************
144Ø "** TITLE SCREEN **
1450 ********************
1460 WIDTH 80
147\varnothing CMP:PALETTE 4.\emptyset:PALETTE \emptyset,\emptyset
:PALETTE 5,0:PALETTE 1,50
1480 CLS 1:ATTR 2,1:CLS:LOCATE 1
.1:ATTR 0.\emptyset
1490 FORT=1 T0 22:LOCATE 1.T:PRI
NTSTRING$(77," ")::NEXT T
1500 LOCATE 32,8:ATTR 3,0:PRINT"
ONE MOMENT PLEASE";:ATTR \emptyset,\emptyset
1510 T=1:P=7:L=2:K=4:J=4
1520 LOCATE P,L
1530 READ T
1540 IF T=99 THEN L=L+1:LOCATE P
,L:G0T0 1630
```

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1550 IF T=88 THEN L=L+1:LOCATE P L:GOTO 1530
1560 IF $\mathrm{T}=100$ THEN GOTO 1650
1570 IF T-77 THEN $\mathrm{P}=16$ :LOCATE P .
L:J-5:K-J:GOTO 1530
1580 IF $\mathrm{T}=0$ THEN T-1
1590 FOR $A=1$ TO T
1600 ATTR 0.K
1610 PRINT" ";
1620 NEXT A
1630 IF $K=1$ THEN $K=0$ ELSE $K=J$
1640 GOTO 1530
1650
1660 LOCATE 32.8:ATTR Ø.D:PRINT
STRING\$(19." "');
1670 LOCATE $35,18:$ ATTR $3,0:$ PRINT
"WRITTEN BY";
1680 LOCATE 33,20:PRINT"KEVIN RE
ICHERT";
1690 LOCATE 1,22
1706 FOR T=1 TO 8
1710 IF INKEY $\$\rangle "$ THEN 1740
1720 FOR $\mathrm{R}=19$ T0 40:PALETTE 1,R:
PALETTE 4,R+2:PALETTE 5,R+4:NEXT R
1730 NEXT T
1740 FOR T = 1 TO 500 : NEXT T
1750 LOCATE 79.23
1760 FOR T=1 T0 24:PRINT:NEXT T
1770 PALETTE 1,50:ATTR 2,1
1780 FOR T=1 T0 24: PRINT STRING
\$(79," "):: NEXT T
1790 WIDTH 40:PALETTE CMP:PALETT
E 0.0:PALETTE 1.50:PALETTE 6,23:
PALETTE 5.27:ATTR 2.1: CLS
1800 GOSUB 1300
1810 LOCATE 10,1
1820 PRINT"CAPTIVATING CAPTIONS"
;
1830 LOCATE 39.1:ATTR5.5
1840 PRTNT STRTNG $\$(41, " ")$;
1850 LOCATE 2.5:ATTR 2.1
1860 PRINT"This program is desig
ned to allow";
1870 LOCATE 2,6
1880 PRINT"you to:";
1890 LOCATE 2,8
1900 PRINT"* Alter the width of any caption";
1910 LOCATE 2,10
1920 PRINT"* Center each line of text";
1930 LOCATE 2,12
1940 PRINT"* Print caption with a border";
1950 LOCATE 2.16
1960 PRINT"PRESS 〈ENTER〉 TO CONT
INUE":
1970 LOCATEI. 22
1980 I $\$=$ INKEY $\$: I F I \$="$ "THEN 1980
1990 GOSUB 1300
2000 RETURN
2010 •*****************
2020 ‘** PRINT-OUT **

```
2030 '******************
2040 C=KS*2
2\emptyset50 K$(1)=CHR$(218)+STRING$(C+2
    ,196)+CHR$(191)
2060 K$(2)=CHR$(192)+STRING$(C+2
,196)+CHR$(217)
2070 FOR T=F+5 TO F+11: LOCATE 4
T:PRINT STRING$(32,"");:NEXT T
2080 LOCATE 39,F+12:ATTR 5,5:PRI
NT" "::ATTR 2,1
2090 LOCATE 18,F+12:PRINT" ";
2100 LOCATE 7,F+7
2110 PRINT"<ENTER>=PRINT <M>=M
ENU":
2120 LOCATE 1,22:POKE 65496,0
2130 0$=INKEY$:IFO$=""THEN 2130
2140 IF O$="M" THEN GOSUB 2290:G
OTO 8702150 LOCATE 7.F+7
2160 PRINT STRING$(24.32);
2170 LOCATE 1,22
2180 PRINT非-2, K$(1)
2190 FOR T=1 T0 F
2200 PRINT非-2,C$(T)
2210 NEXT T
2220 PRINT非-2, K$(2)
2230 PRINT非-2:PRINT非-2
2240 ATTR 2,1
2250 GOSUB 2290:GOSUB 870: GOTO
2040
```





A New Breed of CoCo 3 Memory Expansion Unat exiofing Goce 2 54K $x 4$ memory chiogi Our revalulhonary circuit combines four $64 \mathrm{~K} \times 4$ memory ehips on the Quarterkeg board with the four identical memary ehipe In the 128 K CoCo 3 to double your osg and BASIC memory to 256 K ．Piggy－back upgrades to 512 K ．


Zero－K Quarterkeg（no chips）－539．95
Also availabla：Standard QuarterMag 14 hipst．Full GuarterMeg（ B chips）\＆Fat QuarterMeg（512K $\rightarrow 16 \mathrm{chips}$ ） $\Rightarrow=\Rightarrow$ MARKET PRICE EK

## File System Repack

Your OSS disks are suffering from a bad case of fragmentation，and $\$ 29.95$ we＇ve got the cure．
Did you know that osg gete tesu efficient（and just a litt le slawer）every timo you uad it？ H＇s truot As you modify or create filez，DSs bpeaks them up into amaller and smalker

Our new File Syatem Feppack program examines each fle on your hard or floppy disk．It reverses the effects of fragmentation by galhering up and combining pieces of files．In addition to the immediate benelit of a lenter system，our program also reduces disk head movement－it the long term，decreasing wian on your system＂s mechanical paris．


## Real BASIC for OS9！R．S．E．V7．3 \＄6E．95

Burke \＆Burke＂s R．S．B．software groee yeu oomplete，OSg－gompatible version al Diak Extended Golor BASIC．Worve fdded new soltware for OSg－style graphic3，sound，printer，and disk $1 / O$ ．The BASIC you know and love is now running under Level 2 OS9 windowsl

R．S．B．laads and saves lilis using Osg＇s fite tormat，so we＇ve also included utilitien to transfer 日ASlC prograrns and data tles beiwen OSS and BASIC dika．Of course，you can＇t uae fista，to run machine language programs， and some EAStC cormmands work wightly dillerently under R．S．B．

Requires CoCo 3． 256 K RAM，floppy controlter with bither Tandy Disk BASlG or DISTO Coco 3 COOS，and Level 2059.

## CoCo－XT Hard Disk interfaces

NO HALT－ 1 or 2 hard drives．JO\％faster than SASI．Uses PC－type hard digk dives a controllers－ 5 Meg to 120 Meg per drive ．Does hot use interrupts ：Multi－PAK recommended－Ineludea EZGen boot file editor for easy installation－Goco XT－ATC includee real－＊ime elock
COCO XT $\quad \$ 69.95$ COCO XT－RTC $\$ 99.95$
XT．ROM AuTO．BOOT ROM．．．Automatically boots OS9 from your Burke
 rail－sofe coco operation in unattended BES，home secufity syatems，ete．
XT－HOM $\$ 19.95$
4＇hard disk cable set $\$ 17.50$
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## HYPEF． $1 / 0$

$\$ 29.95$
Modilies Diak BASIC to use hard disks \｛CoCo XT，DISTO， LA），RAM dlaks，\＆any mix of $35+160$ treck tloppy drives． Fully reset protected， 16 K EFROM－able．
HYPER－JII
$\$ 12.95$
RAM disk and printer spooler add－an for HYPER－t／O． Requiren 512 K CoCo 3 and HYPEH－l／O．

## HYPER－HO UUIIties

Kevin Berner＇s witdeard copy and file search utilities for HypER－lo HYPER－／O Disk Doctor \＄17．95 Kevis＂s second utility package．Find bad diak＊ectorn，edit GATIFAT，हle， Both wility packages for $\$ 37.95$
names，add or delete modur＊Change module namess，add of delete modules，patch bytes，ar
rearrange modules．Works on other tiles，too rearrange modules．Works on other files， 160 ． TERJASClL
Level 2 OS9 3cramblec－letter word game for
$1-16$ players．Play against the computer＇s 15,000 word dietionary or lifiends． 256 k

In the June ' 88 issue of THE RAINBOW 1 wrote a column titled "Digitizing the World Revisited," describing my experiences with the Micro Works DS-69 and DS-69B video digitizers. The DS-69 and DS-69B were the staple CoCo video digitizers for several years and are excellent products. However, the DS-69s are somewhat limited in that they digitize a video image to 256-by-256 pixels in 16 levels of gray. With the CoCo 3 you use 640-by-192 pixels, and it would be nice to have a unit that takes advantage of that resolution. The Game Point Rascan video digitizer provides this capability as well as full-color and 3-D graphics for the CoCo 3. Hard to believe? Read on. . .

What's a Video Digitizer, Anyway"?
A video digitizer converts a standardfommat television picture into digital data - the same standard format as used in a color camcorder, color video cassette recorder, television recejver with video output, and monochrome (black and white) surveillance camera, This signal is not the same as that from a television antenna, which is tens of thousunds of times weaker and in in different format. (The viden information is carried by a radio signal.)

A standard television signal has 525 scan lines per screen, as shown in Figure 1. Actually there are 60 frames of 262.5 lines each, with each frame making up one half of a $1 / 30 \mathrm{hh}$ second picture. If you teed video from a camcorder, video cassette recorder or surveillance camera into a video digitizer, it digitizes a video picture scan line by scan line in about 10 seconds. converting the picture into digital pixels. In the case of the Rascan video digitizer, 640 pixels per scan line are produced for every other scan line. That is, there are a total of 384 scan lines, but every other line is skipped leaving 192 digitized scan lines. This $640-$ by-192 digitization fills the CoCo 3 highresolution screen, Although some digitizers frecze a picture for one frame, the Rascan unit (and the DS-69) digitizes on-the-tly, so it's necessary to have a stationary image.

If the standard television signal is a color signal, the color information (contained in aphasing scheme) is thrown away

[^4]
# Full color and greater resolution for the CoCo 3 Put on Your 3-D Glasses 

By William Barden, Jr.<br>Rainbow Contributing Editor

by the Rascan. It is possible to decode this and send it to a display like the CoCo's, but it is more expensive. Also, the CoCo is not really capable of displaying full color in 640-by-192 mode but just four selected colors ( 16 colors in 320-by-192 mode), which does not reproduce the many hues and intensities of a typical color picture.

## Shades of Gray

Without color a television signal still contains many graduations of intensity,
ranging from black ( 0 intensity) to white (maximum intensity) and an infinite number of shades of gray in between. To digilize a picture it's necessary to encode the infinite number of levels of gray into a fixed number of different levels. The simplest case is 0 for black and 1 for white. However, even the swimsuit issue of THE RAINBOW would look uninspiring with only two shades. Four levels (00,01, 10, and 11) is better, bur 16 levels is even better yet (0000, 0001, 0010, 0011, 0100. 0101, 0110, $0111,1000,1001,1010,1011,1100,1101$, 1110. and 1111).

How can you represent shades of gray on a CoCo screen? Rascan and DS-69 both use a dithering process similar to the halftone representation used in newspapers. In this process some resolution is given up to produce the 16 gray-scale levels.

## Hooking the Beast Up

When I first saw the Rascan ads in THE RAINBOW, I immediately knew I had to try one. 1'm a graphics freak and the idea of digitized 640-by-192 images is very appealing. One (four-level) gray day a box from Game Point appeared on my doorstep. The day brightened immediately as I eagerly ripped it open and uncovered a white box about the size of three CoCo ROM cartridges stacked on top of each other. (The unit is installed next to the CoCo on the left side and requires its own AC power.)


## Window Master V2.2

The hotest new program available for the Color Computer IIII Now you can have Windows, Icons, Buttons, Pull-Down Menus, Edit Fields and Mouse Functions built into your Basic or Machine Language Programs easily and quickly, without the need for OS9.

It supports up to 31 Windows on the display multiple fonts in 54 possible sizes and styles, Enhanced Baste Editing and much more. It adds over 50 Commands and Functions to Basic to fully support the Point \& Click Window System. In fact it has so many features it would take several pages to to describe them all.
It is completely compatible with existing Basic programs and takes absolutely no memory away from Basic. It contains a built in Ram Disk which is completely transparen to Basic ( 512 k version) for enhanced operation.
It requires I Disk Drive, R,S, Hi-Res Interface \& Joysick or Mouse. Includes both the 128 k \& 512 k versions for only $\$ 69.95$

## Window-Ware

Window Writer - A Point \& Click Word Processor, features both Mouse $\mathbb{\&}$ Keyboard lype editing, proportional printer support, powerful formating capability, works with any prizter. On sereen Italic, bold elc. WYSIWYG Requires. Window Master \& 512k- \$59.95 Window Writer/W - for non Window Master users includes all fentures as described above. Requires 512 K \& Disk $\$ 79.95$
Window Basic Compiler - A Basic Compiler similar to CBASIC only it compiles all the Window Basic statements to create super fast M.L. programs \& Desk Accessory programs for Window Master $\$ 99.00$
Window RDC/ASM = A full featured
Editor/Assembler and Debugger for the Window Master System \$49.95
Foul/son Elifurs - A utility disk with the Font \& Ison Editors so you can edit or create your own, includes Basic \& M.L. versions \$19.95 AdYanced Programmers Guide - A Guide for Basic \& M.L. Programmers on interfacing to Window Masters completa system Lncluding System Calls, Memory Map, Interrupt handing \& Extended Memory access. \$24.95
The Memory Game - A Concentration like game, lots of fun for everyone. $\$ 19.95$

## 512K RAM UPGRADE

Give your COCO 3 all the power it deserves with this easy to install (no soldering/plug in) $100 \%$ Tandy compatible 512 K memofy upgrade. Completely assembled and tested, Lncludes Ramdisk \& Mernory Test software described below. $\$ 159.95,512 \mathrm{~K}+$ Window Master $\$ 199$

## 512K RAMDISK \& TESTER

RAMDISK is an ALL Machine Language program that will give you 2 ULTRA High Speed Kam Disks in you CoCo-3. Plus it allows your CoCo-3 to run at double specd all the time even for disk access!ll It will nol disappear when you press reset like some olher ramdisk programs. The MEMORY tester is a Iast ML program to test the 512 K ram. It performs several bit tests as well as an address test.

Requires 512 K \& Disk $\$ 19.95$

## CBASIC Editor/Compiler The ULTimate Color Computer BASIC COMPILER!!!

If you want to write fast efficient machine language programs and you don't want to spend the next few years trying to learn how to write them in Assembly language or with a cheap compiler, then CBASIC is the answerllI
CBASIC is the only fully integrated Basic Compiler and Program Editing System available for the Color Computer. It will allow you to take full advantage of all the capabilities ayailable in your CoCo without having to spend years trying to lean assembly language
programming. CBASIC allows you to create, edit and convert programs from a language you are aready familiar with Enhanced Disk Color Basic, into fast efficient machine language programs easily and quickly.

CBASIC supports all the enhanced hardwarc available in the CoCo 2 \& $3_{n}$ including Hi-Res Graphics, \& Screen displays, Extended Memory and Interrupts. We even added advanced commands not ayailable in Basic to give you a level of control only available to very advanced Machine language Programmers. Plus we made it exceptionally easy to use not like some other compilers. CBASIC is the friendliest and easiest compiler available for the Color Computer.
CBASIC is a powerful tool for the Beginner as well as the Advanced Basic or Machine Language programmer. CBASIC features well over 150 Compiled Basic Commands and Functions that fully support Disk Sequential and Direet access files, Tape, Printer and Screen I/O. It supports ALL the High and Low Resolution Graphics, Sound, Play and String Operations ayailable in Erhanced Color Basic, including Graphics $/[/ \mathrm{GET}$, H/Put, H/Play and H/DRAW, all with 99.9\% syntax compatibility.
CBASIC makes full use of the powerful and flexible GIMI thip in the Color Computer 3. It will fully uillize the 128 K of RAM available and install 2 Ultra Fast Randisks if 512 K is available for program Creation, Editing and Compilation. You can easily access all 512 K of metnory in a Compiled program thri several extended memory commands that can access it in 32 K or 8K blocks and single or double bytes.

CBASIC has its own completely integrated Basic Program Editor which allows you to load, edit or create programs for the compiler. It is a full featured editor designed specifically for writing Basic programs, it has block move and copy, program renumbering, atomatic line number generation, screen editing, printer control and much more.

$$
\text { Coco } 1,2 \text { or } 3 \text { Disk } \$ 149.00
$$

[^5]
## DataPack III Plus V1.1 SUPER SMART TERMINAL PROCRAM Autopilotana Alito-ioc Command Procustors X-MODEM DIRECT DISK FIYE TRANSFER YT-100 \& YT-52 TERMINAL EMULATION - No lost dala even at 2400 Baud on the serial port. - \& Selectable Display Formats, 32/40/64/80 columis <br> - ASCI \& BENARY disk file transfer via XMODEM. <br> - Direcily recod recelve dala (Data Logging). <br> - VT-100 emulation Iof YAX, UNIX and other systems. <br> - YT-100/52 cursor keys ,position., PF \& Alt. Kbd, keys. <br> - Programmable Word Lengh, Parity, Stop Bits <br> - Complete Full and Half Duplex operation, <br> - Send full I28 charaeter set from Keyboard <br> - Complete Edior, Insert, Delene, Change or Add. <br> - 9 Variable length, Programmable Macro Key bulfers. <br> Programmable Printer rales from 110 to 9600 Baud. <br> Sand Files from the Buffer, Macro Keys or Disk. <br> Display or Print the contents of the 50 k Buffer. <br> - Freeze Display \& Review information On line. <br> - Built in Command Menu (Itolp) Display. <br> - Buils in 2 Drive RAMDISK for 512 K RAM. <br> Suppoits: R. S. Modem-Pak \& Deluxe RS-232 Pak. <br> Caco 1, 2 or 3 Disk - $\$ 59,95$ <br> "The SOURCE" DISASSEMbler \& SOURCE CODE GENERATOR

The SOURCE will allow you to casily \& quickly Disasscrable Color Computer machine language programs Directly from Disk and generate beautiful, Assembler Source code.

- Automatic label generation.
- Allows specifying FCB, FDD and FCC areas.
- Disassemble programs Directly from disk.
- Automatically locates address.
- Output listings to the Printer, Screen or both.
* Generates Assembler source directly to disk.
- Built in Hex/Ascii dump/display.
- 8 Selectable Display fotmats 32/40/64/80
- Selectable Foreground \& Background colors.
- Built in Bisk Ditectory an Kill file commands.
- Menu display with single key commands.
- Written in Ultra Fast Machine Language. Coce 1, 2 or 3 Disk $\$ 49.95$


## EDT/ASM III

DISK EDITOR ASSEMBLER
EDT/ASM III is a Disk based co-residen Texı
Editor \& Assemblor. it is designed to take advantage of the new features available in the CoCo- 3 with either 128 K or 512 K of memory. It has 8 display formats from $32 / 40 / 64 / 80$ columns. There is also a free standing ML Debug Monitor.
EDT/ASM IIl has the most powerful, easy to usc Text Editor available in any Editor/Assemblet package for the Color Computer.

- Local and Global string search and/or replace,
* Full Screen line ediling.
- Easy to use Single key editing commands.
- Load \& Save standard ASCII formatted files.
- Block Move \& Copy, Inseri, Delete, Owertype.
- Create and Edit files larger than memory.

The Assembler features include:

* Supports Conditional LF/TIEEN/LLSE assembly.
- Supports Disk Library file up to 9 levels deep.
- Supports standard Motorola directives.
- Allows multiple values in FCB \& FDB directives
* Allows assembly from the Buffer, Disk or both.

Coco 1, 2 ог 3 Disk $\$ 59.95$


Photo 2

The Rascan unit does not plug into the Multi-Pak or ROM cartridge slot. It has two cables that plug into the left and right joystick ports. This is good and bat. It leaves a free Multi-Pak slot but means you have to unplug the joystick cables. On the other hand you don't need to buy a Multi= Pak to run Rascan,

I plugged my Sanyo VC1224 monochrome video camera into the RCA jack on the rear of the Rascan unit. (The Sanyo
camera without lenses costs about \$170.) By adding a C-mount adapter available at many camera stores, you can use 35 mm SLR camera lenses (the adapter costs about \$15). I have a $70 \mathrm{~mm}-210 \mathrm{~mm}$ Canon lens on the camera that I used for all the pictures in this article. The cable from the camera is an inexpensive video cable with RCA jacks on either end, which you can buy at your local Radio Shack.

I switched on the Rascan unit and ran BOOT from the Rascan disk. Uh, oh trouble! When I attempled to enter commands, nothing lyap-pened-there was no text on the screen. I found when I turned the Rascan unit off, things operated normally. I opened the manual. Sure enough, the manual confirmed that the Rascan unit should be powered up directly before digitizing pictures and turned off after digitizing. I then took time to print up a three-foot banner that states *Always read the manual first" and pinned it up in my office.

In light of this operator error I thought I should try to display some sample fites as a first step. I pressed ESC to bring up the main menu and then selected the proper menu item to
load picture files from disk. The samples I saw were excellent.

I made a cursory scan of the manual and started digitizing data myself. When digilizing, you must have a small television or monitor so you can frame the picture and focus. I have a nine-inch monochrome TV fed by an RF modulator that converts the camera output to television Channel 3 or 4 . I framed a shot of my Sheltie, JB, and adjusted the focus. I then switched on the digitizer box and after a moment saw the results on the CM-8 screen - instant Shetland sheepdog! At that moment my cousin Ferd walked in.

## Ferd's Photos

Ferd Barden is a typical computer nerd, complete with taped eyeglasses and pockel protector.
"Hey, Ferd, how ya doin"?" I queried, thinking all the time that he might be a good subject to digitize.
"Well, pretty good." he mumbled, "if I can get this program working, It seems the program clobbers the stack after about 30,000 iterations."
"That's great, Ferd. Here, sit down and rest for a while." I steered him over to a chair facing the camera. "Tell me about your stack problem," I offered, swiveling the camera and focusing on his hom-rimmed glasses.
"Well, 1 get halfway through the program - I've almost computed the matrix — and then I . . . ."
"Sounds great - here, just keep focused on this magazine centerfold while I take some pictures," I suggested.

The first picture I took required some adjustment. There are two controls on the Rascan. one for contrast and one for brightness. Getting the proper picture qualities is largely a matter of trial and error - adjusting one control and then the other. How-
ever, it goes smoothly, especially if your subject is well-lighted.

The first picture I took of Ferd was the 16-level, 640-by-192 resolution shot shown in Pholo 1. There is a white background in the shot that doesn't offer much contrast against Ferd's white shirt, but the mechanical pencils in his pocket protector show up quite nicely.

I then changed the mode to four-level, 640-by-192 resolution, In this mode there atre only three levels other than white, and you get it type of contouring effect (see Photo 2).

There are 16 levels in a digitized picture. These levels cun be assigned false colors by another mode in Rascan. The initial false colors assigned to Ferd's 16 -level image are shown in Photo 3. A total of 64 different colors can be displayed in the $\mathrm{CoCo} 3^{\prime}$ s


Ploto 3

320 -by-192 high-resolution mode in a palette of 16 . You can choose any of the 64 colors and assign them to any level via Rascan`s Edit Color and Custom Paint modes. In this manner you can actuatly change the colors into something approaching real life, but I didn't have time to do this with Ferd's image. Besides, Ferd is scary enough in real life.

## Digitizing Photos

Ferd left to go to a computer club meeting. (The club was having a stimulating lecture he couldn"t miss - something about upgrading MC-10s to CoCo 3 s .) I was left to my own devices and decided to try digitizing some newspuper photos. The first one I tried was a very poor resolution shot of a collgar shown in Photo 4. Considering the original, I think it turned out fairly well. Sixteen-level mode was used here.

The next digitization I attempted was a portion of the Rascan ad from the pages of the Rainbow. Using a close-up lens, I digitized a two-by-one-and-one-half inch area, adjusting the brightness and contrast to essentially gel two colors, black and white. The results are shown in Photo 5.

## Full Colors. . .

Having excellent luck with the basic


Photo 4
modes, I went on to full colors. Just how can you get a full range of colors out of four colurs on a CoCo 3 Hi-Res screen? Rascan does it by taking three digitizations of the same subject: one with a red filter, one with a green filter, and one with a blue filter. If you remember grade school art classes, you know these are the primary colors. They are mixed to produce any hue of color. Rascan maintains four different buffer areas on a 512 K byte CoCo 3 . The first buffer is called the main buffer and stores a 16 -level black and white image. There are three additional buffers called the red, green and blue buffers, each holding a filtered digitization of the same scene.

Once the scene has been digitized in red, green and blue, the image can be viewed in full color by selecting a 4096 mode. In this mode the three screens are displayed in rapid sequence. The eye integrates the three colors into the full range of colors present in the original shot.

I loaded a sample from the Rascan disk and was impressed with the coloration. The disadvantage of the display, thought, was flicker. Although Game Point claims that flicker is less on a normal television, the flickeronaCM-8 is quite noticeable. It's about equivalent to the flicker you see on some renditions of silent movie footage. Still it is full color and the image compares very favorably to the EGA mode used in MS-DOS systems.

I had to try the technique myself. I

The ONLY joystick adapter you will ever need!
Feplaces TANDY Hi-Res edefter! Replaces COLORWARE Hi-Res edecter! Acts as a LOFES (ta) adopterl All at the flick of e switchu
NO SOFTWARE PATCHES NEEDED!


NEW MODEL II
The adspter also allows full use of the cassette jack for casse:te flayer or hardware copg-protac*ign modules
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Elein. $11.60121-7112$

S/H (US \& CAll) al?
be shot, it literally takes about a minute to shoot the three buffers. Just select the proper buffer from a menu, select the digitize function, flip a switch on the digitizer, and sit back and watch the digitization on the sercen, which proceeds from right to left in a vertical column. The screen refreshes every 15 seconds or so while digitizing, and you get a warning beep at the end of each refresh. During this time you can press ESC to save the current digitization.

I captured the red, green and blue screens, saved them on disk and played back the shots in full-color mode. The results were fairly good but nothing near the quality of some of the samples included with Rascan. It's amazing how much additional optical information is added to a shot when color is used. The monochrome digitization tends to hide picture information; adding color greatly aids the brain in interpreting what is shown in a screen.

Although the shots I've taken in full color are not quite sharp enough for publication. Photo 6 shows a sample from the Rascan disk, which shows up quite well.
.. And 3-D
Another feature found in Rascan is the capability to view three-dimensional images. The process is similar to viewing a full-color picture but requires red and blue or red and green three-dimensional glasses.


Photo 6
(Save your glasses afier watching Jans /// or the most recent sofi-drink promotion on television to make your own out of filter material. or buy them from Game Point). A red-filtered shot of a scene is taken and saved in the red buffer. The camera is shified abour four inches to the right or left, and ablue-orgreen-filtered shot is taken. A special view in 3-D mode alternately displays red and green or red and blue buffers.

There isn"t a 3-D sample on the Rascan disk, so I decided to try my own. I took two shots of the Cookie Monster and Big Bird and played them back. The flicker wasn"t as bad in 3-D mode and there actually is a 3-D effect. I suspect you can get good results alter acquiring some expertise in this arca,

## Other Features of Rascan

In addition to the features described above, Rascan has other functions that allow you to edit and analyze the screen image, copy files and buffers, and convert to CoCo Max 3 and Color Max 3 formats:

- Screen Image Adjustment: Rascan allows you to center the seanned image by moving the image up or down when you press the ALT or CTRL keys. The aspect ratio of the image can be adjusted by pressing the lesser-than ( $<$ ) and greater-than ( $>$ ) keys. A negative image is displayed by using the negative image function, which inverts the image in a split second.
- Save and Restore Files: Rascan allows you to save and load any image onto disk. Rascan images have the file extension. IMG to denote a Rascan file.
- Histogram: The histogram function analyzes a digitized image, showing a bar graph representing the number of times each level is used. This can be an aid to getting a good balance in the case of a picture in which there should be an equal number of gray seales.
- Copying Buffers: The image in any buffer can be transferred to any other buffer by the Rascan Copy Butfer function.
- Conversion to CoCo Max I/I and Color Mex 3: Two utility programs allow you to convert between Rascan format and CoCo Max I/I or Color Max 3 format. Once in these programs. you can perform different editing functions on the digitized images, including cropping or addition of text.
- Slide Show: Another utility progran allows you to prepare a slide show or sequence of images from disk.
- Printer Support: Although not present in this version, Game Point is upgrading Rascan for typical CoCo printers.


## Synopsis

I'd rather not review software or hardware I don"t like. You know in advance that any time a product appears in this column, 1"ll be raving about it. Such is the case with Rascan. I'm hooked on graphics - the higher resolution the better.

Rascan works perfectly for me, with only one glitch caused by an operator crror (faulty keyboard scan when digitizing). I like the pop-up menus on the software and the sound feedback when functions are selected. In general Rascan is professional. About the only thing that could stand improvement is the manual - but it's no worse than most everyone else's CoCo documentation - a level below that which you get with MS-DOS systems.

The $\$ 159.95$ price seems more than reasonable compared to MS-DOS cquipment. If you have your own camera and
spare montor, there is little other expense. If you don't have a camera, consider getting a monochrome surveillance-type camera that can be purchased ased for abou: $\$ 75$ and new for $\$ 250$ with a lens. If you don't have a monitor, buy a used or new black and white monitor for $\$ 50$ to $\$ 100$. Connecting cables costs another $\$ 12$. The total bill is about as follows:

| Rascan: | $\$ 160$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Camera: | $\$ 75$ |
| Monitor: | $\$ 75$ |
| Cable: | $\$ 12$ |
| Total: | $\$ 322$ |

This is a little hefty for many CoCo users, but you can get by without the camera and monitor if you want to digitize directly from VCR or freeze-frame television. CoCo 1 and 2 users must be content with monochrome DS-69 or DS-69B still fine units, but with resolutions of 256 -by-256 in 16 levels.

## Still More on CoCo Outputs

A few months ago I wrote a column on CoCo outputs. Charles G. Weiser of Malibu, California, wrote a nice letter telling me I was wrong when I said there were only three programmable outputs on the CoCos. He uses the sound output of the CoCo to feed 567 tone decoders. Although he states that 255 tones can be decoded, he uses 15 tones with fifteen 567 s .

Each 567-tone decoder is tuned to a particular tone. The output of the 567 then goes to opto-couplers to control relays or transistors. This is a damed good idea and might merit a separate article in the future, at which point I'll give Mr. Weiser credit again. Those of you who know what I'm talking about will catch the concept immediately. Other readers, check out the 567 tone decoder specs at your local wellequipped electronics store. I can't find the part in Radio Shack's 1990 catalog, although it's been carried in the past.

Dennis Buswell of Jefferson City, Montana, wrote to say that Heathkit made at one time - and may still have in stock an RS-232-C to BSR X 10 Interface (GD1530). This might be an altemative to the Plag "N Power controller for the CoCo if you can locate one.

David B. Smith of Grand Portage, Minnesota, sent a number of ideas for CoCo inputs. One I liked was using a potentioneter in a home-built foot pedal. Another was a steering wheel for driving stimulation games. I'd like to see that implemented.

See you next month with more CoCo topics.

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Window Writer is the first Color Computer word processor which takes full advantage of OS/9. The result is a word processor which is fully as modern and professionalinaction as those previously available only for the IBM and Mac. The operating system allows true multi-lasking with other programs or itself. Not limited to just printing one file and editing another. You can print one file in one window while you edit files in other windows. At the same time you can be running at small program in another window. You can cul and pasae beaween sections of files in different windows.

## Hi-Res Display

Window Writer uses an 80-column monitor display sereen for clarity. As shown in the above sereen drawing, you can quichly see how to access the menus and help sereens. You can determine the cturent positfon loy page, line number, and colum. The mouse can use this section to quickly change to a specilic page or line in the file. The text insert and word wrap toggles abso are indicated and changeable with the mouse button.

## Ram Disk

A RAM disk is set up in Window Writer to make full use of all or a user specified portion of the memory on the 512 K CoCo 3. On the 128 K CoCo a smaller RAM disk is set up to still atlow use of all available memory for fille editing. For use of all fealures. a 512 K machine is required.

The RAM disk is used for storage of the file(s) being edited. for the clipboard for cut and paste, and as a print spooter lor the hite being printed. Window Writer's clipbord can be saved to disk or pasted into any lile heing edited becausc liles use the same cliphoard menory. The RAM disk also can be used with other OS/9 programs.

## Mail-Merge

With Window Writer you can create form letters and send them out to a list of addresses in an address file. First names or other information can be added to "personalize" these leters.
(or joystick) or can be aceessed by co


Like mose modern word processors, with Window Writer there is always more than one way to access any editing leature, You can acecssediling by menus using mousc. "keybard mousc", or through contod keys. Full help sereens are quickly availahle for all editing fea[ures. A help sereen can be lefo visible while needed and then quickly remowed toget back to full sercen ediling.

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## Editing



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## An introduction to file-transfer protocols

## Observing the Social Graces


o you finally figured out how to use a modem and a terminal program to call up and leave messages on local BBSs, or maybe even how to set up an account on Delphi or CompuServe, but you're a little confused about how to download files to your CoCo . Or maybe you've been downloading for a long time but you're starting to hear more about Ymodem and aren't sure what's up. Are you baffled by a friend telling you about the wonders of Kemit? Is Zmodem really better than Ymodem? What is batch?

Even long-time modem users often get confused about the differences between the available protocols and why certain ones are preferred.

## In the Beginning

In the inid '70s, when people were first trying to figure out how to connect modems to $\mathrm{CP} / \mathrm{M}$ computers, it became clear that it should be easy to send files from one machine to the next. The idea was that I could call you up, and we would both turm on our modems, setting up a program on each end to copy the file across. Several groups of people set out to design wuch programs by writing down a protocol, a set of rules describing what the transfer program does.

## ASCII Files Are Easy

Some files are simple to transfer. Straight ASCII text files are usually not impaired by a few spetling errors, so text files are easy to handle by just opening a raptur buffer. In this setup one side lists the file and the other side captures it. One nice addition is the use of CTRL-R and CTRL-T to mark the beginning and end of the file. This way the receiving side knows exaclly where the file starts and ends. Using these two control characters is sometimes referred to as $R T$ Buffer Capture or Automatic Buffer Control. This simple method of transferring files is also the fastest, although it isn't sufficient for many purposes.

## Christensen's Protocol

Binary files such as programs and compressed files (many graphics formats include compression) and cven program

Tim Koonce, cumently pursuing his doctorate in mathematics at the University of California ar Berkeley, has worked with the Color Computer since 1982, He is the author of VTerm and is the CoCor SIG Darabase Manager on Delphi.
source code require more care for several reasons. First, errors are more important. If one letter is transferred wrong in a long text file it results in a misspelled word; if onc byte of a program is wrong, it can be disastrous. Secondly, you must know exactly where a binary file starts and preferably where it ends. While it is possible to use one character to mark the start of a binary filc, you can't use just one character to mark the end because that character may appear in the file being transferred.

People have spent a lot of time developing methods to transfer all file types reliably. Some attempts were sophisticated and offered a lot of features. But the one that became popular was Ward Christensen's simple Xmodem protocol.

In order to understand Xmodem you need to understand a little about $\mathrm{CP} / \mathrm{M}$ files. Every CP/M file is an exact multiple of 128 bytes. That's the size of a CP/M sector. For text tiles, which may not fit in an exact number of sectors, CTRL-z. is used to mark the end of the text. Christensen's protocol was first implemented in his series of MODEM programs. MODEM2 has a version of the protocol, and MODEM7 includes a batch extension, which has faded from popular use. XMODEM, from which the current name comes, is intended for unattended remote operation so you can get a file from a friend's computer without having them there. The basic protocol consists of transferring each sector of the file and awaiting an acknowledgement.

To establish some terminology, a group of bytes sent together constitute a packet.

Most protocols distinguish between data packets, which have the data you're attempting to transfer, and control packets, which communicate other information. In Xmodem control packets are always single characters. The makeup of an Xmodem data packet is outlined in Figure 1.

$$
\begin{array}{cl}
\text { Bytes } \\
1 & \text { - Character 1 (SOH character) } \\
1 & \text { - sequence number (starts at I. } \\
\text { wraps from } 255 \text { to zero) } \\
1 \text { - complement of sequence } \\
\text { number; for error checking } \\
128 & \text { - data; one sector of file } \\
1 & \text { - checksum; stim of the } 128 \text { data } \\
\text { bytes }
\end{array}
$$

Figure 1: Xmodem Data Packet Format

Like many other protocols Xmodem is receiver driven, meaning the side receiving the file controls what happens. The side sending the file sim-
ply waits until the receiver tells it what it needs to do.

The receiver starts by sending a NAK (Negative AcKnowledge) packet. (In Xmodem, this is the single character NAK.) If this gets no response, it repeats every 10 seconds until the sender answers by sending the firsi data packet. When the receiver gets the first data packet, it adds up all the bytes in the packet and compares it against the checksum at theend, If they agree, there is $n 6$ error and the receiver sends an $A C K$ (ACKnowledge) packet. The sender interprets the ACK as "send the next data packet." If the checksums don't agrec or there is some other problem, the receiver sends a NAK, which the sender interprets as "resend the same data packet." When a data packet is received incorrectly, it is re-sent until it makes it ilmough correctly. Then the next data packet is
dealt with. When there are no more sectors in the file, the sender sends an EOT (End Of Text) packet, which the receiver acknowledges, and the transfer is complete. Figure 2 illustrates how a file 256 bytes long might be transferred with Xmodem. Notice that the Xmodem protocol allows foreither side to start first. If the transmitter starts first, it simply waits until the receiver starts.

Xmodem has become popular because it is simple. Yet even this simple protocol has a number of imponant features. First a check value is included in every data packet to allow the receiver to check that the packet was comectly received. In Xmodem this check value is computed by adding up the values of each byte, which is called a checksim. Checksum error checking works well in protocols that have small packet sizes, such as Xinodern, but becomes progressively less reliable as the packets get larger. Another source of potential error is that some of the orerhead bytes (parts of the packet that aren" 1 data) might be incorrectly received. If the first byte is received wrong, then the receiver ignores the entire packet and sends a NAK (not a major problem).

If the checksum is received incorrectly. the checksums won't match; at this point the receiver NAKs the packet and it is re-sent. If the sequence number is received incorrectly, there could be a problem. It is critical in Xmodem that the data packets be sent in the correct order. and the sequence numbers provide a check on that. After the sequence number is the complement of the sequence number (each one in the binary number is changed to zero, and vice versa). so the receiver can check to make sure that part of the packet is correctly received. (It is interesting to note that the first three bytes of an Xmodem data packet should always add up to zero.) 'This concern for the sources of error is a common theme in the design of file transfer protocols.

## Why Not Xmodem?

Xmodem is old, simple and functional. Why, you might ask, would anyone want to use anything else? The major reasons are speed, accuracy and flexibility. Let's firsl look at what keeps X modem from being as fast as it could be.

When talking with systems such as Delphi or CompuServe, all of your data must go through a network. Since that
network sometimes gets very busy, it can sometimes take several seconds for your data to get through the network. In Xnodem, after the sender finishes sending a packet. the receiver may not finish receiving it until several seconds later. The recciver then sends an $\triangle C K$, which takes several more seconds to get back to the sender. At 1200 baud, half of the time can be spent waiting for this delay. At 2400 baud, nearly three quarters of the time in an Xmodem transfer can be spent waiting for network delays. Clcarly, at higher baud rates, this additional time becomes the limiting factor to the total transfer speed.

Although Xmodem takes pains to en-
able to transfer any eight-bit byte. There are some situations in which this is simply not possible. A typical example is when transferring files to/from mainfrume computers. Another example is when many networks use certain characters for special purposes, and havocensucs if those characters appear in the data being transferred across the network. Newer protocols use various methods to encode certain characters to avoid these problems.

Finally one convenience issue is that under Xmodem, there is no way to transfer a batch of files at one time without operator intervention. a capability that is a part of most newer protocols.


Figure 2: A Sample XModem Transfer.
sure that each data packet is correctly received, there is no error checking for Xmodem control packets, which are all single characters. One example of how an Xnodem transfer can fail is if a NAK from the receiver is received by the sender as an ACK. In that case the sender goes on to the next data packet while the receiver is expecting a resend of the current data packet. Another example is if telephone line noise causes the receiver to see an EOT character the sender does not send. In this case the receiver terminates before the full file is transferred. More modern protocols include error checking on control packets to gaurd against such problems. Even with data packets there are much better methods of error detection than the simple checksum.

Xmodem is simple, but that simplicity comes at the price of flexibility. Xmodem only transfers files that are a multiple of 128 bytes long. Usually this means the original file is "padded," typically with CTRL-Z characters, to fillout the last packet. This extra padding can wreak havoc with many datafiles and can cause a variety of other problems. Also, to transfer binary files requires that the serial connection be

## Common Shortcomings

A lew issues concerning writing programs to handle Xmodem transfers are often overlooked. One has to do with the transfer of ASCII files. Under CP/M, ASCII files use a CR/LF (Carriage Return plus Line Feed) pair of characters to mark the end of a text line. Some systems such as UNIX use a single LF character. The CoCo, under both OS-9 and RSDOS, uses a single CR character for this purpose. The Xmodem protocol specifies that all ASCII files should be sent with CR/LF characters between lines. For the CoCo, this means adding an LF character after each CR and removing LF characters on download. Such processing should not be done for binary files. Few CoCo terminat programs offer the option of doing this end-of-line conversion for ASCII filles. A few try to do such conversions automatically by checking the first character of the file, but this introduces many problems of its own.

Another common problem is how the end of the file is handled, When the sender receives an ACK for the last packet, it should send an EOT and then wait for an ACK of that EOT. Some systems routinely NAK the EOT and wait for the EOT to be resent. Programs that do not wait for the ACK can cause problems will systems that do this. When atn unacceprable number of errors occurs, it is customary to terminate the transfer with the CAN character (CTRLx). Systems that terminate upon receiving one CAN character sometimes abort when a CAN character is generuted by noise. It is preferable to wait for a sequence of three CAN characters before aborting. The side that requests the termination should probably send at least five consecutive CAN
characters in case noise causes one of them to be incorrectly received.

Receivers and transmitters using Xmodem allow each other a specific amount of time for a proper response. If one end takes too long and this time-ond delay is not satisfied, a Time-Out Error is generated. This nomally beneficial aspect of Xmodem has its draw backs too. Since most terminal programs are tested over local telephone connections, it is not uncommon for the time-out delay to be too short for use over a network, causing a lot of unnecessary lime-out errors. However, a very long timeout delay can slow error recovery when a character is lost due to noise Some terminal programs go to the extreme of having two different versions of Xmodem, one with shorter time-out delays (less than 10 seconds) for quick error recovery over local telephone connections, and another with longer time-out delays (sometimes as long as 30 seconds) for use over slower networks such as those used to connect to CompuScrve and Delphi. The best option is for the program to adjust the time-out delay based on the round-trip delay it sees, but this is difficult to do well.

One point of debate is the proper handling of a file partially received before the transfer is aborted because of errors. Some
people clains the file should be deleted so the user does not mistakenly believe the file was received correctly. This reasoning has some merit for binary program files, where a partial program is not useful. However, for text files and other files where the problem may be something like the EOT incompatibility just mentioned, it seems preferable to keep the partial file, issue an appropriate error message, and let the user decide if the partial file is useful.

## Improving a Standard: Xmodem-CRC

It wastit long before people tried to improve Xmodem. In order to reduce the chances that an incorrect packet is accepted by the receiver, it is good to use a 16 -bit Cyclic Redundancy Check (CRC) for error detection, rather than an eight-bit checksum. By taking advantage of the properties of itreducible polynomials, CRCs are much more sensitive to errors than checksums. This change alone provides a significant increase in the reliability of Xmodem-CRC transfers over slandard Xmodem. In order to maintain compatibility, though, it is desirable that the sender be able to figure out which type of error checking it should use. Xmodem-CRC handles this problem by modifying the initial handshake. In a standard Xmodem transfer, the first thing
the receiver sends to the transmitter is a NAK. In an Xmodem-CRC transfer, the receiver sends a capital C (Character 67), signifying that CRC error checking is to be used. The receiver sends this several times and if the transmitter doesn"t respond, the recciver assumes the transmitter can only use standard Xmodem and switches to a NAK. signifying that checksum crror detection should be used. The transmitter watches for the first character from the receiver. Ir it is a NAK, it assumes the receiver can only use checksum error detection. Otherwise the transmitter uses CRC error detection.

The biggest problem with XmodemCRC is that routines for calculating CRCs are difficult to understand. Cyclic Redundancy Checks rely on being able to do polynomial division modulo two. However, routines for calculating the most common CRCs (there are many different ones, and the 16 -bit CRC-CCITT used by Xinodem-CRC is by far the most common) are not difficult to find. In fact most people simply use routines already written by somerne else.

## Next Online: Y Modem

In the late ' 70 s. Chuck Forsberg started working on his series of YAM (Yet An-

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other Modem) terminal programs. While working on these, Chuck became an expert on weaknesses in the Xmodem protocol. Chuck compiled several ideas that other people had been suggesting (including the use of CRC error checking from XmodemCRC) and several ideas ol his own and developed an extension of Xinodem known as Ymodem.

Ymodem's major improvements over Xmodem are in its longer packet size, which gives increased speed over networks, its use of CRC error detection, and its batch capabilities. Let's look at each of ihese separately, then get an overview.

Earlier you saw that one weakness of Ximodem is that for every data packet transferred you must wait for data to make it across the network both ways, resulting in a very long delay between packets. One simple way to reduce the effect of this delay is to make the packets bigger. This way asmaller percentage of the time is spent waiting for the round-trip delay. The trade-off is that if an error occurs, it takes longer to resend a longer packet than it does to resend a short
packel. But over modert networks there are few enongl, errors that this is usually not a serious problem. As far as the protocol itself gocs, you need to make one slight change to the form of a data packet. since you want to maintain as much compatibility with Xmodem ats possible. In Ymodem there are actually two types of data packets, which can be distinguished by the first byte. Figure 3 oullines what a Ymodem data packet looks like.

One of the nice parts of the Ymodem
data packet, so under noisy conditions it is desirable to use shorter packets. Finally, a propenty written Ymodem receiver can receive files from an Xmodem sender with no problems at all. In fact a properly written Ymodem sender can send to an Xmodem recejver with no problems if it interprets the initial handshake properly.

Ymodern handles the initial handshake it the same way Xmodem-CRC does. The transmitter watches for the first character from the receiver. If it is a NAK, the re- cciver can use only standard Xmodem (128 byte packets and checksum error detection), If it is a C , the trunsmitter uses Ymodem (1024 byte packets and CRC error detection). The convention that a NAK handshake means to use 128-byle pack-
protocol is that it retains the ability to use 128-byte data packets. This is nice for several reasons: First, when transferring the last part of a file, there may not be enough data to fill a 1024-byte packel. It may be faster to send a few shorter packets, rather than one long packet. Second, it takes mutch longer to retransmit a longer

Start of data packet character. Character 1 means there are 128 data bytes; Character 2, 1024.
Sequence number
Complement of sequence number
Data. cither 128 or 1024 bytes. depending on first byte of packet. Either 1-byte checksum or 2-byte CRC check value. depending on the initial handshake

Figure 3: Y modem Data Packet

Expanding Horizons
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the full Ymoden protocol with batch capabilitics, although many purists only use the term Ymodem to refer to the full protocol, including batch capabilities. Chuck Forsberg added batch capabilities to Xmodem by noting that the packel sequence number starts at one. So he defined Packet 0 to be a special packet containing the file name, length and other information about the file being transferred. (Those interested in writing Ymodem programs should note that Packet 256 is not unusual.) In this way several files can be transferred consecutively without operator intervention. The file length is a particularly nice addition to the protocol since it allows the receiving end to remove extra padding that must be added to fill the last data packet. However. on some systems it is possible for files to grow before they are completely sent, particularly due to end-of-line conversions. Many Ymodem-batch senders intentionally use a too large file size, which makes this less useful.

In summary Ymodem makes three major additions to Xmodem: It uses a longer data packet for faster transfers over networks; it can optionally use CRC error detection, which makes it much more reliable; and when fully implemented, it supports a batch option that makes multiple file transfers much more convenient and can also remove problems with extra file padding, Ymodem does not address the reliability problems of having single-character control packets, nor does it address the need for all 256 data bytes to be transferrable through the connection. For mosi BBSs and information scrvices these are not major problems, but there are situations in which they can make Ymodem unusable.

## Half-Duplex Versus Full-Duplex

All the protocols discussed so far have been half-duplex protocols. Here the term half-duplex is being used in a technical sense, meaning that only onc side sends at a time. This is handled by alternating which side sends. Half-duplex protocols have a significant advantage in that they are much simpler to write. However, in order to gain increased speed, especially over networks, it is desirable to use full-duplex, which means that either side is allowed to transmit at any time. This results in significantly more complex code, but can also result in significani speedups over the simpler counterparts, Two general methods of handling full-duplex transfers are to use n'indowing (which has nothing to do with screen displays), or sfreaming techniques. The remaining protocols either use fullduplex by default or have a variation or extension that uses full-duplex.

Note: The common usage of the terms
half-duplex and full-duplex for terminals is quite different and should not be confused with this more technical meaning.


## It Does Windows: WXmodem

Ymodem attempts to address the slow speed of Xinodem by using a longer packet size. This slows down error recovery, though, since it takes longer to retransmit a long packet. It would be nice to be able to get fast transfer rates while still using a small packet size. One way to do this is to use a technique known as windowing. The basic idea is that the reason networks slow down file transfers so much is because of the need to wait for the other end. WXmoden (Windowing Xmodem) simply removes the need to wait. It works by having the sender send packets continuously. The receiver receives and checks each one and sends an ACK or NAK as appropriate. In WXmodem the ACK is more than one character since it must identify the packer number as well. The sender matches up cach ACK or NAK as it receives it, resending packets that were NAKed and pausing if it gets too far ahead of the receiver. The number of packets that can remain unaccounted for at the sender end before it stops 10 wait for the receiver is called the window size and explains the term Windowing X modem. WXmodem is much faster than Xmodern and can be marginally faster than Ymodem over networks, much faster when there is moise on the line since it is not necessary to resend a long 1024-byte packet.

WXmodem also does some "transparency masking," or encoding, to prevent certain characters from appearing in a packet. After WXmodem builds a data packet, it replaces those characters by two-character sequences starting with DLE (Data Link Escape, although the specific character is unimportant) so those characters can have their usual meanings. In particular, since the WXmodem sender is sending continuously, it may be necessary for the receiver to ask the sender to pause. This is accomplished by using the standard XOFF (to request the sender to pause) and XON (to
request the sender to continue) characters. In order for those characters to be used in that capacity, it is necessary that they not have any meaning in the rest of the transfer. In fact, they are completely ignored by WXmodem except for flow control. This usage of DLE is called guoting and is a common technique for encoding characters that aren"t allowed to appear" in a data packet.

## Chuck Forsberg Strikes Again: Zmodem

After Chuck's YAM program became fairly well-known, he was asked to develop a protocol especially for use over packetswitched networks. He apparently considered adding onto Ymodem but later decided 10 scrap that completely and start over from scratch. The result is the very impressive, if inappropriately named, Zmodem protocol. The full description of Zmodem is too long to cover here, but a few highlights will suffice.

Zmodem addresses the major shortcomings of Xinodem using a variety of techniques. Any character can be encoded (or quoted) in a manner similar to WXmodem to prevent its being used. Several specific characters (including XON and XOFF) are always encoded, and any other character with special meaning to the network can be encoded to prevent problems. It is even possible to use only seven bits hy encoding every character over 127. Zmodem uses 16-bit or 32 -bit CRCs for error detection, making it an extremely reliable prolocol. Every command and control packet includes full error detection so incorrectly transferred control packets can be detected and resent. Zmodem has an impressive array of command packets that allows either side to request one or mone file transfers, and can even implement some limited sectirity measures.

Zmodem addresses Xmodem's concern about sequence numbers, file padding and speed by using a full-duplex method of file transfer referred to as streaming. The idea here is that the sender simply sends the entire file directly and periodically inserts special packets with cumulative error detection information and current file position. The receiver compares this information when it receives it, If the received infomation disagrees with what the receiver has calculated, it requests that the sender resend, beginining with a specific file position, By using file position rather than sequence number, 2 modem gains the additional ability to send only part of a file. Zmodem is a fast protocol that is only beginning to gain popularity.

## Frogs and Piggies: the Kermit Story

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nect to them through special terminal connections that have unusual limitations in the microcomputer world. In particular many terminal connections have limits on how many characters can be dealt with at a time, are limited to seven bits only, and can only handle a limited number of control characters. In order to transfer files in such very restrictive environments, some people at Columbia University developed the Kermit file transfer protocol, named after the Muppet character. Kermit packets are very short, to avoid line-length limitations on terminal connections. Kermit also supports encoding, which can encode every eightbit character ( 8 th bit quoting) and most control characters. It is even possible to run Kermit where only one control character can be communicated. It has become extremely popular at universities, where it is not uncommon for people to want to transfer files between mainframes and microcomputers. Kermit has an extended handshake when the two sides start up, which determines the way the two sides will communicate, what type of quoting and error checking will be used, and what extensions to the basic protocol each can use. This guarantees that Kermit programs can implement any combination of advanced capabilities and will still be able to communicate as long as they include some basic subset.

Kermit is interesting in that one end of the connection usually runs in the server mode. Once you get the two Kermit programs running, you give commands to the Kermit program at your end (the local Kermit), which passes some of them through to the server Kermit. For example, you can request a directory on the server machine or on your local machine; you can request that files be transferred either way; and you can reconfigure either Kermit program by giving commands to the local Kermit. If your purpose for calling the other machine is to transfer files, this is a very convenient environment.

Unfortunately the extensive encoding causes a lot of overhead, and the very short packet size makes Kermit very slow over networks. There have been many extensions to Kermit that help to address these problems by allowing for longer packet sizes (up to about 9000 bytes) and windowing operation, but these extensions have been slow to catch on.

## Other Protocols: CIS B, B+

Since the advent of Xmodem nearly 15 years ago. many people have tried to design their own file transfer protocols, with varying degrees of success. Many are just variations of Xmodem, and most never caught on. But two deserve special mention.

CompuServe has done a lot of work to make its system as casy to use as possible. Much of its work has revolved around developing special terminal programs with features carefully matched to their particular needs. As part of this effort it designed a file transfer protocal called CompuServe B protocol, or CIS B. B protocol is a basic receiver-driven, non-windowing protocol. It has two major advantages over X modem. First it has a variable packet length, which removes the problems with padding since the last packet can simply be made shorter than the others. Having a variable packet size can also help adaptation to noise since the transfer can use short packets under noisy circumstances to reduce time spent resending (and long packets up to 512 bytes with CIS B for faster transfer under quiet conditions). Secondly when implemented in a particular fashion, the host computer (CompuServe) can initiate any file transfer. This makes it significantly easier to use the system since you simply tell CIS that you want to download a file, and then it tells your terminal program to begin the download. This protocol recently had window= ing capabilities added for significantly faster operation, and is now called CIS B+, or Quick-B protocol.

## Which Is Best For Me?

Which protocol you'll use in a given situation is usually dictated by your terminal program and thesystem you are calling. Very few CoCo terminal programs offer much more than Xmodem, and protocols more sophisticated than Ymodem are still not widely available. A few points to kcep in mind when you do have a choice:

- Xmodem is popular but slow over networks. Almost every terminal program that can do file transfers can do Xmodem, and it is the specified fall-back protocol for Ymodem and Zmodem. The need for a full eight-bit connection can also be prohibitive, especially when working with mainframes.
- Ymodem is much faster than Xmodem over networks but can be slower when there are a loi of errors since it takes so much longer to resend a long packet. Ymodemcanuse 128-byte packets, but this capability is often not properly implemented. Ymodem does have a batch capability, which can make life much more convenient for people doing lots of file transfers. When the batch capability is fully implemented, it can also avoid problems with padding.
- Compuserve B protocol is better than Xmodem in that it has a variable packet size, which allows for larger packets (and hence greater speed) under non-noisy conditions. It also avoids the problems with X modem padding.
- WXmodem is faster than Xmodem It's marginally more complicated but doesn't offer the batch capabilities of Ymodem. WXmodem is faster than Y modem in cases where there is both a network delay and noisy conditions and comparable in speed when there is no noise. WXmodem also encodes certain flow-control characters so it can be used in some situations where Xmodem and Ymodem cannot.
- Compuserve $\mathrm{B}+$ protocol is similar to B protocol but offers sliding windows for significantly improved speed.
- Kermit offers eight-bit quoting (a fancy way of saying it can work on seven-bit lines) and is the most popular protocol for transferring files between mainftames and micros. It is the only file transfer protocol available on many mainframes, One version of Kermit written in C is available for OS-9. Kermit has a lot of overluead, though, and its small packet size makes it slow over packet-switched networks unless the stiding window option is implemented, which is rarely done due to the complexity.
- Zmodem seems to be the best allaround, although its complexity means that it's availability to CoCo users will probably be delayed a long time. It is fast and flexible, and it supports batch capabilities.


## For Further Information

These documents all provide careful descriptions of the corresponding protocol. The Ymodem and WXmodem descriptions include descriptions of standard Xmodem. Some of these are fairly easy to read, and others are slow going. Chuck Forsberg's article describing Ymodem is a particularly good starting point because it gives a good explanation of Xmodem and the sources of error in Xmodem.

Except for the book on Kermit, these articles should be available presently on the major information services (Delphi or CompuServe).

- Peter Boswell, "Xmodem, CRC Xmodem, WXmodem File Transfer Protocols," June 20, 1986
- CompuServe Incorporated, "VIDTEX 4.0 Standards for Terminal Emutator Programs," April 1985.
- Frank da Cruz, Kermit User's Guide. Columbia University, 6th Edition.
- Frank da Cruz, Kermit, A File Transfer Protocol, Digital Press, 1987.
- Chuck Forsberg, editor, Xmodem/ Ymodem Protocol Reference: A Compendium of Documents Describing the Xmotem and Ymodem File Transfer Protocols, Omen Technology. Inc., May 1985.
- Chuck Forsberg, The Zmodem $/$ ItterApplication File Transfer Protocol, Omen Technology, Inc., June 1988.


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That people are fascinated by games is evident from the wide variety on the market today. There are sophisticated trivia games; complex battle simulation games with anmchair generals in command of armies fighting historic battles; and role-playing games that use the imagination for playing pieces and game board. The Checkers Champ joins the ranks of these amusements and guarantees you a good time.

The Checkers Chomp translates the classic board game to bits and bytes of BAsic code. Anyone with a 128 K Color Computer 3 and at least one joystick can play. (Those who use Tandy's Deluxe Joystick should set both axis switches to the "free float" position for best results.) The Checkets Champ incorporates 320 -by- 192 resolution graphics and 16 palette colors that

Marc Comphell, aself-raught programmer, is a student al Ephrata Senior High Schoot. His romputing has grown into more than a hobby, as he has seen several of his programs in print and is marketing ohers throigh his own soffuare house.
bring the familiar red and black checkerboard back with style. The program's point-and-click interlace makes it incredibly easy to use, even for young children. Devoted checkers players with reservations about this adaptation are needlessly intimidated because computerization brings with it some distinct advantages: You'll never lose any pieces, your sore-loser opponent can't rearrange the board while you pause to answer the telephone, and you don't need a flesh-and-blood filend in order to play. With this program, the Color Computer knows the game like the back of its "hand," and it plays to win.

## Getting Started

Let's play some checkers CoCo style. Fire up the Color Compuier 3. connect one or both joysticks, and type in and save the listing. After you've corrected any errors in your typing, you are ready to begin. Type RUN and away you go. You are greeted with a title screen and a short song. (To cut the musical interlude short, hold down any key until the tune stops.) At this point the op-

| XX | 00 | XX | 01 | XX | 02 | XX | 03 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 04 | XX | 05 | XX | 06 | XX | 07 | XX |
| XX | 08 | XX | 09 | XX | 10 | XX | 11 |
| 12 | XX | 13 | XX | 14 | XX | 15 | XX |
| XX | 16 | XX | 17 | XX | 18 | XX | 19 |
| 20 | XX | 21 | XX | 22 | XX | 23 | XX |
| XX | 24 | XX | 25 | XX | 26 | XX | 27 |
| 28 | XX | 29 | XX | 30 | XX | 31 | XX |

Note: Blocks marked with XX should be colored red. Do not print the XX. Blacks marked withanumber should be colored black. Numbering should be in white.

Figure 1: Numbering System Used to Designate Checkerboard Blocks

Champ's Score Save feature allows you to keepa running total of all the games you've played. You can have your own ongoing checkers toumament - play a few games,

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save the score, and play again later.) The pink box near the bottom of the screen is the menu, from which you can select and perform a variety of functions (like correcting a mistake or saving a game in progress). The white flag in the lowerright comer of the screen is used when a player wants to cut his losses and surrender. The checkerboard itself is the fifth and last area of the screen.

## It's as Simple as

 Point-and-ClickWhat makes The Checkers Champ so easy to use is its point-andclick user interface, which means that you tell the computer what to do by positioning the blinking arrow with your joystick and pressing the red firebutton. It's all very obvious once you've given it a try, so do just that. Run the program. and select a
one-player game at whatever level of difficulty you feel comfortable. Make sure Red goes first.

Take a look th the dialog box. You see the message SELECT YOUR PIECE in red print. The red print indicates that it is Red's turn; on Black's turn the print in the dialog box is black. There is only one exception to this red print/black print rule: Whenever you receive a SYSTEM MESSAGE (one that doesn't directly involve the game), the print shows up as dark blue.

Point the blinking arrow at the piece you want to move and hold down the red firebutton until you hear a high-pitched beep. The message in the dialog box should change to MAKE YOUR MOVE. If you click on the wrong piece or change your mind after selecting a piece, jump down to the Oops block on the menu and press the button. You may now select another piece. Once you have selected a piece and are ready to move, point the arrow to where you want the piece to move and click again. Keep in mind that Oops will not backtrack a bad move; once you've clicked with "Make your move" in the dialog box, the move is permanent. Habitual checkers cheaters won't have any luck pulling the wool over the Color Computer's eyes. If and when you click on an illegal block (i.e., one that is occupied, one that is non-adjacent, or one that is red in color), a buzzer soumds and you must reselect the piece you want to move. (Players with devious intent will be embarrassed whenever they sound the buzzer.)

After your move the dialog box displays the message THINKING... in black print, indicating that it is now Black's turn. The computer decides which piece to move by looking at all the different possibilities and selecting the best move. Naturally the level of difficulty you selected has a bearing on whether a move is deemed advantageous or disadvantageous. Generally speaking, the higher the level of difficulty, the longer you have to wait while the computer processes its move (about 30 seconds tops).

## Jumping

Treat a jump just like any other move; click where you want your piece to go. Your opponent's checker vanishes as yours leaps to its new location.

After you jump one of your opponent's picces, the computer checks to see if another jump can be made from the new position. The dialog box reads CONTINUE YOUR JUMP if this is possible. As usual, click in the block where you want the jump to continue. Do not reselect the piece that is jumping or you'll lose the extra miove. The traditional rules of checkers say that you don't have to continue a jump. Therefore,
no matter what strategic trick you have up your sleeve, click on Oops or any illegal block to forfeit the additional jump.

## King Me!

A nonmal piece becomes a king when it successfully moves all the way across the board without being removed by an opponent. As anyone who has ever lost to an uncontrolled king population knows, kings can move ard jump in any direction. After a piece is kinged in The Checkers Champ, a short coronation ceremony interrupts the game temporarily. Kinged pieces are marked with a yellow crown.

Asan option, you may choose to play an all-king version. This game variation is something of a house rule that found its genesis when I became bored with gardenvariety checkers. The game begins with all pieces as kings. Be prepared for some wild multidirectional jumps once things get going.

## Waving The White Flag

If your opponent traps you so masterfully that you cannot make a move, or if you move the arrow to the white flag in the bottom right comer of the screen, the arrow disappears as it exits the checkerboard, and the white flag begins to wave. Aclick while the flag is waving causes the dialog box to ask if you're sure you want to throw in the towel. Pressing any key other than Y sends you back to the game; simply move the arrow away from the white flag and back onto the checkerboard. Pressing the $Y$ key automatically makes your opponent the winner.

## Winning The Game

To win the game you must eliminate all your opponent's checkers, either by jumping them or comering them so they can't move. Prompts ask you to select between playing another game or shutting down for the evening.

## The Menu

To select an item from the menu, position the arrow anywhere in the block that contains the item and click. There are four items up for grabs on the menu:

Oops: Allows you to reselect the piece you wish to move. This item is explained in more detail above.

Stat: Returns the number of pieces each player has remaining. Click on Stat to see at a glance who's winning.

Save: Saves a game in progress to tape or disk. Prompts guide you every step of the way to ensure the game is saved properly.

If you click on this item accidentally, press CLEAR when the dialog box reads SAVE TO (1) DISK or (2) CASSETTE. There is no turning back afterwards, so think a little before pressing a key, The only time you cannot save a game is when you are in the middle of a multiple jump. Finish the jump first, then save it. It may be advantageous to save an important game two or three times, either under different filenames or, better yet, on separate disks or tapes.

## Error Trapping: Disk

If, in the course of your game saving and loading enterprises, you happen to come upon this message: ERROR PRESS ANY KEY TO CONTINUE, the computer is telling you that something is wrong. Most likely a bad filename, a write-protection tab, or a full disk is at fault. Save the game to another disk, and don't press ENTER without specifying a filename when asked for one. Game Load errors are generally more fatal. The game file or, even worse, the disk directory

Quit: Ends the game if you press the $Y$ key when asked if you are sure you want to call it quits. Any other key sends you back to the game in progress. You have the option of saving the score before the program stops.

## Installing Scores

If needed you can load the score of a previous checkers tournament at the beginning of the playing session. If you do not have a separate score file saved, you can enter the filename of a saved game with the score you want installed. In this case. the computer looks only at the score and disregards the rest of the information.

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or entire disk may be garbled．Before jump－ ing to any conclusions，check to make sure the filename is correct and the disk in Drive 0 contains the file．


## Error Trapping：Cassette

You should never receive an error mes－ sage while saving a game．Errors received while loading are caused by bad data．but retry the load a few times at various re－ corder volume settings before giving up on the saved file．

## Error Trapping：Otherwise

The Checkers Chomp should report only errors caused by the Game，Save and Load procedures．If the crror message pops up unexpectedly，the listing may have a typing error．Debuggers should eliminate the on ERR GOTO，POKE41598．32，and POKE 41599， 32 portions of Line 1 to cripple the error－ trapping and break－disabling routines．Once the program is debugged，you can add the deleted segments．

## Technically Speaking

Teaching a person to play checkers is one thing，but reaching a computer to do the same is a different story．Since CoCo is strictly a mathematics－based machine，the game is translated into a series of fomulas that make frequent use of Boolean algebra （the logical operators AND，NOT and OR；see your Color Computer user＇s manual or a high school mathematics textbook for fur－ ther information）．Each of the 32 ＂legal＂ boxes on the gameboard is assigned a number，ranging from zero in the upper left comer to 31 in the lower right（see Figure 1）．From any given block，there are as many

| ／ |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| 7 ．．．．．．．．． 152 | 162 ．．．．．． 134 |
| 12 ．．．．．．．． 233 | $174 \ldots 194$ |
| $22 \ldots \ldots$ | 187 ．．．．．． 119 |
| 29 ．．．．．．．．．． 25 | 204 ．．．．．．． 56 |
| $4 \emptyset$ ．．．．．． 228 | 213 ．．．．．．．． 87 |
| 47 ．．．．．．．． 221 | 226 ．．．．．． 240 |
| 6Ø ．．．．．． 176 | END ．．．． 146 |

## The listing：CHECKERS

© I HE GHELKERS GHAMF COHYKIGHI （C） 1988 BY MARC CAMPBELL COPYRIGHT 1989 FALSOFT，INC 1 WIOTH32：CLS0：POKE41598．32：POKE 41599，32：X－RNO（－TIMER）：X－D：FOKE1 40． $0:$ POKE\＆HFFD9，0：POKE昆HFO15，\＆H2 1：HBUFF1，14：HBUFF2，269：E\＄＝＂O1L16 C＂：B\＄＝＂05L32C＂：DIMP（31，1）：DIMA（1 1）：DIMB（11）：DIMC（11）：DTMD（11）：DI MEL（31）：ONERRGOT0227
2 RGB：PALETTED． 0 ：PALETTE9．35：PAL ETTE10．53：PALETTE11．52：PALETTE12 （3：PALETTE13．39：PALETTE14，57：PAL ETTE15．19
3 X＝＠：HCOLOR，8：HSCREEN2
4 DATA03L12G，L604C，L1203G，L604C． L1203G．L3．04C．L1203G．L1204C．L160 ，L12E，L16D，C．L5E，L12C．L6D，L3CP6． L6C，L8E，E，L4E，L6C，L8E，E，L4E，L6C． L8E，E．L6E，L10D非，D．L3C非．03G．04L8E ，E，L6E，L12C，L6D，C，03C．02C
5 HCOLOR4：FORQ－0T03045TEP20：HLIN $E(0,0)-(0+20,15)$, PSET，B：HLINE $(0$, 105）$-(Q+20,120)$, PSET，B：IFX＝0THEN HPAINT $(Q+1,1), 3,4: \operatorname{HPAINT}(Q+1,106$ ） $.12,4: \mathrm{X}=1$ ELSEHPAINT $(\mathrm{Q}+1,106), 3$. 4：HPAIMT $(0+1,1), 12,4: X=0$
6 NEXT：FORQ＝15TO9めSTEP15：HLINE（0 ． 0$)-(20.0+15)$ ，PSET，B：HLINE（300， 0 $)-(320, \square+15)$, PSET，B：IFX $=1$ THENHPA INT（1， $0+1), 3,4:$ HPAINT（301， $0+1), 1$ $2,4: X=0 \mathrm{ELSFHPAINT}(301, \mathrm{Q}+1), 3,4: H$ PAN！（1．$Q+1$ ），12． $4: X=1$
7 NEXT：HCOLOR1：HPRINT $(5,3)$ ，＂T H E＂：HPRTNT $(26,9)$ ，＂C H A M P＂：HCOL 0R4：HDRAW＂BM50．31R20D10L20G5D10F 5R20010L25H10U20EI0R5；BM70．31040 R10U15R10D15R10U40L10015LI0U15L1 0：BM100，31040R30U10L20U8R10U4LI0 UBR20U10L30；BM145．31R20010L20G5D 10F5R20010L25H10U20E10R5．
8 HDRAW＂BM165．31D46R16U10F10R10H 15U10E15L10G10U10L10：BM195．31040 R30U10L20U8R10U4L10U8R20U10L30；B M225．31040R10U10F10R10H15U5R10E5 U10H5L40BR25BD5R10F3D4G3L10U10；B M255，36E5R25010L15G5R15F5D15G5L2 5U10R15E5L15H5U5＊
9 FORO $=48$ T0273STEP $+30:$ IFX＝0THENH PAINT $(0,35), 3,4: X=1 E L S E H P A I N T(0$. 35），12，4：$x=0$
10 NEXT：HCOLOR5：HPRINT（4．11），＂（C ）MCMLXXXVIII by Marc Campbell＂ 11 「OKE\＆HFFDS．0：FORO－1TO40：READA \＄：PLAYA\＄：IFINKEY\＄く〉＊＊THENQ＝40：NE XTELSEIFX＝OTHENPALETTEI2，36：PALE TTE $3.0: X-1$ ：NEXTELSEPALETTE12，0：P ALETTE3． $36: \mathrm{X}=0$ ：NEXT：EXEC43345
12 EX＝I：EY＝22：POKE思HFFD9，©：PALET

TE日．日：PALETTE3．36：PALETTE12．0：HC OLOR11：HPRINT（5，16），＂PRESS CLEAR
TO RESTART OPTIONS＂：HCOLOR4：HPR INT（Q，18），＂Do you want to load a saved game？（Y／N）＂
13 GOSUB226：PLAYB\＄： $\operatorname{HPRINT}(0,18)$ ． STRENG\＄（40．32）：IFA\＄＝＂Y＂ORA\＄－＂y＂T HEN14ELSE18
14 HCOLOR4：HPRINT $(3,18)$ ，＂Load fr om（1）disk or（2）cassette＂
 HENPLAYE $\$$ ：GOTO15ELSEPLAYB\＄：IFA\＄－ ＂ 1 ＂THEND＝1ELSED＝－1
$16 \mathrm{X}=3: \mathrm{Y}=20$ ：G0SUB156：HPRINT（5．22 ）．＂Press any key to load the gam e＂：EXEC44539：POKE\＆HFFD8，0：OPEN＂I ＊＊，非，F\＄
17 FORX－1TOEOF（D）：INPUT非D，NG（0）， NG（1）：FORQ＝OTOI1：INPUTVO，A（Q），B（ Q）， $\mathrm{C}(\mathrm{Q}), \mathrm{D}(\mathrm{O})$ ：NEXTQ：INPUT非D，TN，NP ，IT，GM，J（Q），J（1）：NEXTX：CLOSE非D：P OKF\＆HFFD9．©：GOT038
18 HCOLORI：HPRINT（0．18），＂Do yo u want to install scores？（Y／N）＂ 19 GOSUR276：PLAYB\＄：IFA\＄＝＂Y＂ORA\＄＝ ＂y＂THEN20ELSE24
20 HCOLOR4：HPRINT $(2,18)$ ．＂Load f rom（1）disk or（2）cassette＂ 21 GOSUB226：IFA\＄く〉＂1＂ANDA\＄く〉＂2＂T HENPLAYE\＄：GOTD21ELSEPLAYB\＄：IFA\＄－ ＂1＂THEND＝1ELSED＝－1
$22 X=3: Y=20: G 0 S U B 156: \operatorname{HPRINT}(4,22$ ）．＂Press any key to load the sco res＂：EXEC44539：POKE\＆HFFD8，O：OPEN ＂I＂，非D，F\＄
23 FORX＝1TOEOF（D）：INPUT非D．NG（0）． NG（1）：NEXTX：CLOSE非D：POKE\＆HFF09，O ：GOSUB222
24 HCOLOR13：HPRINT $(2,18)$ ，＂Press 1 for Player One vs Coco Champ＂： HPRINT（2，20），＂Press 2 for Player One vs Player Two＊
25 GOSUB226：IFA\＄《＞＂1＂ANDA\＄く＞＂2＂T HENPLAYE $\$$ ：GOTO25ELSEPLAYB\＄：IFA\＄－ ＂ 1 ＂THENNP $=1$ ELSENP＝2
26 IFNP＝2THEN28ELSEHCOLOR1D：GOSU B222：HPRINT $(4,18)$ ，＂How smart is the Checkers Champ？＂：HPRINT（11，2 Ø）．＂DULL－WITTED＂：HPRINT（11， 21）．＂2 RUN－OF－THE－MILL＂$\ddagger$ HPRINT（ 11．22）．＂3 DEVESTATING＂
27 GOSUB226：IFA\＄く〉＂1＂ANDAS〈〉＂2＂A NDA \＄〈う＂3＂THENPLAYE $\$$ ：GOTO27ELSEPL AYR $\$$ ：IFA $\$=$＂ 1 ＂THEN $T=1$ ELSETFA $\$=$＂？ ＂THENIT＝2ELSEIFA\＄＝＂3＂THENIT＝3 28 GOSUB222：HCOLOR14：HPRINT（4．18 ）．＂Press 1 to play classic check ers＂：HPRINT $(4,20)$ ，＂Press 2 to pl ay all king version＂

29 GOSUB226：IFA\＄く〉＂1＂ANDA\＄くゝ＂2＂T HENPLAYE\＄：GOTO29ELSEPLAYB $\$$ ：IFA\＄ ＂1＂THENGM－1ELSEGM＝？
30 GOSUB222：HCOLOR15：HPRINT（4，18 ，＂Player 1：RED RIGHT JOYST ICK＊
31 IFNP＝1THENHPRINT（4，19），＂P1 aye r 2：BLACK COLOR COMPUTER＂
32 IFNP＝2THENHPRINT（4．19）．＂Playe
$r$ 2：BLACK IEFT JOYSTICK＂
33 HPRINT（3，20），STRING\＄（34，32）：H
PRINT（3．21）．＂Who goes first？（1）
RED（2）BLACK＂： $\operatorname{HPRIMT}(19,22)$ ，
（3）COMPUTER PICKS＂
34 GOSUR226：IFA\＄く＞＇1＂ANDA\＄く＞＂2＂A NDAS〈〉＂Z＂THENPLAYE $\$$ ：GOTO34ELSEPL AYB\＄：IFA\＄＝＂1＂THENTN－GELSEIFA\＄＝＂2 ＂THENTN＝1ELSEIFA\＄＝＂3＂THENTN＝RND（ 2）－1
$35 \mathrm{~J}(0)=0: J(1)=0: F O R O-0 T 011: A(0)$
$-Q: B(Q)-0+20$
$36 \mathrm{IFGM}=2$ THENC $(Q)=2: \mathrm{D}(\mathrm{Q})=2 E L 5 E C($ a） $0: D(a)=\square$
37 NEXT
$38 \mathrm{EX}=1: \mathrm{EY}=\emptyset:$ POKE\＆HFD15，\＆HAA ： HCO LOR，8：HSCREEN2
39 HCOLOR5：HLINE $(2,0)-(319,7), \mathrm{PS}$ ET．BF：HCOLOR2：HLINE（1， 1$)-(1,8), \mu$ SET：HLINE $=(318,8)$ ，PSET：HLINE $(0,2$ ）－（0．9）．PSET：HLINE＝（317，9），PSET 40 HCOLOR9：HLINE（64．183）－（256．19
1），PSET，BF：HCOLOR10．8：HPRINT（ 9.2 3），＂OOPS STAT SAVE QUTT＂：FORQ －112T0206STEP48；HLINE（0，183）－（0． 191），PRESET：NEXT
41 HCOLOR11： $\operatorname{HLINE}(2,16)-(39,66)$ ， PSET，BF：HCOLOR7：HLINE $(1,17)-(1.6$ 7），PSET：HLINE－$(38,67)$ ，PSET：HLINE （0，18）－（0．68），PSET：HLINE－（37，68） ．PSET \＃HCOLOR8：HLINE（4，18）－$(37.28$ ）．PSET，BF：HCOLOR3： $\operatorname{HLINE}(4.43)-(3$ 7．53），PSET．BF
42 HCOLOR4：HLINE $(280.150)-(318.1$ 6向），PSET：HLINE－（280，170）．PSET：HL INE $-(280,150)$, PSET：HPAINT $(281,15$ 2）．4．4：HCOLOR11：HLINE（280，171）－（ 280，185），PSET
43 HCOLOR7：X＝LEN（STR\＄（NG（1）））；HP RINT（ 1,1 ），STRING $(4=X, 48)+$ RIGHT $\$$ （STR\＄（NG（1））．$X-1): X=L E N(S T R \$(N G($ $0)$ ）： $\operatorname{HPRINT}(1,7)$, STRING\＄$(4-x, 48)$ ＋RIGHT\＄（STR\＄（NG（9）），X－1）
44 POKE\＆HFO15，\＆H21：PALETTE日． 27 ：H

COLOR4：$X=\square: Z=D: F O R R=16 T 0156 S T E P 2$ 0

45 FORC＝48T0244STEP28
46 HLINE（C，R）$=(\mathrm{C}+28, \mathrm{R}+20)$ ，PSET，B ：IFX－OTHENHPAINT $(C+1, R+1), 3,4: X=$ 1ELSEX＝
47 NEXTG：$I F X=0$ THENX＝1ELSEX－ 0
48 NEXTR
$49 X=76: W=244: Y=16: F 0 R Q=0 T 031: B L$
$(0)=0, P(Q, 0)=X: P(Q, 1)=Y: X-X+56: I$
$F X>W$ THENY－Y +20 ：IFZ $=$ OTHENX $=48: W=$ 216：Z＝1ELSEZ－ $0: X=76: W=244$
50 NEXI
51 FORO－DTO11：IFA $(Q)=-2 T H E N 52 E L S$ $E B L(A(Q))=2: W=P(A(Q), D)+14: X=P(A$ （Q）． 1 ）+10 ：HCIRCLE（ $W, X)$ ， 10 ：IFC（O） $-2 T I C N I I D R A W " B M "+S T R \$(W+2)+" . "+S T$ R\＄（X＋2）＋＂C1L8U6F4E2F2E406L8C4＂：H PAINT $(W+2, ~ X+1), 1,1$
52 IFB $(0)=-2$ THEN53ELSEBL $(B(Q))=1$ $: Y=P(B(0), 0)+14: Z=P(B(0), 1)+10: H$ CIRCLE $(Y, Z), 10: \operatorname{HPAINT}(Y, Z), 3,4: I$
FD（Q）－2THENHDRAW＂BM＂＋STR\＄（Y＋2）＋＂
，＂＋STR $\$(Z+2)+$＂C1L8U6F4E2F2E4D6L8 C4＂：HPAINT $(\mathrm{Y}+2,2+1), 1.1$
53 NEXT
54 GOSUB129：GOSUB89；G0T0163
55 HPRINT（1，0），＂Select your piec $\mathrm{e}^{\mathrm{\prime}+\text { STRING }}(23,32)$ ：GOSUB83
56 IFBUTTON（TN＊2）＝1THENGOSUB135： GOT057ELSE54
 （D）$+28 A N D Y>P(Q, 1) A N D Y<P(Q, 1)+2 \emptyset T$ HEN58ELSENEXT：PLAYE\＄：GOTO54
$58 \mathrm{P}=0$ ：IFTM＝1THEN59ELSEFORO＝0T01
1：IFB（Q）$=P$ THENN＝Q：GOTO6DELSENEX T：PLAYEW：GOT054
$59 \mathrm{FORQ}=$ GTO11：IFA（Q）$=\mathrm{P}$ THENN $=Q: G$ OT0GDELSENEXT：PLAYE\＄：GOT054
60 G0SUB89：HPRINT（1．0）．＂Make you $r$ move＂＋STRTNG（26．32）：GOSUE83
61 IFBUTTON（TN＊2）＝1THENGOSUB135： G0T062ELSE60
62 FORO＝OTO31：IFX＞P（Q，D）ANDX＜P（0 ．（0）＋28ANDY $>P(0,1)$ ANDY $\langle P(0,1)+20 A$
NDBL（Q）＝ØTHEN63ELSENEXT：PLAYE\＄：G 0 T054
$63 \mathrm{M}=0$
64 1「TN＝1 ANDC（N）く＞2 THEN71
65 ［FJ＞囱THEN68
66 IF（ $P$ AND4）－4 THENIFP－M－5 ANDI NT $(P / 4)<>P / 4$ QRP－M＝4THEN77
67 IFP－M＝3 AND（P AND4）$=$ DORP $-M=4 T$
as four blocks surrounding it．Assuming that P represents the number of the blocks being examined，we can determine its neigh－ bors with the Boolem algebra formulas mentioned previously（see Figure 2）．

Of course there is an exception to every rulc．Our formulas do not yield accurate results when a block at the very edge of the board is examined simply because there aren＇t four possible directions in which to move．

We must test P by Anding 4 because only diagonal moves are allowed on the check－ erboard．To demonstrate this concept，let＇s take a look at how we arrived with our system of eight formulas．Find Block 9 in Figure 1．Notice that $5,6,13$ and 14 are the only possible moves a piece in Block 9 can make withoul jumping．We derive four formulas from our observations： $9-6=3$（ P － 3 in the top right）， $9-5=4$（ $\mathrm{P}-4$ it the top left），14－9 $=5$（ $\mathrm{P}+5$ in the bottom right），and $13-9=4(P+4$ in the bottom left）．We really ought to test a few other blocks just to see if our formulas are universal，so why not 26？Fortunately for us，we still get Block 26＇s neighbors when we plug in the num－ bers： $23(\mathrm{P}-3), 22(\mathrm{P}-4), 31(\mathrm{P}+5)$ ，and 30 $(\mathrm{P}+4)$ ．To prove that we are bona fide mathematicians，we＇ll try 14 for good measure．Our formulas spit out $11(\mathrm{P}-3) .10$ $(\mathrm{P}-4), 19(\mathrm{P}+5)$ ，and $18(\mathrm{P}+4)$ ．Only 10 and 18 are adjacent；they do not even fit the pattem of lop right，top left，botton right and bottom left．Now what do we do？

Here is where staggering rows comes into play．Since every other row is offsel， we need two sets of formulas．Which set of formulas should be used？It just so happens that every block in a row beginning with a multiple of eight equals zero when ANDed with four．Also，every block in a row that does not begin with a multiple of eight equals four when ANDed with four．This is a neat，sure－fire method of finding the neigh－ bors of any block in any row on any stand－ ard checkerboard．While it＇s much more
＂Assembly Language Programming for the CoCo＂（The Book）and the CoCo 3 （The Addendum）． Professionally produced（not just skimpy technical specifications）．THE CoCo reference books．

THE BOOK－ 289 pages of teaching assembly language for the CoCol 1 \＆ 2. It＇s used as à school text and is an intro to Computer Science．It describes the 6809E indtructione，subroutines， interrupts，stacks，programming philosophy，and many examples．Also covered are PIAs，VDG，SAM，kybd， jystk，sound，serial port，and using cassette and disk．$\$ 18.00+\$ 1.50 \mathrm{~s} / \mathrm{h}$ ．

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practical for human beings to simply scru－ tinize a checkerboard to look for moves，all this Boolean is right up the Color Com－ puter＇s alley．

The computer decides which move to make by looking at each of its remaining pieces and all the possible moves each piece can make．Each move is assigned a prisrity value and poked into Lo－Res graph－ ics screen memory；naturally the higher the priority，the better chance the move in question is chosen．Depending on the level of difficulty，the computer determines a move＇s priorily based on whether or not a piece can jump，be kinged，or block a possible jump．

After all the possible moves are evalu－ ated and their priorities tabulated，the computer chooses the move with the high－ est priority．In the event that two or more moves have the same priority，one of them is randomly selected，

This explanation barely skims the sur－ face of the fascinating subject of attificial intelligence．As you may suspect，there is much more going on inside your Color Computer when The Checkers Champ ＂thinks．＂If you are still intrigued，dissect the program listing on your own or drop me a line．

## Variables List

A
$\mathrm{A}(\mathrm{X})$ ArraycontaininglocationofBlack期
B $\$ \quad$ PLAY string containing beep tone
$B(X) \quad$ Array containing location of Red業
BK Memory location of stored moves to block potential jumps
BL $(\mathrm{X})$ Array containing block＇s status： 0＝empty，l＝Red－occupied，2＝ Black－occupied
c Dummy variable
$C(x)$ Returns a 2 if Black 非 is a king

## $D(X)$

E\＄
EX
Ey

GR Returns a l if score is being saved
$J(x) \quad$ Array containing number of jumps （Red＝x＝0；Black＝x＝1）
M Block to which a piece is moving
ML Memory location where computer searches for possible blocks
MP Memory location where current move is stored

HEN77
68 IFP－M－9 ANO（P ANO4）$\rangle(\{P-4) A N$
04）ANDINT $(P / 4)<\supset P / 4$ THEN90
69 IFP－M＝7THEN90
70 IFTN＝OAND D（N）$\langle 2$ THENPLAYE\＄： G0T054
71 IFJ＞OTHEN74
72 IF（M AND4）－4 THENIFM－P－5 ANDI NT（M／4）$>\mathrm{M} / 4 \quad 0 \mathrm{RM}-\mathrm{P}=4$ THEN77
73 IFM＝P＝3 AND（M AND4）＝6ORM－P＝4T HEN77
74 IFM－Pa9 AND（M AND4）$\left\langle\left(\begin{array}{l}(M-4) A N\end{array}\right.\right.$
D4）ANDINT（M／4）《＞M／4 THEN90
75 IFM－P＝7THEN90
76 PLAYE\＄：GOTO54
$77 \operatorname{HGET}(P(P, 0)+1, P(P, 1)+1)-(P(P$ ． 0）$+27, P(P, 1)+19), 2: H C O L O R 8: H L I N E$ $(P(P, D)+1, P(P, 1)+1)-(P(P, Q)+27, P$ （P．1）＋19），PSET，BF：HPUF（P（M，O）＋1， $P(M, 1)+1)-(P(M, 0)+27, P(M, 1)+19)$ ． 2．PSET：HCOLOR4：EXEC43345
78 IFJ（TN）-12 THEN 146
79 IFTN－OANDM＞－1ANDM＜4ANDD（N）《＞2 THEND（N）$=2$ ：GOSUB151
80 IFTN－1ANDM＞27ANDM＜32ANDC（N）＜＞ 2THENC（N）＝2：G0SUB151
81 IFTN＝OTHENB（N）＝M：BL（P）＝B：BL（M ）－1：IFJ＞0THEN104ELSETN～1：G0T054 82 IFTN＝1THENA $(M)=M: B L(P)=\emptyset: B L(M$ ）＝2：IFJゝOTHEN104ELSETN＝0：G0T054 83 QX－JOYSTK（ 0$): O X=J O Y S T K(1): X=5$ $6+10 Y S T K(T N * 2) * 3.5: Y=18+10 Y S T K(T$ $N * 2+1) * 2.5: X=I N T(X): Y=I N T(Y)$
84 IFY－175 THENY－185：IFX＞253THEN $X=253 E L S E$ I $F X<64 T H E N X=64$
85 IFY＞145ANDX＝27＠THENF＝1：HCOLOR 4，8： $\operatorname{HLINE}(280,150)-(318,160)$, PRE SET：HLINE $=(280,179)$, PRESET：HSET（ 280，170．11）：FORO＝1T0100：NEXT：HLI NE（200，150）－（318．160）．PSET：HLINE －（290，170），PSFT：G0T088
$86 \mathrm{~F}=0$ ： $\mathrm{HGET}(\mathrm{X}, \mathrm{Y})-(\mathrm{X}+4, Y+4), 1: \operatorname{HDR}$
 2ND2F4C4＊＊：FORO＝1T050：NEXT：HPUT（X
Y）$-(X+4, Y+4), 1$, PSET
87 HPUT $(X, Y)-(X+4, Y+4), 1 . P S E T$
88 RETURN
89 IFTN＝OTHENHCOLOR3：RETURNELSEH COLORB：RETURN
$90 \mathrm{~J}=1:$ FORQ $=1011$
91 IFTN＝ดTHENOP＝A（Q）ELSEIFTN－1TH $E N O P=B(0)$
92 IFTN＝1 ANDC（N）（）2 THEN98
93 ［FP－M－7 AND（P AND4）－4 AND P－4
＝OP THENX＝OP：GOSUB154：G0T0103
$94 \mathrm{IFP}-\mathrm{M}=7$ AND（ P AND4）$=\mathrm{D}$ AND $\mathrm{P}=3$
－OP THENX＝0P：GOSUB154：G0T0103
95 IFP－M＝9 AND（P AND4）$=4$ ANDP－5＝
OP THENX＝OP：GOSUB154：GOTO103
96 IFP－M－9 ANC（ $P$ AND4）－ANDP－4－
OP THENX＝OP：GOSUB154：GOTO103
97 IFTN＝0 ANDD（N）＜＞2 THEN1D2
98 IFM－P -7 AND（M AND4）$=4$ AND $M-4$ $=0 \mathrm{P}$ THENX＝0P：G0SUBI54：G0T0103 99 IFM－P＝7 AND（M AND4）$=0$ AND $M-3$ ＝0P THENX＝0P：G0SUB154：G0T0103
100 IFM－P＝9 AND（M AND4）＝4 ANDM－5＝0 THENX＝0P：G0SUB154：G0T0103
101 IFM－P＝9 AND（M AND4）＝ด ANDM－4
＝0P THENX＝0P：GOSLIR154：GOTO1月3
102 NEXT：J＝O：PLAYE $\$$ ：GOTO54
103 J（TN）$-J($ TN $)+1$ ：HCOLORS：HLINE（ $P(X, 0)+1, P(X, 1)+1)-(P(X, 0)+27, P($ $X, 1)+19)$ ，PSET，BF：G01077
$104 \mathrm{P}-\mathrm{M}: \mathcal{F O R Q X - 0 T 0 3 : P P ( Q X ) - - 1 0 : P J}$
$(0 X)=-10: N E X T: I F T N=1 A N D \quad C(N)\langle \rangle 2$ THEN108
105 IF（P AND4）＝4 THENPP（0）＝P－4：I $F((P-5)$ AND4 $)=((P-4)$ AND 4$)$ THENPP $(1$ ）$-\mathrm{P}-5$
196 TF（F AND4）＝THENPP（1）$=\mathrm{P}-4: 1$ FINT $((P-3) / 4)\rangle(P-3) / 4 T H E N P P(0)=$ P－3
107 IFTN＝0AND D（N）＜＞2 THEN111
108 IF（M AND4）$=4$ THENPP（2）$=\mathrm{M}+4: 1$ $F((M+3) A N D 4)=((M+4) A N D 4)$ THENPP（3 $)=\mid M+3$
109 IF（M AND4）－0 THENPP（3）－M＋4：I FINT $((M+5) / 4)<>(M+5) / 4 T H E N P P(2)=$ M＋5
110 IFTN＝1 AND C（N）＜＞2 THEN114
$111 \mathrm{IF}(\mathrm{PP}(6) \mathrm{AND} 4)=4 \mathrm{THENP} 3(0)=\mathrm{PP}$
（0）－4：IF（ $(P P(1)-5) A N D 4)<(P P(1) A$
ND4）THENPJ（1）－PP（1）－5
$112 \operatorname{IF}(\mathrm{PP}(0) \mathrm{AND} 4)=0$ THENPJ（1）－PP
（1）－4：IF（ $(P P(0)-3) A N D 4)\langle>(P P(D) A$
N04）THENPJ（0）－PP（0）－3
113 IFTN＝ØAND D（N）《＞2 THEN116
$114 \operatorname{IF}(P P(2)$ AND4 $)=4$ THENPJ（2）$=P$
$P(2)+4: 1 \mathrm{~F}(\{P \mathrm{P}(3)+3) \mathrm{AND} 4)=((\mathrm{PP}(3)$
$+4)$ AND4）THENPJ $(3)=P P(3)+3$
$115 \mathrm{IF}(P \mathrm{P}(2) \mathrm{AND} 4)=0 \mathrm{THENPJ}(3)=P$
$P(3)+4: 1$ IFINT $((P P(2)+5) / 4)\rangle(P P(2$
$)+5) / 4 \operatorname{THENPJ}(2)=P P(2)+5$
115 GOSUB131
$117 \mathrm{FORQ}=0 \mathrm{TO} 3: \mathrm{PB}(\mathrm{Q})=0: \mathrm{NEXT}: \mathrm{FORQX}$ － 0103
118 IFPJ $(Q X)<$ KTHENPB $(Q X)=1 E L S E[F$ $B L(P J(Q X))>O T H E N P B(Q X)=1$
119 NEXTQX
120 IFTH $=1$ THENRETURN
121 IF $\mathrm{PB}(0)=0$ OR $\mathrm{PB}(1)=\emptyset \quad 0 \mathrm{O}$ PB（ 7）＝ด OR PR（3）$=0$ THFN122ELSE54
122 FORQX＝OTO3：IFPP $(Q X)=-1 T H E N 12$ 6
123 IFTN＝0THENIFBL（PP（QX））＝2 AND PB $(Q X)=0$ THEN127
124 IFTN＝1THENIFBL（PP（QX））＝10 TH ENBL $(P P(Q X))=1$
125 IFTN＝1THENIFBL $(P P(Q X))=1$ AND PB（OX）$=0$ THEN127
126 NEXTQX：G0T054
127 GOSUB89：IFTH＝2THEN219ELSEHPR INT（1，©），＂Continue your jump＂+ ST RING\＄（21，32）
128 GOSUB83：I FBUTTON（TN＊2）－1THEN G0SUB135：G0T062ELSE128
129 IFJन ${ }^{2}$ THENRETURNELSEIFTN＝OTHE NTN－1ELSETN－${ }^{-1}$
$130 \mathrm{~J}=0$ ：RETURN
131 FORQX＝ØTO3：IFPJ $(O X)<0$ ORPJ 6 X）＞31 THENPJ $(0 X)=-1$
132 NEXT
133 FOROX＝OTO3：IFPP $(Q X)<O O R$ PP $(Q$
$X)>31$ THENPP $(Q X)=-1$
134 NEXT：RETURN
135 PLAYB $\$: I F Y<185$ ANDF＝OTHENRETU RN
136 IFF＝OTHEN138ELSEF＝0：GOSUB89： HPRINT（I，D），＂Are you sure you wa nt to surrender？＂：EXEC44539：A\＄－I
 THEN54
137 IFTN－DTHENTN－1：GOTO146ELSETN ＝И．ต0T0146
138 IFX＞63ANDX＜112THEN54
139 IFX＞111ANOX＜160THENHCOLOR2：M $\$=+$ Red：＂+ STR $\$(12-J(1))+"$ Black： ＂＋STR\＄（12－J（0））：M\＄＝M\＄＋STRING\＄（39 －LEN（M\＄）．32）：HPRINT（1．0）．M\＄：GOSU


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[^6]
## How To Read Rainbow

When we use the term CoCo ，we refer to an affection－ ate name that was tirst given to the Tandy Color Computer by its many lans，users and owners．
The BASIC program listings printed in THE RAIN－ BOW are formatted for a 32 －character screen－so they show up just as they do on your CoCoscreen．One easy way to check on the accuracy of your typing is to com－ pare what character＂goes under＂what．II the charac－ ters match－and your line endings come out the same －you have a pretty good way of knowing that your typing is accurate．
We also have＂key boxes＂to show you the minimum system a program needs．But，do read the lext before you start typing．
Finally，the little disk and／or cassette symbols on the table of contents and at the beginning of articles indicate that the program is available through our RAINBOWON DISK or RAINBOW ON TAPE service．

## Using Machine Language

The easiest way to＂pul＂a machine language program into memory is to use an editor／assembler，a program you can purchase from a number of sources．All you have to do，essentially，is copy the relevant instructions from THE RAINBOw＇s listing into COCO ．
Another method of putting an ML listing into CoCo is called＂hand assembly＂－assembly by hand，which sometimes causes problems with ORIGIN OF EQUATE statements．You ought to know something about assembly to try this．
Use the following program if you want to hand assemble ML listings：

```
10 CLEAR200, &H3F00=I=足H3F80
20 PRINT "ADORESS:*:HEX$(I) ;
30 INPLT "BYTE";B4
40 POKE I, VAL("名H"+日$)
50I=I+1:50TO20
```

This program assumes you have a 16 K CoCo．If you have 32 K ，change the 3 H 3 F 00 in Line 10 to 8 H 7 F 00 and change the value of It to \＆HフFBe．

## OS－9 and RAINBOW ON DISK

The OS－9 side of RAINBOW ON DISK contains two directories：CmDS and SUURCE．It also contains a file， read．me．first，which explains the division of the two directories．The CMDS directory contains executa－ ble programs and the SDURCE directory contains the ASCII source code for these programs．BASIC09 programs will only be offered in source form so they will only be found in the SLURCE directory．
OS－9 is a very powerful operating system．Because of this，it is not easy to learn at first．However，while we can give specific instructions for using the OS－g
programs，you will find that the OS－9 programs will be of little use unless you are familiar with the operating system．For this reason，if you haven＇t＂learned＂OS－9 or are not comfortable with it，we suggest you read The Complete Rainoow Guide to OS－9 by Dale Puckett and Peter Dibble．
The following is not intended as a course in OS－9．It merely states how to get the OS－9 programs from RAINBOW ON DISK to your OS－9 system disk．Use the procedures appropriate for your sysiem．Before doing so，however，boot the OS－9 operating system according to the documentation from Radio Shack．

1）Type load dir list copy and press ENTER．
2）If you have only one disk drive，remove the OS－9 system disk from Drive 0 and replace it with the OS－ 9 side of RAINBOW ON DISK．Then type chd do and press ENTER，If you have two disk drives，leave the sytern master in Drive 0 and put the RAINBOW ON DISK in Drive 1．Then type cha／d1 and press ENTER．
3．List the read－me ．fi rst file to the screen by typing list read．me．First and pressing ENTER．
4）Entering dir will give you a directory of the OS－9 side of rainbow on disk．To see whal programs are in the CMDS directory，enter dir cmds．Follow a similar method to see what source files are in the SOURCE directory．
5）When you tind a program you want to use，copy it to the CMDS directory on your system disk with one of the following commands：

One－driwe \＄ystem：copy／do／cmds／filename／dor cmds $/$ filename－s
The system will prompt you to alternately place the \＄ource disk（RAINBOW ON DISK）or the destination disk（system disk）in Drive 0.
Two drive system：copy dismas filename／da／ cmods fiflename
Once you have copied the program，you execule it from your system master by placing that disk in Drive 0 and entering the name of the file．

## The Rainbow Seal

 SEAL
The Rainbow Certification Seal is our way of helping you，the consumer．The purpose of the Seal is to certify to you that any product that carries the Seal has actually been seen by us，that it does，indeed，exist and that we have a sample copy here at THE RAINBOW．
Manufacturers of products－hardware，sotware and firmware－are encouraged by us to submit their prod－ ucts to THE RAINBOW for certification．
The Seal is not a＂guarantee of satisfaction．＂The certification process is different from the review process．You are encouraged to read our reviews to determine whether the product is right for your needs．
There is absolutely no relationship between advertis－ ing in THE RAINBOw and the certification process． Certification is open and awailable to any product per－
taining to CoCo．A Seal will be awarded to any com－ mercial product，regardless of whether the firm adver－ tises or nol
We will appreciate knowing of instances of violation of Seal use．

Reinbow Check Plus


The small box accompanying a program listing in THE RAINBOW is a＂check sum＂system，which is designed to help you type in programs accurately．
Rainbow Chack PLUS counts the number and walues of characters you type in．You can then compare the number you gat to those printed in THE RAINBOW， On longer programs，some benchmark lines are given． When you reach the end of one of those lines with yout typing，simply check to see if the numbers match．
To use Rainbow Check PLUS，type in the program and save it tor later use，then type in the command RUN and press ENTER，Once the program has rum，typenEw and press ENTER to remove it from the area where the program you＇re typing in will go．
Now，while keying in a listing from THE RAINBOW， whenever you press the down arrow key，your CoCo gives the check sum based on the length and content of the program in memory．This is to check against the numbers printed in THE RAINBOW．If your number is different，check the listing carefully to be sure you typed in the correct BASIC program code．For more details on this helpful utility，refer to H ．Allen Curtis＇article on Page 21 of the February 1984 RAINBOW．
Since Rainbow Check PLUS counts spaces and punctuation，be sure to type in the listing exactly the way it＇s given in the magazine．

```
10 CLS: \(\mathrm{X}=256^{*}\) PEEK [ 35 ] +17日
20 CLEAR 25, x-1
\(30 x=256\) *PEEK \((35)+178\)
40 FOR \(2=\times\) TO X \(\times 7\) ク
50 READ \(Y: W=W+Y: P R I N T Z, Y\);W
60 PCKE \(Z, Y\) NEXT
70 IFW \(=79\) S5THENGOELSEPRINT
    "向自角 ERROR": STMP
BO EXEC X:END
90 DATA \(182,1,106,167,140,60,134\)
100 DATA 126, 183, 1, 105, 190, 1, 107
110 DATA \(175,140,50,48,140,4,191\)
120 DATA \(1,197,57,129,10,38,36\)
130 DATA \(52,22,79,158,25,230,129\)
140 DATA 39, 12, 171, 128, 171, 126
150 DATA \(230,132,38,250,48.1,32\)
160 DRTA \(240,183,2,222,48,140,14\)
170 DATA 159, 166, 166, 132, 21, 254
1 1日0 DATA 189, 173, 198, 53. 22, 126. 0
190 DATA \(0,135,255,134,40,55\)
200 DATA \(51,52,41,0\)
```


## Still pounding away at that keyboard?



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Dummy variable Dummy variable Dummy variable
Number of piece being moved or examined
Number of players
Number of opponent＇s piece
Block where piece to move is cur reatly located
$P(X, Y)$ Array holding $x$ and $y$ coordinates of each block
$P A(x)$ Array containing surrounding blocks of any given piece
Returns al if Direction 非X is blocked
$P J(x) \quad$ Array containing jumps possible by any given piece
PP（X）Array containing moves possible

## B145：GOT054

140 IFX＞207ANDX＜256THENHCOLOR2：H PRINT（1，日）．＂Are you sure you wan t to quit？（Y／N）＂＋STRING\＄（3，32）： EXEC44539：A\＄＝INKEY\＄：PLAYB\＄：IFA\＄－ ＂Y＂ORA\＄＝＂y＂THFNGOSIIR735：POKEKHFF 08，D：CLS：RGB：HSCREEND：POKE41598， 3：POKE41599，3：ENDELSE54
141 IFX＞159ANOX＜20BTHENIFJ〉OTHEN 54ELSEHCOLOR2：HPRINT（1．0），＂Save to（1）disk or（2）cassette？＂＋ST RING $(6,32)$
142 EXEC44539：A\＄＝INKEY $=$ IFA\＄＝CHR \＄（12）THEN54ELSEIFA\＄〈＞＂1＂ANDA\＄く＞＂ 2＊THENPLAYE\＄：G0T0142ELSEPLAYB\＄：I FA $\$=" 1$＂THEND $=1 E L S E D=-1$
$143 \mathrm{X}-1: Y-0: 605 \cup B 156$ ：I $\mathrm{GR}-1$ THENR ETURNELSEHPRINT（ 1,0 ）．＂Press any
key to save your game＂+ STRING $\$(8$ ，32）：EXEC44539
144 POKE\＆HFFD8，D：OPEN＂O＂．非D，F\＄：P RINT非D．NG（D）：NG（1）：F0RQ＝QTO11：P RINT排，A $(0): B(Q): C(0): D(0) ;: N E X T$ ：PRINT非D，TN；NP；IT；GM；J（0）；J（1）： CLOSEIFD：POKE\＆HFFD9，D：GOTO54
145 IFBUTTON（TN＊2）＝0THEN145ELSEP LAYBS：RETURN
146 HCOLOR2：IFTN＝OTHENHPRINT（1，0 ）．＂Red is the winner＂＋STRING\＄（22 ．32）： $\mathrm{NG}(0)=\mathrm{NG}(0)+1$ ：IFNG（0）＞999TH $E N N G(0)=0$
147 IFTN＝1THENHPRINT（1，0），＂BTack
is the winner＂＋STRING\＄（20，32）：N
$G(1)=N G(1)+1: I F N G(1)>999$ HENNG（1 $\mathrm{j}=0$
148 POKEQHFFD8， 0 ：$F O R Q=255$ TOOSTEP －1 ：POKE140，Q：EXEC43345：NEXT：PLAY ＂L303CG1 16FFI 12 DO4। 3003GL16FEL12 004L3C03GL16FEFL3DO2P60P6L2．CL12 P12CC＂：POKE\＆HFFD9．0
149 HPRINT（1．8），＂Do you want to play again？（Y／N）＂＋STRING\＄（7，32） 159 EXEC44539：A\＄＝INKEY\＄：PLAYB\＄：I FA $\$=" Y$＂ORA $\$=$＂$y$＂THENHSCREEN 2 ：GOTO 12ELSEGOSUB235：PDKE HFFDS，O：CLS： RGB：HSCREEMO：POKE41598，3：POKE415 99．3：END
$151 \mathrm{~J}=\mathrm{B}: \operatorname{HCOLOR2}: \operatorname{HPRINT}(1, b), " G r e$ etings．Your Highness＂：IIDRAW＂OM＂ $+S T R 4(P(M, 0)+16)+", "+S T R \$(P(M, 1)$ ＋12）＋＂C1L8U6F4E2F2E4D6L8＂：HPAINT $(\mathrm{P}(\mathrm{M}, 0)+16 . \mathrm{P}(\mathrm{M}, 1)+11) .1 .1$
152 POKE虽HFFDB，D：PLAY＂LI203CEGL6 04CL24CC03L6GL24GGL12EGEL6CP6L12 CEGL604CL24CC03L12ECGL6CP6L1203C EG04L6C03L12G04L6G＂：POKE\＆HFFD9．0 153 RETURN
154 IFOP＝A（O）THENA（O）＝－2：BL（OP）＝ 6：RETURN
155 IFOP－B $(0)$ THENB $(0)-2: B L(O P)-$ 0：RETURN
156 HPRINT $(X, Y)$ ．＂What is the fil ename？＂＋STRING\＄（18，32）：F\＄－＂F：F－ 0：HPRINT（22＋X，Y），CHR\＄（127）
157 EXEC44539：A\＄－INKEY\＄：IFA\＄＝CHR
（8）THENF＝F－1：IFF D：G0T0157ELSEF\＄＝LEFT\＄（F\＄，F）：HPR1 NT（22＋X＋F．Y）．CHR\＄（127）＋＂＂：GOTO1 57
15 IFA\＄＝＂／＂ORA\＄＝＂＂．＂THENPLAYE\＄：G 0T0157
159 IFA\＄＝CHR\＄（13）THENHPRINT（22＋X ，Y），F\＄＋＂＂：PLAYB\＄：RETURN
166 IFASC（A\＄）＜32THENPLAYE\＄：G0T01 57
$161 F \$=F+A \$: F=F+1: I F F=9$ THENPLAY E\＄：F\＄＝LEFT\＄（F\＄，8）：F＝8：G0T0157
162 HPRINT（21＋X＋F，Y），A\＄＋CHR\＄（127 ）：GOTO157
163 TFTN＝0THENTH＝0：GOTO55ELSEIFN $\mathrm{P}=2$ THEN55EL5EGOSUB89：HPRINT（1，D）
，＂Thinking．．．＂＋\＄TRING\＄（28，32）：TH －1：MP＝3584：」－
164 FORMX $=0$ TO1I：IFA（MX $)=-2$ THEN17 DELSEM－A（MX）：N－MX
165 GOSUB104
166 FORMY＝OT03：IFPP $(M Y)=-1$ THEN 16 $7 E L S E I F B L(P P(M Y))<>1$ THENPB $(M Y)=1$ 167 NEXTMY
168 FORMW－OTD3：I FPB（MW）$=1$ THEN169 ELSEXX－MW：PR－D：GOSUB224：POKEMP．M $X: P O K E M P+1 . P P(M W): P O K E M P+2, P J(M W$ ）：GOSUB197：POKEMP $+3 . P R: M \mu=M P+4$ 169 NEXTMW
170 NEXTMX
171 I FMP $=3584$ THEN179ELSEXW＝PEEK（ $3584)$ ：$X X=P E E X(3585)$ ：$X Y=P E E K(3586$ ）：XZ－PEEK（3587）：FORMX＝3584TO MP－ 15TEP4
$172 \mathrm{PC}=\mathrm{PEEK}(M X): P P=P E E K(M X+1): P J$ －PEEK $(M X+2)$ ：$P R=P E E K(M X+3)$
173 IFPRD $K Z$ THENXW＝PC：$X X=P P: X Y=P$ $J: X Z=P R$
174 IFPR＝XZ THENIFRND（10） $\operatorname{RRND}(10$ ）THENXW＝PC：$X X=P P: X Y=P J: X Z=P R$
175 NEXTMX
$176 \mathrm{P}=\mathrm{A}(\mathrm{XW}) ; \mathrm{M}=\mathrm{XY}: N=X W: F O R M Z=0 T 01$ 1：IFB $(M Z)=X X$ THEN177ELSENEXT
$177 \mathrm{X}=\mathrm{B}(\mathrm{MZ}): \mathrm{B}(M Z)=-2: \mathrm{BL}(\mathrm{X})=\square: M Z=$ $11: T H=2: J=1:$ GOTO103
178 FORMZ－DT03：IFPB（MZ）－D ANDP』（ $M Z)>-1$ THENXY＝PJ $(M Z): X X=P P(M Z): G$ OTO176ELSENEXT
179 ロK－6656：POKEBK， 255 ：MX－0
180 IFA $(M X)=-2 T H E N 188 E L S E M=A(M X)$ ： $\mathrm{N}=\mathrm{MX}$
181 G0SUB104：GOSUB228
182 IFIT－1THEN186ELSEIFPA（1）＞－1 ANDPA（2）$>-1$ THENIFBL（PA（2））＝』 AN D BL（PA（1））＝1 THENFORQ－0T011：IFD （ 0 ）$=2 \mathrm{ANDB}(0)=P A(1)$ THENPOKEBK，PA $($ 2）：$B K=B K+1 E L S E N E X T O$
$1830=12$ ： $\operatorname{IFPA}(0)>-1 \quad \operatorname{ANDPA}(3)>-1$ THENIFBL（PA（3））＝Ø ANDBL（PA（D））＝1
THENFORO＝OTO11：IFD $(0)=2 A N D B(U)=$ PA（D）THENPOKEBK．PA（3）：BK＝BK＋1ELS ENEXTQ
184 Q－12：IFPA（1）＞－1 ANDPA（2）＞－1
THENIFBL（PA（1））－0 AND BL（PA（2））＝ 1 THENPOKEBK，PA（1）：BK＝BK＋1
by any given piece
Prionty of a move
QX

Dummy variable
$x \quad$ Dummy variable
XW Dummy variable
Y Dummy variable
（Questions or comments concerning this article may be addressed to the author at 266 Riverview Drive，Ephrata．PA 17522. Please include an SASE when requesting a reply．）

185 IFPA（0）＞－1 AND PA（3）$>-1$ THEN IFBL（PA（0））＝0 AND BL（PA（3））－1 TH ENPOKEBK，PA $(0): B K=B K+1$
186 FORMW $=0$ T03：IFPP（MW）$=-1$ THEN18 7ELSEIFBL（PP（MW）） OGTHEN187ELSEFO $^{2}$ KEMP，MX：POKEMP $+1 . \operatorname{PP}(M W): P R=4: G O S$ UB204：POKEMP +2 ，PR：MP $=M P+3$
187 NEXTMW
188 MX－MX＋1：I FMX＜12THEN180
189 IFIT＜3THEN191ELSEFORML＝3585T 0 MP－1STEP3：FORQW－6656T0 BK－1 ：IF PEEK（ML）$=$ PEEK（OW）THENPOKEML +1 ，PE EX（ML＋1）+1
190 NEXTQW，ML
191 IFMP－3584THEN137ELSEXW－PEEK（ 3584）：XX＝PEEK（3585）：XY＝PEEK（3586 ）：FORMX＝3584TO MP－1STEP3
192 PC＝PEEK（MX）：PP＝PEEK $(M X+1): P R$ －PEEK（MX＋2）
193 IFPRDXY THENXW＝PC：XX－PP：XY＝P R
194 IFPR＝XY THENIFRND（10）＞RND（10 ）THENXW－PC：$X X=P P: X Y=P R$
195 NEXTMX
$196 \mathrm{P}=\mathrm{A}(\mathrm{XW}): \mathrm{M}=\mathrm{XX}: \mathrm{N}=\mathrm{XW}: G 0 \mathrm{~T} 077$
$197 \mathrm{M}-\mathrm{PJ}(X X): N-M X: G O S U B 104$
198 FORMY $=0$ TOS： $\mathrm{IFPP}(\mathrm{MY})=-1$ THEN19
9ELSEIFBL（PP（MY））$>1$ THENPB（MY）－1 199 NEXTMY
200 FORMY＝0TO3：IFPB（MY）＝OTHEN201 ELSE203
201 IFC（N）－2THENBL（PP（MY））＝10
202 XX－MY：PR＝PR＋1：GOT0197
203 NEXTMY：RETURN
204 ［FIT－1THEN208ELSEM＝A（MX）：P＝M ：G0SUB228：IFPA（1）＞－1 ANDPA（2）＞－1
THENIFBL（PA（2））－0 AND BL（PA（1）） -1 THENFORQ $=0$ TO11： $\operatorname{IFD}(0)=2 \operatorname{ANDB}(0$ ）$=\mathrm{FA}(1)$ THENPR $=P \mathrm{R}+1$ ELSENE KTQ
205 Q $=12$ ：IFPA（0）＞－1 ANDPA（3）$>-1$
THENIFBL $(\operatorname{PA}(3))=0$ ANDBL $(\operatorname{PA}(0))=1$
THENFORQ＝0T011： $\operatorname{IFD}(Q)=2 A N D B(Q)=$ PA（0）THENPR－PR＋1ELSENEXTO
206 $0=12: I F P A(1)>-1$ ANDPA（2）$>-1$ THENIFBL（PA（I））＝D AND BL（PA（2））＝ 1 THENPR $=P R+1$
207 IFPA（0）$>-1$ AND PA（3）＞－1 THEN IFBL $(P A(D))=$ AND $B L(P A(3))=1 \mathrm{TH}$ ENPR＝PR＋1
208 IFPP（MW）＞27ANDPP（MW）＜32ANDC（ $\mathrm{N})<>2$ THENPR＝PR＋1
209 M－PP（MW）：PwM：G0SUB228
210 IFPA（1）＞－1 ANDPA（2）＞－1 THENI $F B L(P A(2))=2 \quad A N D A(M X)=P A(2) A N D B$ L（PA（1））－1 THEMFORQ－0T011：IFD（0） $=2 A N D B(0)=P A(2) T H E N P R=P R-1 E L S E N E$ $\times$ XQ
211 Q－12：IFPA（1）＞－1 ANDPA（2）＞－1 THENIFBL（PA（2））＝0 ANDBL（PA（1））＝1 THENFORO＝ 1 T011： 1 FD $(Q)=2 A N D B(Q)-$ PA（2）THENPR＝PR－1ELSENEXTO
$2120=12$ ：IFPA（0）$)-1$ ANDPA（3）$>-1$ THENIFBE（PA（3））＝2 ANDA（MX）－PA（3） ANDBL $(\mathrm{PA}(0))=1$ THENFORQ＝OTO11：IF $D(0)=2 A N D B(0)=P A(3)$ THENPR $=P R-1 E L$

## SENEXTQ

$2130=12$ ： $\operatorname{IFPA}(0)>-1$ ANDPA（3）＞－1 THENIFBL（PA（3））－B ANDBL（PA（0））－1
THENFORO＝ 0 T011：$I F D(Q)=2 A N D B(0)=$ PA（3）THENPR＝PR－IELSENEXTQ
$214 \mathrm{Q}=12$ ： $\operatorname{IFPA}(1)>-1$ ANDPA（2）$>-1$ THENIFBL $(P A(1))=2$ ANDA $(M X)=P A(1)$
AND $\operatorname{BL}(\operatorname{PA}(2))=1$ THENPR＝PR－1
$215 \operatorname{IFPA}(1)>-1$ ANDPA（2）＞－1 THENI FBL（PA（1））＝Ø ANDBL（PA（2））＝1 THEN $\mathrm{PR}=\mathrm{PR}-1$
216 IFPA（ 0 ）$>-1$ AND PA（3）＞－1 THEN
$\operatorname{IFBL}(P A(D))=2$ AND $A(M X)=P A(D) A N D$ $\operatorname{BL}(P A(3))=1$ THENPR＝PR－1
217 IFPA（0）＞－1 ANDPA（3）＞－1 THENI FBL（PA（D））$=6$ AND BL（PA（3））＝1 THE NPR＝PR－1
218 RETURN
219 FORMY $=0$ T03：IFPF（MY）＝－1THEN22 $0 E L S E \operatorname{FBL}(P P(M Y))\langle>1$ THENPB（MY）－1 220 NEXTMY
221 GOT0178
222 FORQ $=18$ 1022： $\operatorname{HPRINT}(6,0)$ ，STRI NG\＄（40．32）：NEXTQ：RETURN
223 RETURN
$224 \operatorname{IFC}(N)=2 \operatorname{THENBL}(P P(M W))-10: P R$ $-P R+1$
225 RETURN
226 EXEC44539：A\＄－INKEY\＄：IFA\＄－CHR \＄（12）THENGOSUB222：gOTO12ELSERETU RN
227 POKE\＆HFFD9．0：PLAYE $\$$ ：HPRINT（E X，EY）．＂ERROR Press any ke y to continue＂：EXEC44539：HPRIN T（EX，EY），STRING\＄（40，32）；IFEY－QTH ENX－160：G0T0141ELSE156
228 FORQ－DTO3：PA（Q）＝－10：NEXT：IF（ PAND 4$)=4$ THENPA $(0)-\mathrm{P}-4$ ：IF $((\mathrm{P}-5)$ AN D4）$=((P-4)$ AND 4$)$ THENPA $(1)=P-5$
$229 \operatorname{IF}(\mathrm{P}$ AND4）$=0 \operatorname{THENPA}(1)=\mathrm{P}-4$ ：I FINT $((P-3) / 4)<>(P-3) / 4 T H E N P A(D)-$ P－3
230 IF（M ANO4）＝4 THENPA（2）＝M＋4：I $F((M+3)$ AND4 $)-((M+4) A N D 4)$ THENPA $(3$ ）$=\mathrm{M}+3$
231 IF（M AND4）$=0$ THENPA（3）$=M+4$ ：I FINT $((M+5) / 4)<>(M+5) / 4$ THENPA $(2)=$ M＋5
232 FORQ $=0$ T03： $1 F P A(Q)<00 R P A(0)>3$ 1THENPA（Q）－－ 1
233 NEXTO
234 RETURN
235 GR－1：HPRINT（1，0）．＂Do you wan t to save the score？$(Y / N)^{\prime \prime}+$ STRI NG\＄（3，32）：EXEC44539：A\＄＝INKEY\＄：PL AYB ：IFA\＄く〉＂Y＂ANDA\＄く〉＂y＂THEN237 $235 x=160:$ GOSUB141：GR＝0：HPRLNT（1 ，0），＂Press any key to save the s core＂：EXEC44539：POKE\＆HFFD8，D：OPE
 CLOSE将D：POKE\＆HFFD9， 6
237 HCLS8：HCOLORD：PALETTED 18：FO RO＝191 0 ONSTEP－1：HLINE（289．0）－（30 ，Q），PSET：NEXT：RETURN

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## Software

## CEBBS <br> A BBS You Can Live With

Bulletin board systems (BBSs) have increased in popularity dramatically over the years. As more and more people acguire home computers, the number of those owners who decide to set up a BBS has also risen. In order to run a good board, you need a quality BBS program. One of the newest additions to the CoCo BBS market is $C E B B S$. a software package I believe to be easy enough for the average computerist to use and powerful enough to satisfy the SysOp (System Operator, the person who runs the board). Running a BBS is an adventure that usually requires close contact and interaction with the board, almost
like having a roommate: CEBDS is a BBS you can live with.
$C E B B S$ requires a $\operatorname{CoCo} 3$, an RS-232 pack and a Multi-Pak (or a Y-cable). You also need an auto-answer modem with a DTR lead, which stunds for Duta Terminal Ready. This is used by the BBS to quickly disconnect users. At least one disk drive is also necessary, but the more the better. If you have 512 K in your CoCo 3 , you can significantly increase the speed of the BBS by using a RAM disk program. However, the software allows use of only drives 0 through 3, so RAM disk programs that expand drive numbers to the range of 0 to 5
don't work fully with this BBS. The author is presently working on a modification to make those RAM disks work with CEBBS If you have Disk Basic 1.0 or are using a DOS that has been modified to overlap the GAT (Gramule Allocation Table) to allow more than 35 tracks (such as $A D O S$ ), you can also experience problems when using the message base. This can easily be avoided by putting all message-related files (MESSAGES.SYS, HEADERS.SYS and INDEX.SYS) on one drive,

CEBBS comes with an extensive 43page manual. which I found to contain a few typographical errors but no technical ones. The use of the BBS and the functions available are documented in great detail, and there are only a few sections that could have benefited from a little expansion. A commented source code listing of the machine language driver would have been useful but is not necessarily customary for this type of package and is not needed for proper use of the board.

CEBBS operates with a bread-boardlype scheme, a method of allowing the SysOp tlexibility in the design and operation of the bourd. primartly through the use of menus. Those of you who have used the COBBS program (published in the November 1985 RAlNBOW) will find CEBBS in some ways similar.

There are several different prograns used by CEBBS. Six of them are actually used while the BBS is running. The first is MAIN. SYS, which contains the main body of the BBS and handles most of the functions. MESSAGE.SYS, londed when the message basc is accessed, handles the various message functions. UPLOAD.SYS contains the BASIC code and ML driver for the checksum Xrmodem upload, and DOWNLOAD. SYS is its counterpart. LOGON. SYS, which controls a user's initiat logon, is the progtam that resides in the CoCo's memory while the BBS is waiting for a caller. It also contains the routines that obtain the necessary information from new users. LOGOFF. SYS is a short program responsible for correctly logging users off the system.

Four of the programs on the disk are used when CEBBS is booted up. BOOT. BAS is the program that is run to start the system. It loads and executes CLOCK. BIN (the software clock), DRIVER. BIN (the ML driver) and OPTIONS. BIN (sets up the USR routines).

The remaining seven programs are editors used by the SysOp to update and mainlain various data used by the BBS. MESSAGE.EDI allows moditication and purging of the message base. USERLOG.EDI perlorms the same features for the userlog. QuOTES. FDI is used to add and delete "Quotes of the Day." which are displayed to users at logon. This Quote of the Day feature adds a nice touch to the board and is popular with users. The program DESCRIPT. EDI is used for the download descriptions. If you have chosen to have the system Iracer data sent to the disk. you can use TRACER.E日I to either view the information on the screen or send it to the printer. The tracer records who logged on and what lunctions they accessed while online, as well as any errors that oceur.

TEXT. EDI is a mini text editor used in place of a word processor for tex: file and menu creation (discussed later). The final program, CONFIG. EDI, is used to configure CEBBS to match your particular computer system as well as your personal tastes Various features of the BBS can be altered with it. and the program also obtains information from the SysOp concerning which disk drives contain which programs. Be-
fore starting up the board, you must determine which drives hold the various programs needed to operate the BBS. The programs must remain in the appropriate locations and cannot be moved unless CONFIG. EDI is run again.

All the editors operate well and are simple to use, making the SysOp's job a little easier - good support utilities are the part of a BBS that the SysOp apprectates greally and becomes very familiar with. I did fint one error, and that was in the configuration progran (COMFIG. EDI) at Line 330. The 410 at the end of the line should be 360 instead. This corrects an error that causes those choosing to have tracer data sent to the printer to miss 11 conliguration options.

The programming in all areas of the BBS is very crisp and clear. The BASIC programs are not extrentely well documented but contait sufficient remarks that. combined with the straightforward code, make reading them a snap. This should make it easy for those who want to modify the system (a desire that seems very common among Sys Ops ). The Basic code is surprisingly easy to read considering that it is BBS software. The nomal preponderance of peeks and pokes is absent due to the excellent use of USR function calls to communicate with the ML roulines. And the ML. code is also well-written and not too difficult to follow, even without comments. Much of the speed and clean quality of his BBS is due to the author's no-monsense programming.

## The Driver

The machine-kinguage driver program for $C E B B S$ is a very fist, effective driver that adds much to the power of this BBS. It conlains crisp ML programming with sone impressive code, and I find no errors in it. The author's use of USR commands to allow BASIC to access various driver functions is well done and makes using it easy and straightforward.

This driver operates similarly to others that hook into CONSOLE OUT to send output to both the screen and the modem. However, instead of hooking into CONSOLE IN. it modifies BASIC' : KEYIN routine to jump to the new code. which then returns to the KEYIN routime. This allows both the InPUT and INKEY\$ commands to work perfectly for receiving data from the modem.

The driver supports feaures commonly found in such drivers. It can be set to output a specific character, such as an asterisk (*) in place of the regular output; this is nor-

## Computing on Cocoa Beach

Kevin Bemer lives and programs in beautiful Cocoa Beach. Florida. He founded KB Enterprises in Jimuary of this year to serve as an outles for his many excellent programs: most of the sales are through dealers or mail order, and the company is off to an excellent start.

A member of the CoCocommunity for many years. Kevin began with the old gray-case 16 K CoCo (with stundard BASIC) and hits remained will the CoCo ever since. He has been programming for just as long, and the code contained in $C E B B S$ is indicative of a great deal of programming experience and knowledge. He currently has a BBS ruming with his CEBBS software and is also a routine user of the many other BBSs in the Cocoa Beach area.

He has produced several programs that work with Burke \& Burke's Hyper-I/O, including the Hard Drive Utilties package, Dist Docror . Hard Drive Zap and Anopork, which automatically parks the hard drive head after a period of inactivily. CEBBS is designed to be compatible with $\mathrm{Hyper}-\mathrm{I} / \mathrm{O}$ and is structurel to make full use of the storage a hard drive makes available. $C E B B S$ is the result of an extensive three-year project that incorporated much of Kevin's programming knowledge and experience with BBSs. Its precise manual is a result of his good commmencation abilities.

Kevin has just completed Basic Windows, a program that allows a $512 \mathrm{~K} \operatorname{CoCo} 3$ to have six separate complete windows of BASIC running independently. And he is continually working to improve CEBBS.

Not yet out of college, this excellent programmer has much yet to contribute to the CoCo Community in the future.

## Anatomy of a BBS

The BBS is an exciting aspect of computer technology that has found an important place in today's society. We are satd by some to be in the "Information Age," and the BBS is a perfect example of the flow of information that characterizes communication in this fastpaced world. National bulletin boards such as Delphi serve as integral parts of the computer industry in all its aspects. Local boards are also becoming important bases for the exchange of information and data and as think tanks for programmers and developers. The private BBS is an interesting combination of hardware and software that results in a powerful computing tool.
$C E B B S$ operates in a fashion common to most of the CoCo BBSs. The bulk of the code is in BASIC, with ma-chine-language drivers to tie the input and output to the modem. This scheme is popular due to several factors. The ML code provides the speed necessary 10 send data at the rate of 300 bytes per second when running at 2400 baud. (For you typists, that is about 3600 words per minute!) RASIC makes it easy fin the SysOp to customize the board as desired and is also a good language for programming the type of input, output and processing a BBS uses.

The hardware starts with the computer itself. The CoCo makes an excellent host computer, except for the lack of a built-in real-time clock: keeping the
mally used to mask the user's password as it is being typed in. The driver can be set to either send or not send linefeeds with each carriage return; this is used for some users whose computers normally expect the linefeed. You can tell it to accept both upperand lowercase as input or to convert all input to uppercase. You camot choose to have all input converted to lowercase. Output can be sent as both upper- and lowercase or as just uppercase. Output to and input from the current online user can also be tumed off, useful for when the SysOp is performing local functions that should not be viewed by the user.

The driver also works with the software clock (which keeps adequate but not perfeet time because of interrupt masking) to provide several additional features to the BBS. The user's time allowed and time used is constantly compared, and the user is, disconnected as soon as that limit is reached.
correct time is often impontant for a BBS. Software clocks keep fair time. but many SysOps choose to use one of the real-time clocks available for the CoCo.

Data storage is a major factor when dealing with a BBS, especially one that offers upload and download capabilities. I have used (and run) excellent BBSs based solely on a few floppy drives, but hard drives are a popular addition now due to their low cost. CoCo 3 boards often use a RAM disk to provide lightning fast access to most-used programs; they can make all the difference between a boad that appears quick and smooth and one that appears slow and choppy.

An auto-answer modem is also needed, and many users expect ar least 1200 baud for a serions board. The final consideration is the means used to connect the modem to the computer. The serial port has been popular for a lowcost board, but speed considerations have demanded an RS-232 pack for faster and smoother data transfer; use or a pack will require a Multi-Pak (more reliable than a $Y$ cable).

Many CoCo users who desire to start BBSs already have the hardware requirements taken care of and simply need good software to get them going. $C E B B S$ is one key that opens the door to your own BBS.

After eight minutes of no activity from the user, disconnection also oecurs.

In addition to the normal error trapping, the system can be set to lock up if it breaks into BASIC's direct mode, thus keeping users from gaining access to your system files. The SysOpcan tum this protection on or off from the host computer at any time.

One minor problem, which is also found in other drivers designed to be used with the RS-232 pack, is that no output can be sent to the modem untess a carrier is detected. Nomally this check for a carrier is desired, but I like to be able to send commands to my modem (such as to turn the speaker off so the annoying carrier signal isn't broadcast all over the house) trom within the program while no user is online.

I liked the driver for this BBS and think that the features it has, along with its excellent integration with BASIC, give CEBBS much of its power.

## The Menus

The popularity of the bread-board type system is due primarily to the board's configuration being completely in the SysOp's hands. The menus with which the users are prompled and the commands available at each menu are determined by the SysOp and can easily be changed. The procedure used to create menus with this board are similar to those used with COBBS. except that $C O B B S$ uses a special editor to work with the menus. CEBBS simply uses menus in the form of text files created with a word processor (a mini text editor is included with the BBS in case a word processor inn't available to you). This makes menu creation easier and also makes changes simpler. Also with CERRS, you can haveas many memus as you have disk space for.

Menus are created by adding command fines that contain the text shown to the user and the command the system executes it the user chooses that option. For example, a command line such as <c>hat with Sys0p<br>(C)(A)(C) prints the text before the " to the user. The first letter in parentheses is the key the user must press to activate the command, in this case a C . The next letter, an A . is a priwilege character that must be contained in the user's userlog tile in order for that user to he able to access this command. This is different from the privilege system used in COBBS, which involves flags and a privilege level. And the Final C is the function activated by this command, in this case acall to the Page SysOp routine.

There are several other functions that can be accessed by the menus. such as a call to the message base, which allows the user access to the specified formm (message section) for reading and posting messages. This function is explained in greater derail below. Other functions allow the user to print a specified text file, go to a different

menu, run an external program, upload a file, download a file, view descriptions of available downloads, view time and date. show status of the current user, list users of the system, change user parameters (such as password, upper/lowercase, etc.). exit into basic (allows remote operation by the SysOp), and log off the system. The BBS cones with three sample menus so you can

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see how they should be prepared. Note: The sample Logoff menu contains an error that must be fixed in order for the "quick disconnect" function to work properly.

The menu system used by CEBBS is easy to operate, and it provides the flexibitity available to boards of this type. The actual processing of the menus and output to the user is quick, thanks to the efficient coding found in the program. and this added to the overall smoothness of the board's operation.

## The Message Base

In general the message base is the most used and most important part of any BBS. often making or breaking a board. All the CEBBS message functions work as intended, and its design enables the SysOp to set up an extensive message section. The commands needed to access the message base have been streamlined and made simple to use. A mentu command such as $\langle G\rangle$ enera 1 Messages (G) (A) (M)GENERAL loads the message base program and uses GENERAL as the forum name to search for in the messages. All message functions are handled within the program itself so that it is no longer necessary to have separate menu commands for reading, scanning, posting, etc. The only problem with this setup is that some flexibility is lost. It is not possible 10 give a user RFAn access to a message form without atlowing that user to atso POST. In addition to a separate forum designed for private E-mail only. all of the formons can have private messages saved on them. While some SysOps want this feature, others might want a single E-mail form but need to modify the program to implement this.

A few nice features have been added to the $C E B B S$ message section. One appreciated addition is a string-replacement lineediting feature, found on most boards, that allows replacement of individual words or letters within a line without re-typing the entire line. The author is also on the right track with the message indexing he uses. While it is not as fast or complex as some true indexing schemes, it does allow quicker searches through the messages. This is very helpful considering that at logon every single messuge is scamed. and the same is done for individaal messages until the desired one is found.

The message section seemed not to flow as well as the rest of the boardand is lacking in some teatures that would have been helpful. However, it functioned perfectly and is both stable and resiable.

## Conclusion

I uscd CEBBS for almost a month in place of my normal bourd in order to be able 10 fully test it in the intended environment: in that time not a single error occurred. As
a SysOp I find the BBS easy to install and maintain. As a programmer I appreciate the nice coding in both BAStC and machine language. As a BBS user I find CEBBS to be lacking a few features tound on some other boards, but it is the best BBS I have seen for the CoCo.

If you are looking for a board that comes ready-to-run on a CoCo 3 , is easy to install and use, is powerful and can make full use of a hard drive, has checksum Xmoden upand downloading and crisp and concise code, CEBBS is for you. (I want to thank those who were helpful in the review proccss for CEBBS: Duane Banks, Charles Curran, Todd Miller, Tim Jobnsrude. Jeff Lemieux, Brad Hampton, Darrell Stewart, and all the other users who participated. Thanks!)

CEBBS is available through Microcom Software, or directly from KB Enterprises.
(KB Enterprises, 435 Brightwaters Drive ${ }_{4}$ Cocoa Beach, FL 32931, 407-799-3253; $\$ 49.95$ introductory)
-Michael G. Toepke
Software
CoCo 1,2\&3

## Art-Deli II- <br> A Second Helping of Ready-Made Graphics

Art-Dehi $l /$ is a follow-up to Art-Deli. a 440-picture elip-art library reviewed in October 1987’s issue of THERAINBOW. ArfDchi /I's pictures are PMODEA black-indwhite scanned images that can be loaded into at graphics editor (I londed them into CoCo Mar $/ I /$ ) or a desktop publisher (Mar10 ), or dumped to the printer using a screen dimp program. Each disk includes a viewing utility that allows the pictures to be viewed once or continuously.

Arf-Delill consists of five double-sided disks (packed in a 10 -disk holder) containing the following categories of pictures: Kid Sports. Baby Animals. Bircls. Ducks, Animated Favorites I and II, Cars. Boats, Shapes and Road Signs. The disks are "flippies" so they work fine with singlesided drives. The package includes a small (4/2-by-51/2-inch) calalog. so you can look for a picture to fit your needs without having to load and page through the disks. The complete set is $\$ 49.95$, but single disks can be purchased for $\$ 9.95$ ench plus $\$ 3$ shipping and handling.

Each disk side covers one category, and cach catcgory contains 22 picture files with . ART extensions, a BOOT. BAS file and a SYSTEM.BIN file. BOOT.BAS loads SYSTEM. BIN, which brings up the viewing utility. It asks if you want to page continually through the pictures or view them only

> Each picture is actually a CoCo Max II compatible picture. To load an image into CoCo Max III, change the .ART extension to .MAX, then load it through CoCo Max III's TRANSLAT program

once. The utility puts each pictureonscreen for al few seconds then antomanically displays the next screen. I found that after going through one disk you can insert a second disk and see its pictures without having to reload the utility.

Ar-Deli $/ /$ s pictures can be put to many uses. They can enhance newstetters, bullelins, cards, posters, etc. There are many applications for school use. for both fun

int serious study. Children can make posters and signs featuring Mickey Mouse. the Pink Panther, Garfield the Cat and more. If your class project is writing about the evolution of water travel, the Boat category might come in handy; it shows representitive vessels from Indian dugouts to viking ships to pirate ships to modern battleships and luxury liners.

Each picture is actually a CoCo Max // compatible picture. To load an image into CoCo Max $/ / /$, change the ART extension
to , MAX, then load it through CoCo Max III's TRANSLAT program. (I had to call Specialty Projects to find out how to do this; it would have been nice if the instructions were included in my review copy.) I have a suggestion for Specialty Projecls: How about incorporating a utility that backs up each disk and renames the filles for the mosl populargraphics editors? This would eliminate the tedious renaming process. Also, for those who are not familiar with disk commands or do not want to become overly computer literate, it would atlow quick and friendly access to the program. In my job as a microcomputer support person, I have often had to walk my customers througlı simple procedures simply because they refuse to learn the specifics of their operating system.

You can manipulate the picture within CoCo Max $/ / /$ but, as the earlier review mentioned, coloring the pictures with the Paint function is difficult. These pictures were mean to serve as clip art for newspapers and newsletters, where color is rarely involved. I used Max-10's picture translator, also, to import Art-Deli $/ /$ pictures, once again changing the . ART extension to . MAX. This type of setup is where Art-Deli is most useful - as clip art for your desktop publishing applications.

I recommend Arf-Dchi $/ /$ to anyone needing clip art for desktop publishing, printing cards and bulletins, etc. It is easy to use and needs very little documentation,
(Specialty Projects, 4810 McCrory, Memphis, TN 38122, 901-682-8737; \$9.95 per disk; $\$ 49.95$ for the set plus $\$ 3 \mathrm{~S} / \mathrm{H}$.)
-Kay Cornwell

## Software

CoCo 3

## BASIC WindowsMultitasking in 512 K Without OS-9

So you just plopped down your hardeamed cash and got that 512 K upgrade for your beloved CoCo . You found the price a little unsettling, to say the leass. You're undecided on the OS-9 question, and at the price advertised (\$71.95) it just doesn't seem to be the answer to your dreams. Besides, you're not really sure you could justify that kind of negative cash flow to your better half.

How about finishing that BASIC program you ve been working on, while referring to the flowchart you wrote for it, and enjoying a continuing game of solitaire all at the same time. Inagine being able to accomplish all that without the long, lonely nights and colsrful language often associated with OS-9 - and without thinning your checking account.
K.B. Enterprises has developed an economical utility called, of all things. BAS/C Windows. This fast-loading little gem gives the CoCo 3 six windows under Disk BASiC. Each window is clearly labeled with its number so users can tell which window they are currently in.

Unlike OS-9 the whole loading process takes less than 5 seconds, and there are no volumes of commands to memorize. To use the system you must remember only that the Ft key is the window-shifting key and Window 1 is the only one that supports the high-resolution commands of BASIC. These commands are basically - no pun intended - the H commands. All other commands are available on all windows.

I was able to run Disk EDTASM in Window 3, the CoCo Flow program (March 86 Rainbow) in Window 2 , and Solitaire 3 (December ' 88 Raingow) in Window 1. Remember, Window 1 is the only high-

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resolution window. All these programs were running at the same time and without any apparent effect on each other. It was not unlike having six different $\operatorname{CoCos}$ in the same box. Each window reports a total of 22,820 bytes of memory available on startup, regardless of the number of windows running programs.

The program is not copy-protected, thank goodness, and it takes up only one granule of disk space. This allows for the incorporation of the utility to any disk containing programs you might want to use. For example, you can run the finance program by Dale Tinklepaugh (April '88 RANBOW) in the third window and the modified spreadsheet program by Saul Mooallem (March ' 88 RAINBOW) in Window 6 , along with the inventory program by Bill Tottingham (April 88 RalNBOW) in Window 4. All this at the same time without the OS-9 beast rearing its head! You can even play Les Lutins by Louis Parson (June '87 RAINBow) in Window 1 whenever the mood strikes.

It doesn't take much to recognize the potential of this program, and at $\$ 34.95$ it seems a reasonably good deal. There are, however, a few things you might want to consider before deciding to purchase it.

The first is its relative low cost when
compared to OS 9 and Wirdow Master. This low cost includes a greater degree of difficulty in learning as well as financial outhay. Another thing to consider is the availability of inexpensive softwate (RAINBOW ON DISK) that can be used under this utility as opposed to the requirement to purchase OS-9-based software for whatever task you're looking to perform.

The program could use the additional ability of shifting back to the previous window, something in the way of the SHIFTCLEAR key under OS-9. If you're working in Window 3 and want to go back to Window 2, you must pass through windows 4 through I before you can get to Window 2 . Also, any program running in any window runs wery slowly so your score in F15 Eagle (August ' 87 RAINBOW) should improve greatly.

Yet another consideration is that each window supports only a relatively small BASIC or machine language program due to the available memory of 22,820 bytes in each window.

If you use a printer, you will find it is controlled by only one window at a time via the F2 key. The window you are in when you press the F2 key is the controlling window for the printer. The pokes for printer speed control are fully supported, as is the DRIVE command of BASIC. CoCo 3 systems with two disk drives can change the default drive of any window to any drive, allowing the use of two disks at the same time.

The documenfation consists of three typewritten pages withacover sheet. The instruc= tions for loading and operating are very clear and informative. There is evena handy table describing the BAsic commands available to each window.

The program requires a 512 K CoCo 3 rormen and if you're looking for an easy-tooperate, cost-effective alternative to some of the other windowing environments,

BASIC Window's may just be the answer to your needs.

On the offer hand, you should keep in mind that, unlike the 8088 IBM XT machines ( $y u k$ ), software is still being developed for the CoCo. In order to take full advantage of our incredible machine, you should give serious consideration to taking that big step into the world of OS-9.
(K.B. Enterprises, 435 Brightwaters Drive, Cocoa Beach, FL 32931, 407-7993253: \$34.95 plus \$1.50 S/H)
-Terry Parks

## Software

CoCo 1, $2 \& 3$

## Danosoft's Disk Utilities-Must-Have Software for the Disk User

In the past few years some remarkable software and hardware for the CoCo has been coming out of Canada. Everyone should be familiar with CRC Computers in Qucbec and their Disto products created by Tony DiStefano. Oblique 'Triad and Magus Systems are familiar names, and there are several others who advertise in THE RAINbow from time to time. In the past few months, a new name has made its debut from our neighbors to the north, namely Damosoft. of Mississauga. Ontario. I reviewed Danosoft's Big Basic memory utility for THE RAINBOW (October '89), and now I bow to Danosoft's superior work again. This month let's take a look at DanoSolt's Disk Unilities package, a great product at a moderate price.

There are plenty of altemate disk operating systems out there to let you use doublesided disk drives with the CoCO , and quite a Few that allow the CoCo to access all 40 tracks on a side. This being the case, why buy a utility to do the same thing? That's easy: compatibility and price.

Danosoft's Disk Utilities consist of a half-dozen of the utilities you've always wanted at a price ( $\$ 17.95$ U.S.) far lower than the competition's, less than $\$ 3$ per program. At that price, how much of a bargain can they be? Read on! A single disk contains all six utilities, and they are quite efficient, none using more than one granule; most of them don't even consume any user RAM. Bigger isn't always better, especially when you're trying to wring the hasi sector out of every disk.

At the top of my personal wish list Jately has been a program that would access both sidcs of a disk on a full 40 -rack 360 K drive, like the big boys do it. I found it with Big Disk. Once loaded, Big Disk allows you to DSKINI a blank floppy on both sides at once, giving you a continuous 80 lracks using both sides of the disk - instead of two independent 40 -track sides. Say you're writing that Great American (or Great Canadian) Novel and you're tired of telling the word processor which side of which disk the next chapter goes on. Or you're making up that great disk of short BASIC programs you've always wanted, and Drive 0 with Drive 2 is a bit awkward when you've only got one drave with 250 K or so of programs on it. Big Disk formats and reads both sides of any double-sided drive with 158 granules and 360 K ol storage space. It also maintains compatibility with your 35 -track disks, reading them nomally. with 68 sectors. But is it compatible with other software? My "fussy" word processor thinks so! It says that this disk has 27 granules used up on it, with 131 granules to go. Playing around with the surliest, most stubbon software I can find, everything works just fine. Case closed.

Some people like to have their disks' sides separated. The president of my CoCo club decided long ago he wanted Drive 0 and Drive 2 together and Drive $I$ and Drive 3 on the same floppy. He might prefer double 40 . This utility initializes each side of each floppy with 40 tracks, using the arrangement mentioned above. Even so, it too maintains compatibility with the "Itule" 35 -track disks and reads commercial software packages normally. It only uses the double-40 format with disks initialized while it's installed.

Well enough, [ suppose, but what do I do with a six-year collection of 35 -track disks? Hmmm. Here's convert/DSK. What does it do? Danosoft says I can LOADM CONVERT/ ask, then put in my favorite old disk and DSKINI it. What, and erase my disk? No, trust me. friends: CONVERT/OSK gently adds five new tracks to the regulat 35 , then formats the flip side with 40 more. It also works to set up disks to function under either Big Disk or DOUBLE40, usirg a modified DSKINI function. Danosoft does recommend that you cold start your computer before and after using CONVERT/DSK, however, because it does some strange things to memory.

QUIKDRIV/6MS is the fourth program of the sct. It offers a faster steppring rate for the read/write head of the disk drive, jumping from the built-in speed of 30 milliseconds 10 a hurry-up speed of just 6 ms from track to track. Neither Dinnosoft nor I really recommend this speed, but it seems to be in
demand so it is supplicd here. It does speed disk access time - great when you're doing a lot of on-and-olf disk work (as with database upplications), but it may also cause undue wear and tear on your equipment. I found with similar utilities years ago that DSKINI and BACKUP work a litle fumny wilh a 6 ms step rate, and Danosoft warns against the same thing. Let the user beware, but nobody says you have to use it, and it isn't force-fed to you as in any alternate DOS.

QUIKDRTV/30M is a different sort of utility, one I can't seem to recall needing or even secing before, but I think it grows on you. You've probably noticed that drives keep on running after they arc accessed. and the red light stays on after the ok prompl appears on the screen. Fine, but for that two seconds, you cin't access the drives while they spin down, This is a built-in function, like 35 tracks, left over from the Bad Old Days when CoCo drives were just slightly modified Tandy Model I hardware and not too dependable mechanically. Now the software retains these allowances for the old dinosaur drives only because it's too much work for Taudy to modify the DOS. (Is it time for a Color Extended Disk BASIC 1.3?) Anyway Danosoft comes to the rescue again with a little utility that shuts off the drives in about a quarter of a second, or $1 / 8$ the usual time. Very handy for backup and copy functions. SETFEED is the only program of the six that I couldn"t find much immediate use for, but it may still be just the ticket for some jobs. It adjusts the charaters per line and spacing between lines for just abour any for just abour any
printer you can hook up to a CoCo. What can it be used for? I've grown fond of using it for program listings, of all things. If I'm modifying a long modifying a long can use SETFEED to put, say, four spaces between each line so I can pencil in comments or new code. And I can set the printer to keep each line just 32 or

40 characters long, to make "finger entry" casier for me or someone else. Maybe that's how they kecp those 32 -column listings so neat in The rainbow!

OK, it's acid-test time. Are Danosoft's Disk Utilities compatible with the popular alternate operating systems? I tried to "stretch" a disk under CONVERT/DSK, then ran it on my "fussy" word processor to write this review. Then I cold-started the CoCo 3, booted up under my favorite alternate DOS (all right, it's SpectroSystems' $A D O S-3$ ), and loaded the word processor again, 1 still had 80 contiguous tracks (well. 78: two are used for the directory and its granule allocation table) and a full 78 gramules per side. 100 -percent compatibility and all the files were still accessible! What does this mear to you? Well, you can make an 80-track disk with the Danosoft disk utility of your choice and give it to a friend who uses another 80 -track DOS. and you won't have to give him a pirated copy of these utilities just so he can use the files. Of course, at this price, who needs to pirate? (Just say no to hot software!)

Now the bad news. I usually dedicate a paragraph in every review to what I woutld change or what I don't like, but this time I haven't anything to say. Danosoft has developed a package of bug-free utilities at

## * EXTENDED * ADOS-3

## * Built-in RAMdisk * Point-and-pick file select menu *

 Not a new version of ADOS-3, but a new product that shares space with ADOS-3 in a $16 K$ EPROM. Arrow-key selection of files to execute, LOAD, COPY, KILL or SCAN. The BACKUP command is doubled in speed for full disks. proportionately laster for partly full disks. (BACKUPs to or from the RAMdisk typically take 5 to 20 sec.) - BACKUP-with-format - Wild-card COPY and KULL, with optional prompting tor Individual files Date (or date/time with hardware elock) displayed tor files in the directory, printed on LLISTings. DATES function * Key repeal - Block movelcopy or 日ASIC puygrarn lires - Text screen printer dump Auto-rebool of a BASIC program or the DOS command * Parallel printing * Read/write/format 35/40 tracks on 80-track drives * Supports 3 double-sided drives plus 2 RAMdrives Allows different numbers of tracks on different drives * Shares the original's excellent compatibility with commercial software. For 12日K CoCo 3 with ADOS-3 (RAMdisk use requires 512 K ). Includes information on having an EPROM burnec (cost is \$15) after configuring Extended ADOS-3. Disk, \$39.95. Extended ADOS-3 plus ADOS-3, $\mathbf{\$ 6 4 . 9 5 \text { . Driver for Disto real-time clock, } \mathbf { 5 5 } \text { , Adapter for controllers lacking }}$ 2 A -pin socket, $\$ 10$. Smartwatch real-time clocis (Tandy 25-1033 equiv.), \$35 (Driverincluded; for 28-pin socketed controllers only).
"... will blow your socks off... imposalble to give Extended ADOS. 3

- Rainbow, October 1989.
'Flawieas, compatible operation with just about everything under the sun...by far the most USEFUL product ever devised for the Colar Camputer.
- CoCo Clipboard, Sept/Oct 19 ae.

ADOS-3 (reviewed July 1987)
Customize default startup message, colors, screen width, baud rate, step rates, processor speed, number of tracks ( 35,40 . or 80 ). Disk $1 / O$ and printing are reliable at double GPU speed. Extra commands such as FAST, SLOW, AUTO RUNM, SCAN, CAT, PRT ON/OFF. Keystroke macros, arrow-key seroll through BASIC programs, edit/repeat of last command, auto-edit of error line. ML monitor, lots more, Usable as a disk utility or in EPROM. 128K Coco 3. EPROM-burning icost is $\$ 15-201$ information provided. Disk, $\$ 34.95$.
ADOS for Coco 1 and 2 (reviewed June 1987) Disk, \$27.95.


PLEASE ADD \$2 SHIPPING NO DELAY ON PERSONAL CHECKS WE CANNOT ACGEPT GREOIT GARDS
an incredible price. Users are warned that Big Disk, COUBLE40 and CONVERT/OSK overwrite the cassette access part of the CoCo's built-in operating system, but it's been at least nine months since I've even had the cassette plugged in; you oher disk users probably don"t use it much either. If you do need it, I suggest formatting the disk as you need it under the utility of your choice, cold starting your machine, and then copying your cassette files to the new disk conventionally. You can even use BACKUP or copy later to move the files to the 10 new granules or the back of the disk.

If you've been holding out buying an alternate DOS because of cosi or compatibility questions. or just didn"t need all they offer, or you're just looking for a bargain on utilities, look no further! Danosoft offers must-have utilities at a can't-wait price.
(Danosoft, Box 124, Station A, Mississauga, ON L5A 2Z7, Canada, 416-897. 0121; \$17.95 U.S., \$21 CDN, add \$2.50 S/H)
-Fred Toon

## Software

CoCo 3

## The O.S.I.T.E. FileReporter Investigates Alien Rumors

As a reporter for a famous newspaper, you have been chosen to investigate recent occurrences at the Outer Space Intelligence Transmission Enterprises (O.S.I.T.E.), Rustan Straun, its president and CEO, has agreed to let reporters tour the top-secret interplanetary communications installation.

Your inquiring mind wants to know what about the now-secret wings made inaccessible to the media? What about the disappearance of a scientist last seen here? Is it true that O.S.I.T.E. has contacted alien worlds? Just what is going on here? As you sit in the lunchroom with other reporters waiting for the tour guide, you decide to answer your own questions by cmbarking on a one-reporter tour.

The O.S.IT.E. File is a graphics Adventure game on disk or tape for the CoCo 3 . The disk is not copy-protected, easily allowing a backup play disk to be made. The three-page, typed instructions tell you to RUN "BOOT" to begin the program that "sets up the mainfrome." BOOT asks what type of monitor you're using and then provides a detailed game scenario. After paging through the instructions you then load and run OSITE to start the game. Unfortunately you must
run BOOT the first time you play the game after a cold start because it sets up the graphics, etc. (I would like to see an option here allowing the experienced user to go straight into the selup without having to page through the three or four screens of instructions.)

The O.S.J.T.E. File is a typical Adventure responding to verb-noun commands,

Proving O.S.I.T.E. and its president guilty of harboring alien intelligent life forms is the object here
such as GET KEY. Only the first three leiters of each word need to be typed in to be recognized. As in most Adventures, you get an inventory of what you are carrying and also some help. A unique feature is the random VERB command. Type VERB and "a random verb is selected for the user's aid." Many times it seems the random verb is exactly the verb I need. The available directions are shown onsereen, and moving is accomplished with one-letter commands. A description of each room is given along with a simple graphic of the objects of interest.

Being a reporter, naturally, most of your important clues are found by snooping. You jot down clues in your notebook, which is accessed through the RECORD command. Typing in RECORD brings up a text screen with space for 15 lines of notes. It is important to take notes because, at the end of the game, you are asked a series of random questions. You must answer the questions correctly to win.

Proving O.S.I.T.E. and its president guilty ol harboring alien intelligent life forms and exposing them as a counterfeit alien organization is the object here. Unfortunately I found doing that rather easy. I solved the game in four thours. I da mot consider myself an expert Adventurer: I have solved Mark Data's graphic tape games, Dallas Quest and Sierra On-Line games yet have attempted many more games than I have solved. I find O.S.I.T.E to be straightforward, very easy and possibly too generous with help. In fact I would have solved O.S.I.T.E. in less time had there been a Game Save feature eliminating the need to start at the beginning each time I died.

The O.SITTE File is in the spirit of graphics Adventures found within the pages of the rainbow. In fact the author, Mi-
chael Anderson, has had two of his programs place third and fourth in the RAINBow Adventure Contests: The Advenures of Johnny Zero and The Park of Mystery. I have not seen either of these programs so I cannot compare them to The O.S./T.E. File. Within the pages of Rainbow or on the RAINBOW Adventure tapes, The O.S.I.T.E. File would be a great beginner's Adventure, but 1 don't feel that it stands alone as a $\$ 19.95$ program. It is just difficult enough (you die once or twice) and yet not too hard for a novice Adventurer. If you have more than one or two Adventures under your belt, The O.SIT.E. File will leave you wanting.
(Tothian Software, Inc., Box 663, Rimersburg, PA $16248 ; \$ 19.95$ plus $\$ 2 \mathrm{~S} / \mathrm{H}$ )
-Kay Cornwell

## Software

CoCo 1,2\&3

## Donut DilemmaSharpen Your Sweet Tooth!

There is trouble at the donut factory when angry Angelo has the machines running out of control. Your mission in Donut Dilemma is to enter the building from the bottom floor and work your way up, battling the crazed machines until you reach the top floor. There you must shut down the factory's generator, ihus restoring Jaw and order.

Along the way you encounter many maniacal machines such as fat spuriers, sugar sprinklers, conveyer belts and even a berserk bucket. Monstrous donuts are ihere

to thwart your progress. If you pick up a bag of donut mix you can "pop" the evil donuts by throwing it at them. After you destroy the mad donuts, you are able to climb ladders, jump platforms and ride elevators to reach the top floor where the power generator is located.

Have I mentioned that you must not

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forget to tum on the three circuit breakers to activate the elevator in order to leave each roon?? This is not necessarily an easy task! Each floor level is depicted with a variety of ladders, walkways and devious donuts that you must outwit in order to proceed. There are some rather clever obstacles. The game requires palience to solve some of the dilemmas, speed and accuracy to solve the others.

Donut Dilenma is a simple, enjoyable arcade game. It has 10 colorful screens to keep you on edge, The game staris out easy to play, then becomes progressively harder to master. I was able to get to the thitd level before I became bogged dough-deep in trouble, There is a practice game feature that gives unlimited lives to help you learn the ropes.

My two sons, ages. 12 and 15 , enjoyed this gane for hours, trying to conquer it not as easy as it first might seem! Donut Dilemma uses the keyboard for control. This game is designed for older children (and adults) who have the dexterity to manage the keys. Instructions are provided to have you playing the game within minultes, but mastering the keys requires some practice.

Domut Dilemha was originatly designed for the Tandy Color Computers 1 and 2, but huss been updated to work on the CoCo 3 . It requires a disk drive and can be used with a TV set or RGB monitor.
(Game Point Software, P.O.Box 6907, Burbank, CA 91510, 800-877-2232; $\$ 19.95$ plus $\$ 3 \mathrm{~S} / \mathrm{H}$ )

## Software

CoCo 3

## Disk HandymanCoCo 3 Utilities

Disk Handyman, despite its sexist title, is about as user-friendly as a $\operatorname{CoCo} 3$ utility can be. The package's cover letter recommends that you run oocs first.

DOCS has all the documentation needed, and you can whip through it in just a few minutes. Being a typically cautious CoCoist, I made a backup copy of the disk before I loaded any of its programs into my trusty machinc. Since I don't own any of the lightming-speed, one-pass backup utilities one sees advertised in THE RAINBOW, my backups take about five minules of computing time and numerous flips of the single-drive door lateh as I ohey the CoCo's prompts. Disk Handyman makes a usable
copy in three passes, taking three minutes or less on a single drive. You are also given the option to work with 40 -track disks. People with 512 K CoCos can knock a copy off in a single pass.

Since there are other utilities on the market that back up a disk in one pass on a 128 K system, this three-pass option might not seem impressive. What is impressive, if you or a friend happen to possess a MultiPak, is the ability to copy disks between two computers, using each of your Drive Os. Using two slots of the Multi-Pak for the disk controller interfaces, Disk Handyman treats one drive as Drive 1 and the other as Drive 0. If that doesn't seem like enough value for $\$ 25$, read on.

The Read Error routine is lhandy for counting the number of read glitches on a disk. The target disk is zipped through rapidly, and the contents are flashed onscreen in an impressive blur. The routine pauses for input whenever agranule error is encountered, and at the end you get an asterisk ( ${ }^{*}$ ) tor each error found. I fooled around with this for a while, but - considering the lockout routine that follows - 1 found no real need for it.

The lockout routine offered by Disk Handyman also finds the aforementioned glitches. The bad granules are then locked out so data isn't slored there, avoiding grief later when you attempt retrieval. For a partially filled disk that you don't want written to by mistake, this routine also locks out all available space. Be certain, however, that you don't plan on using any more space on the target disk since the procedure is apparently irreversible.

If you have a disk with a DOS track, you are given the option to auto-execute any BASIC program on that disk by entering D0S. If you start to encode a disk with the DOS command and the routine finds something already on the DOS track, it advises you that something is there. Pause here to decide if you want to continue encoding your disk so it will auto-execute the program of your choice. Chances are there is at favorite BASIC program living on the DOS track. Chances are you will kill that favorite program if you continue the encoding sequence, so follow the prompts carefully to avoid problems.

To sum up: Except for a few minor spelling errors in the documentation, Disk Handyman is a well-prepared utility for the CoCo 3. If there were a routine included to reverse the granule lock utility, it would be a more complete package.

But the program does exactly what it claims to do. Functionally it"s built like a sports car, speedy in operation and difficult to crash. Pricewise, it compares fairly to similar offerings.
(Micro Data Systems, 205 Baldwin Ave., Princeton, KY 42445, 502-365-3967; $\$ 24.95$ plus $\$ 3 \mathrm{~S} / \mathrm{H}$ )
—Mike Shay

## Software

CoCo 3

## MilestonesCard Game and French Lesson in One

Milostones is a new CoCo 3 card game from JR \& JR Sofistuff. It comes on an umprotected disk with five sheets of instructions (and hints). The object of Milestones is to win a 1000 -mile road rally.

A road rally is a type of race that is won on points and not necessarily by crossing the finish line first. When the game boots, the player is given the options of joystick or keyboard interface, RGB or composite monitor, and the name of the player. Next

the board screen comes up and the player is told the computer is shuffling the deck of 106 cards. There are four categories of cards: distance cards to move; hazard cards to slow or stop the computer; remedy cards to offset the hazard cards; and safety cards to protect from the use of hazard cards. Points are awarded for miles traveled, the playing of safety cards, finishing the rally first, making a safc trip, achicving a shutoul, and completing a coup forre (the French lesson is coming).

The screen is divided into three sections; the left side displays miles traveled, speed limits and status. The right side of the screen is the CoCo's, and the bottom center of the screen displays the cards in the player's hand.

As stated above, either joysticks or the keyboard can be used to play. I prefer the keyboard because it seems easier and faster than using my joystick. The game is really very simple. You begin a tum with six cards in your hand, draw a scventh card by
pressing ENTER, then if possible play a card to move your car. If there are no playable cards, one card must be discarded.

There is one exception to this play (now it's time for the French lesson). Suppose that dirty-playing CoCo plays a hazard card - say a "flat tire" card - on you, and you are holding the "puncture proof" safety card. You can play that "puncture proof" card before drawing another card. This play is called a coupfore (pronounced coo foo-ray). You receive 100 points for playing the safety card and 300 points for the coup forre and get to watch the screen turn all different colors. Coup forre is a French fencing term that basically means if your opponent tries to smack you upside of the head, you block him and then smack him in the side of his head (French isn't so hard).

Milestones is a card game, so no matter how good a player you are - or the CoCo is - the deal of the cards can fave a lot to do with the outcome of a game. The results of the games I played ranged from my winning big to my losing badly, with some very close games too. Since every game is different because of the deal, Milestones is not so simple that you will get bored with it, nor so difficult that you will get frustrated with it. To be honest, II took satisfaction in playing "accident" cards on my CoCo and
imagining it ruming into the wall at 200 mph after some of the beatings it gave me. So if you're into card games with a twist, consider Milestones for your CoCo library. The price is right.
(JR \& JR Softstuff, P.O. Box 118, Lomрос, CA 93438, 805-735-3889; \$19.95 plus \$3 S/H)
-Steve Griffith
Software
CoCo 1,2 \& 3

## Hardware

## Lyra 2.62- <br> An Upgraded CoCo MIDI Sequencer

The union of electronic computers and electronic sound synulbesizers has been in existence for nearly as long as electronic computers have been around, but only recently has this powerful combination been available to the average consumer. With the CoCo and since the introduction of Lyra just four years ago by master pro-
grammer Lester Hands, this marriage of computers and synthesizers is not only available to $a l l 64 \mathrm{~K}$ CoCo users but very accessible as well.

Lwa (curtently available as Version 2.62) is a combination software and hardware package that gives the electronic musician access to the latest MIDI functions available in MIDI-conpatible synthesizers, while at the same time offcring an operating

environment that even the beginning music student will find easy to use. All music data in Lyra is graphically displayed in standard music notation. A Macintosh-style, point-and-click, menu-driven environment makes Lyra easy to leam and use.

Lyra works with any CoCo with a minimum of 64 K , a disk drive (Radio Shack Disk Extended Color BASIC required), and

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## 

See page 12s, March 89 Aainbow tor more info RS-232 SuperPack 55\$ - A Stand-Alone (Multi-Pak radi.) adapter that gives the user a lrue RS 232 Serial Forl. Completely compatible with OS.S'S ACIA software.

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a mouse or joystick. The Lyra editor is displayed on the high-resolution PMODE 4 screen (your choice of buff and black or green and black display colors). The display is acceptable on a TV or composite monitor. But since Lyma makes no use of "artifact" colors, the display works very well (and of course is much sharper) on an RGB monitor. If Lyra is running on a CoCo 3 , it automatically puts itself into doublespeed mode, allowing for faster editing and faster playing tempos, but it does not take advantage of any additional CoCo 3 features or memory. In an effort to make Lyra a better MIDI sequencer, once-compatible non-MIDI devices such as Tandy's $\mathrm{Or}^{-}$ chestra 90 and Speech Systems" Symphony 12 are no longer supported.

Lyra comes on a non-copy-protected, single-sided disk and includes a special six-foot MIDI cable that connects between the CoCo's four-pin serial port and the standard five-pin DIN MIDI IN port of a MIDI-capable instrument (most MIDI insiruments have both mion OUT and MIDI in ports and sometimes a MIDI-THRU port as well; your instrument must have a MIDI in port to work with Lyra). Lyra is also compatible with the CoCo MIDI Pack previously available from Speech Systems and now offered as a part of the CoCo MIDI 3
package from Rulaford Research. There is a very readable 35 -page manual that adequately covers all of Lyra's features. The Lyva disk includes ready-1o-play sample music files along with a printer utility for printing Lwa music scores on a dot-matrix printer. Primers cutrently supported include Tandy, Epson and Okidata 92; the manual has a listing of relevant printer codes to assist users with printers not on the list.

Lyra is a professional-quality, graphicsoriented, eight-voice MIDI composition system (not a MIDI recorder) for creating playable music MIDI data. While it does have the capability to play, to a limited extent, through the television/monitor speaker (or audio jack on the CoCo 3), Lyra really struts its stuff when used in conjunction with a MIDI-capable synthesizer.

To say it another way, if you have a CoCo with at least 64 K and a MIDI synthesizer, you must have Lyra. To take the greatest advantage of all of $L y$ y's features, your MIDI synthesizer should be eightnote polyphonic, mulit-limbral and velac-ity-sensitive (meaning it can simultaneously play eight notes with eight different sounds and allow MIDI control of individual sound volumes).

A simple LOADM command gets the allmachine language program up and running. Most of Lyra's screen is devoted to its display of a grand staff, the pairing of two five-line music staves divided into bass and treble clefs as is standard in transcriptions for piano. Key and time signatures are displayed in standard format as well as bar lines connecting the two staves. Musically speaking, with Lyra what you see is what you get. Across the top of the display is a menu bar for instant access to a host of editing, playing and filemanagement features. Along the display's bottom are a selection of notes and rests, with corresponding values from
whole to 64 th. Aside from menu boxes that open and close during the course of operations, you never lose sight of this main display.

Entering music into Lyra is as easy as pointing and clicking. To place a note anywhere on the grand staff, you first select the desired note value (whole note, quarter note, etc.) by moving the cursor to the note options at the bottom of the screen, positioning the cursor over the desired value and clicking the mouse or joystick button once. The cursor then becomes the selected note value. If you then want to enter that note value as a Middle C , for example, you position the cursor (which looks like the current nore value) at the Middle C position between the bass and treble clefs and click once. A copy of the note is made at the corrcct position. Click again, and you ${ }^{*}$ ve entered another note, and so on. This pointing and clicking is the essence of Lyra's interactive, graphics-oriented environment.

Of course there is much more to Lyra than simply picking up notes and putting them on staves. With room enough for over 14,000 notes/events - and because Lyra allows for up to eight separate voices you can compose and play up to eight simultaneous lines of music, or compose music with full eight-voice chords. All eight lines/voices of music can be displayed and played simultaneously, or you can select just the voices you want to see and hear. Once you have entered some music, a host of editing features goes beyond simply inserting and deleting notes. Using block-editing functions, entire sections of music can be copied, moved, transposed and deleted. The block editing functions can be selected to act on all the voices or just the voices you choose. You can scroll through the music a note at a time or jump directly to specific measures or relative positions in the composition. Music can be played at any time and from any position in the composition during the editing process.

All the standard music composition tools are available in Lyra. The grand staff spans over four octaves, and you have the option of raising or lowering voices an additional octave. All key signatures are available as well as sharps, fiats, accidentals and naturals. You can define most time signatures, with the exception of signatures where the upper number is greater than the lower number (such as $12 / 8$ ) and some with odd numerators (such as 7/4). The velocity (loudness) of each voice can be controlled and modified throughout a composition. 'Tempo is controlled locally through the insertion of individual tempo indicators, and a Master Tempo controls the overall tempo.

There is an easy-to-use instrument table for the inclusion of 16 different instrument sounds. Working in somewhat the same way as the CoCo 3's color PALETTE feature, you can establish a palette of 16 instrument sounds (drawn from however many instruments are available on your particular synthesizer) and assign a specific instrument to each of the eight voices. These instrument-to-voice assignments can be changed throughout the composition. Please note that velocity or instrument selections are ignored when playing Lyra through devices other than MIDI synthesizers that are sensitive to such inputs.

All of the file-management controls are also accessed by Lyra's point-and-click interlace. Disk drives can be selected; directories displayed; and filles loaded, saved, appended and deleted. While instrument tables are automatically saved with each music file, they can also be saved and loaded separately. If you want continuous play of all the Lyrafiles on a disk, a Play All uption aumantically loads and plays Lyma files in the order they appear in the disk directory.

For more advanced use Lyra allows access to MIDI features that go beyond basic channel selection and program changes. Velocity is controlled through eight dynamics indicators (ppp through $f f f$, each of which can be defined as having a value from 0 to 127 . There is a powerful Filter option that allows you to withhold up to five different kinds of MIDI events during play. An optional MIDI clock is included for use with MIDI drum instruments. For MIDI control at the byte level, individual MIDT byte messages can be output from anywhere in the music. In addition. each Lyra file is allowed up to four multibyte MIDI event messages that can be custom-made for your particular synthesizers and can be continuously called upon during play. If you would like to create a MIDl event that has a very large number of bytes, a BASIC file of MIDI bytes can be created and called upon from Lyra.

While Lyra is not as featurc-packed as some sequencing software olfered (at much higher prices) for other computers, it is an impressive demonstration of the CoCo's capabilities. Lyra is a program that has come a long way, and it is still in the process of enhancement and improvement. While some earlier Lyra versions had a few annoying quirks, the latest version is in all operations crash-proof.

I use Lyra a great deal. If I had to think hard about possible faults, one thing I would mention is that there have been a few, very rare instances in which Lyra was suddenly unable to recognize and load one of its own files. Here the solution is the same as for
any computer operation: Always maintain current backup copies of everything. The only other minor fault l've conte across is that in the Goto Measure option. if you accidentally enter too many digits, unwanted characters appear on the display, but these have never caused file damage and can be cleared by saving the current file and rebooting the program.

One special note should be made concerning the difference between $L y r a$ versions 2.61 and 2.62 that is not mentioned in the manual: Version 2.62 includes the addition of "stay awake" MIDI signals to accommodate certain MIDI instruments that automatically turn themselves off if they don't receive any MIDl inpul after a certain amount of time. Under certain circumstances, during play this feature causes notes in the first measure of music to come on and then abruptly shut off, with the music then playing normally from the second measure onward. The remedy is 10 make the first measure of a composition a measure of rests and have all the music begin in the second measure. This is a good practice regardless, because by placing all the initial programechanges and other MIDI data at the begiming of the first measure and starting the music in the second measure, your synthesizer has time to fully configure itself before the music begins playing.

Beyond being an outstanding benchmark quality CoCo MIDI music composition program, Lyra defines a quality standard in overall programming features. Lyra's combination of power, speed, efficiency and ease of use makes it a model from which all CoCo program writers should find inspiration. For amateur and professional maestros, Lyra really does the job.
(Rulaford Research, P.O. Box 143, Imperial Beach, CA 92032. 619-690-3648; \$59.95)
—Walter Myers

## Book

## The Lyra CompanionExpert Help for the Lyra User

Attention Lyra users: Did you know hat there is more to Lyra than just what's printed in the Lyra manual? Did you know that key signatures can be changed in the middle of a composition? Or that there are ways to compose using unusual time signatures such as $12 / 8$ or $7 / 4$ ? Did you know that help is available for everything from transcribing a song to using advanced MIDI control techniques? You will find this and more in The Lyra Companion, a new book by musician and author Michael Stute.

The Lyra Companion is a soft-bound laser-printed handbook with over 100 pages of helpful information and illustrations just for users of the popular Lyra CoCo MIDI music editor by Lester Hands. The Lyra Companion is written by a professional rock guitarist and studio musician who has


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been an enthusiatstic user of the CoCo and Lyra since their beginnings. As a professional musician, Mr. Stute has written nearly 300 songs and independently produced two of his own albums with Lya controlling all the MIDI instruments. He currently uses Lyra exclusively for all his songwriting. Born of the author's professional use of Lyra and also his comespondence with Lester Hands, The Lyra Companion is filled with information for beginning to advanced users.

Suggesting you first read the Lya manual and familiarize yourself with Lyra's operating environment, The Lyra Companion begins by taking you option-by-option through Lya's features. All the basics are covered. from the first LOADM"LYRA" to instrument and voice selection, to advanced file management and block editing techniques. Current up to Lyra Version 1.60. the book also advises you when features and options in this version of Lyra differ from earlier versions.

Once you have gotten a handle on the fundamentals, you are introduced to techniques for transcribing existing music (such as aclassical piano transcription) into Lyra. You are shown how to keep at transeription log and how to create a "structure map," a method for identifying, sorting and labeling different parts of a song. By kecping a transeription log you can take on and be in control of even very large projects, consistently making the best use of your time and Lyra's abilities. If you want to compose some of your own music, The Lyra Companion details steps for transcribing music you hear in your "mind's ear."

Helping you to expand Lwra's capabilities is detaled infomation on special edit-

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ing techniques going beyond the confines of the Lyra manual and drawing from the author's real-world Lyra experience. For example. while the manual states that key signatures can be defined only at the beginning of each song file, you are shown how they can be changed in the middle of a composition as many times as you like.
> $P_{\text {rocedures are }}$ provided for taking advantage of $L y r a$ 's ability to output specific user-defined MIDI codes, allowing you to get "inside" your
> synthesizer and effect changes from Lyra to any MIDIcontrollable feature

Solutions are outlined for another inherent Lyra limitation: the inability to enter time signatures in which the top number is larger than the bottom number (such as $12 /$ 8) or in which the top number is odd (such as $7 / 4$ ). Step-by-step procedures are described for making Lyra work with these unusual (hough not unknown) situations. Continuing to go beyond the Lyra manual, there is information on different ways to create staccato effects, and a method is offered for simulating legato. If your synthesizer has no"pedal" mode, a straightforward method for creating truc pedal effects is described and illustrated.

While note entry, instrument selection, tempo and velocity controls available to al! Lywa versions are thoroughly explored, The Lyra Companion also delves into the mysterious world of "MIDl events" and "MIDI bytes," options available in the latest versions of $L y r a$. Here explanations and procedures are provided for taking advantage of Lyra's ability to output specific userdefined MIDI codes, allowing you to get "inside" your synthesizer and effect changes from Lyra to any MIDI-controllable feature. There is advice on how to read MIDl implementation charts and help for finding your way through the maze of binary, decimal and hexadecimal MIDI codings. For transmitung large amounts of data to your synthesizer, you are shown how to create and call upon a BASIC file from Lyra.

Speaking of synthesizers, The Lyra Companion goes beyond Lyra operations and explores the world of MIDI instruments. MIDI and MIDI sequencers are defined. and synthesizer fundamentals are explained. Here you are privy to the wealth of the author's practical knowledge. Capabilities such as monophony_ polyphony and muhtitimbre are explained. You learn what it means to put a synthesizer into different modes and what the differences are between four-, eight- and 16 -voice capabilities. There are step-by-step instructions for getting the most from your system, and trouble-shooting advice is given for specific problems you may encounter along the way. If you're considering a synthesizer purchase, there is information on features to consider, how they relate to Lyra, and what you should expect to pay for certain abilities.

The Lyra Companion covers a lot of territory and touches upon nearly everything that is Lyra, MIDI and music. It attempts to fill a real need in the CoCo music community, and in doing so it tries to fill very big shoes indeed. In light of such high expectations, there is some room for improvement. Information is very accessible in presentation, but there are some flaws in content. While the texi appears to have had the benefit of a spelling checker, there are a number of content errors that may be confusing to the beginner.

The writing style is also at times distracting; I get the feeling the author is a musician first and a writer second. Complicated subjects are frequently taken on, but sometimes the explanation ends up more complicated than the subject.

In another area of concem, The Lywa Companion has chapters on music theory for the beginning student of music. Indeed, The Lyra Companion accommodates readcrs who know nothing of Lyra or music. Covering everything from music notation. to scale and chord theory, to help with harmonizing your own songs, The Lyra Companion makes a commendable attempt at being a music theory tutorial as well as a Lyra handbook. While a fresh perspective on music fundamentals is of value to even the experienced musician, I found the music theory discussions to be at times unnecessarily complex and occasionally even misleading. For example, the 12 -tone chromatic scale is described as having " 15 notes", whether this is a reference to certain "named" notes or key signatures or just a typographical error is not clear. The Lyra Companion would benefit from a lot less theory and more of the author's valuable practical experience.

As it stands, The Lyra Companion is off to a promising start. It is clearly indexed.
nicely presented and contains a weat th of usefal information for the Lwa user at any level of experience. This is one "companion" to keep by your side.
(Rulaford Research, P.O. Box 143, Imperial Beach, CA 92032, 619-690-3648; \$9.95)
—Walter Myers
Hardware
TelePak II— Next-Generation RS-232 Pack

As with many other support items for the CoCo that Tandy has stopped selling, a third party has stepped in to fill the void. In this case it's the disappeaname of itue Tandy RS-232 Pak. TelePak Il, an RS-232 pack by Orion Technologies, is an updated version of TelePak and TelePak + , which were reviewed in April 1989's Rainbow.

The first thing that struck me about TelePak II was the design and neatness of
it. I'd been running an older Tandy RS-232 Pak, and TelePak II is half the size. Terrifie! It makes it a little more difficult for the cat to dislodge it when he walks across my CoCo . The unit is a nice cream color so it blends in and makes all those pieces of equipment seem like a whole. TelePak II also comes with the necessary cable and standard DB-25P connector attached to the pack.

It's very evident that some thought went into the placement of the cable on the pack. If TelePak II is plugged directly into the console, the cable goes straight back instead of up and over. If it's plugged into a Multi-Pak, the cable goes out the right side of the pack and back. In cither case the cable stays nicely out of the way, so 1 can't knock against it as easily while reaching across my crowded computer desk for somelhing. Orion Technologies has printed its address and phone number right on the label fixed to the pack. How much time have you spent searching for a manual or warranty card when you needed to call a company for help? No problem with this company, even if you do lose the manual.

Continuing with myexamination of this product, I noticed it has a gold-plated edge connector. Because I like to know what makes things run, I peeked into the imer
workings (something that voids the 30 -dty warranty). But I got special permission to peek from the company when I called to verify the price. I found the support people cager to help in any way they could.

Now, on to the inside. Comparatively there are very few pieces and parts inside. That"s good - it means fewer parts 10 give you trouble. I have to admit that I don't know my way thoroughly around chips and circuitry, but I can recognize some of the more important picces. The TelePak II has a voltuge converter built in so it can be used with any CoCo. Also, the chips that do the most work are socketed for casy replacement if atryming goes wrong.

Orion guarantees the pack for 30 days. If the warranty expires you can have the unit repaired or replaced for a scrvice charge any time up to six months from the date of purchase.

TelePak II will set the carrier detect on your modem on high if it needs to be; and it works with either Disk BASIC or OS-9 software and any Color Computer, MultiPak or Y-cable. It you happen to have a rare modem and can't get the TelePak II to work with it, call Orion Technologies for help.

The packaging looks nice, and the working parts look sturdy enough - but does it work? I tested TelePak II on a CoCo 2 with

a couple of terminal programs and two different modems. I used an Avatex 1200 and a Capetronics with Mikeyterm and Greg-E-Term. I then enlisted the help of one of our local users group members, who tested it on a CoCo 3. There were no problems with either machine, either computer-tocomputer or using any of the area BBSs. Admittedly I didn'1 test it at speeds over 2400 , nor could $I$ test it with all the available modems and communications programs. But based on its performance with those I used, I believe it will work with most anything.

The manual explained the warranty information, features and installation procedure \{all necessary, I suppose, for firsttimers), with the last three pages devoled to cable wiring, pinouts and programming information for those of you who are interested in that. Programming the pack isn't necessary, though, because it already functions identically to Tandy's RS-232 Pak.

I recommend TelePak II because of its sturdy construction, attached cable and connector, the very reasonable price and the company support that is only a phone call away. This is definitely a good buy.
(Orion Technologies, P.O. Box 63196, Wichita, KS 67203, 316-946-0440; $\$ 49.95$ plus $\$ 3 \mathrm{~S} / \mathrm{H}$ )

-Gail Allore

## Software

CoCo 3

## World at WarGlobal Conflict and the CoCo

Well, what's in the mailbox today? Let's see: bill - bill - junk mail - ah, my new issue of RAlnbow - bill - great, a new review assignment. This is going to be a wonderful day. I can't wait to see what this one is.

Opening the package, I find a program called World at War from Greg Wittmeyer of GSW Software. It consists of a $51 / 4$-inch disk and an instruction manual. The disk is not write-protected - refreshing. A CoCo 3 withat least 128 K , a disk drive and a TV/ composite monitor are the minimum requirements. Joysticks are optional. Because the program has been written for the CMP mode, my CM- 8 RGB monitor does not always yield the colors described in the manual.

Starting the program is as easy as entering LOADM"WAR". The program automatically
executes, loads the default war and starts off at the main menu. There you have a choice of 16 options to get you started. The default war is totally blank, one in which you create your own maps and icons, edit your own armies, etc. If you want to play immediately, you can load one of five ready-to-run wars. You can choose a me-

> I created some of my own terrain icons and was able to create detailed runways complete with yellow lights and a white center stripe - even a helicopter landing pad with a circle and an X in it. They looked great on the map

dieval battle with knights in shining armor, a recreation of the biggest battle in the Civil War, a WWI battle, a WWII battle or a "future" confrontation.

1 loaded the Civil War battle first. As the battle map came up on the screen, I was a little disappointed that the icons were in black and white (black for the black army, white for the white). I have seen other prograns in which the icons are colorful and detailed. I switched to the world map and again was disappointed, this time by the appearance of a screen thal looked as if it were composed of ASCII graphics on the CoCo 2 screen but more detailed. Howcyer, after beginning game play, I realized these were just aesthetic details with no bearing on the outcome of the game.
I do feel the graphic screens could have been better inplemented. From what 1 amn able to tell, it appears the 320 -by- 192 setling is used. The screen area used for the graphics is roughly the size of the old 32column text screen. The restof the screen is just wasted.

1 do want 10 compliment Mr. Witumeyer on the terrain graphics. They are really good. I created some of my own tenain icons and was able to create detailed runways complete with yellow lights and a white center stripe - even a helicopter landing pad with a circle and an $X$ in it. They looked great on the map.

1 would like to have seen a Fill feature one that would let me draw an ourline and then fill it with a color, rather tham having
to change each block by hand.
Creating your own war is probably the most fun. I can create any type of scenario I envision, with units from cannons, magicians and dragons to space ships. One of my scenarios I set in modern times. I designed helicopters, jet fighter planes, bombers, muclear ships, naval transports, tanks and infantry. I designed my map from scratch. Playing against the computer proved to be humorous: It did not use the naval transports to carry the tanks across the ocean but, rather, had the tanks out in the ocean as if they were ships. I could have adjusted the tanks' attributes to prohibit them from crossing water, but that would only have resulted in their staying on the matinland.

A word of advice: When you are in the process of creating units, write them up on paper first. When all the units are complete and meet with your satisfaction, then put them in the CoCo . This saves re-editing.

The 22-page manual accompanying $A$ World at War is well-written, taking you step-by-step through each menu option. If you have never played a game like this one, the manual is invaluable.

Because of the difference in colors on my monitor. I wrote a letter to Mr. Wittmeyer describing my problem. His answer was prompt, informing me that with a disk editor program I can change the color values on a working disk (never edit the original). I was unable to make the changes due to the lack of foresight on my part. (I never thought I would need a disk editor.) I am in hopes that Mr. Wittmeyer will incorporate a prompt at the beginning of the program to allow users to identify their monitor type and let the program make the necessary adjusiments.


All in all, I enjoyed A World at War. If you do not have a war-designer game of this type, I recommend this one. Mr. Wittmeyer has done well with the program. I look forward to seeing what else he offers in the future.
(GSW Software, 8345 Glenwood, Overland Park, KS 66212, 913-341-3411; \$25)
-Greg Snow

The following products have recently been received by THE RAINBOW, examined by our magazine staff and issued the Rainbow Seal of Certification, your assurance that we have seen the product and have ascertained that it is what it purports to be.

1988 CoCo Federal Tax, 6th Ed., a taxpreparation program for the 1040 fom, schedules A, B, C, D and E. Also covers Form 4562. Requires a CoCo I, 2 or 3 with 64 K and one disk drive. Puritas Springs Software, The Ameritrust Building. 17140 Lorain Ave., Cleveland, OH 4411I, (216) 25/-8085: \$39.95.

Action Arcade Pack, Volume 1, a set of two public-domain games, Laser Bhitz and Kung Fli Fighter, for 64 K CoCos. In Kung-Fu Fighter, players punch and kick their way to the Shao-Min temple. In Laser Blizz, players adjust horizontal and vertical laser cannons to blast alien invaders. Christopher English Communications, $40-25 \mathrm{Col}$ lege Point, Bhd. \#8G, Flushing, NY /1354. (718) 445-6589; $\$ 9.95$ plus $\$ 3 \mathrm{~S} / \mathrm{H}$.

CIII Pages, a CoCo 3 desktop publishing program with 256 fill patterns, 24 fonts and a collection of clip art. Features a point-and-click, pull-down menu-driven interface with dialog boxes and icons. Requirements include a 128 K or 512 K CoCo 3 , an RGB or mono monitor, at least one disk drive (two recommended), a Tandy Hi-Res Joystick Interface, joystick or mouse and a printer (supporis DMP-105, NX-1000, Gemini and Epson compatibles). Coless Computer Design, dist. by Microcom Software, 2900 Monoe Ave., Rochester, NY 14618. (800) 654-5244; \$49.95, \$59.95 with Hi-Res Interface, $\$ 79.95$ with Hi-Res Interface and mouse.

CycleJnmp, an axcade game written in BASIC for the CoCo 3 that has users gunning motorcycles up ramps, over barrels and across El-Gato River Canyon. Requires a CoCo 3 , a disk drive and a joystick. $/ T$. Rawlinson Sofmare. \#361 St. Germain Ave., Toronto, ON M5M IW6, Camada (4I6) 782-5718, \$/4.95 plus \$2 S/H.

Data Form III. a program that lets CoCo 3 users create customized databases with up to 17 fields and that can use up to 63 granules for storage space. E.Z. Friendly Sofruare, 118 Corlies Ave., Poughkeepsie, NY 12601; \$19.95 plus \$1.50 S/H.

Easy-Type 1.1, a CoCo 3 shareware program that emulates an electronic typewriter. Features include word wrap, a save/ foad function, a line/page editor and selectable baud rates. Christopher Enghish Communications, 40-25 College Point. Blvd.\#8G, Flushing, NY /1354,(718)4456589: \$5 for unregistered version, \$10 for registered.

File System Repack, a collection of utilities for defragmenting/oplimizing OS-9 floppy and hard disks. Features commandline options for reclaiming "lost" sectors. It solts files in order of increasing file descriptor sector address. Requires OS-9 Level I or II system with at least one disk drive and 42 K free. Buke \& Burke, P.O. Box 58342, Renton, WA 90058, (800) 237-2409; $\$ 29.95$ plus $\$ 3$ S/II.

K1 Librarian, a program by Allen Huffman that allows users to transfer voice patches between a CoCo and a Kawai K1/KıR/ K1M synthesizer. Requires a CoCo with at least 32 K , a disk drive and the CoCo MIDI Interface or compatible. Rulaford Research. P.O. Box 143, Imperial Beach, CA 92032. (619) 690-3648; \$29.95.

KJV on Disk \#2, the book of Genesis, chapters 30 to 50 , of the King James Version of the Bible on disk in ASCII files for the CoCo 1, 2 and 3. BDS Soffurare, P.O. Box 485. Glemvew: IL 60025, (312) 998 1656: $\$ 3$.

Slam Bam, a one- or two player slamdunking gane for the CoCo 3. Features a

High Score board and 27 kinds of slams. Requires a 128 K CoCo 3 , a joystick and a disk drive or a casscttc player. Erich Sweaney, P.O. Box 45434, Tacoma, WA 98445, (206) 535-9733; $\$ 10$.

Studio Works, a digital sampling/editing system that features up to 56 sound samples in memory at once (on a 512 K CoCo 3 ). Includes a sequencer, a clipboard for cutting/pasting sounds, a "speaking clock" demo and a utility to load and play Studio Works files from machine-language and BASIC programs. Requires at least a 128 K CoCo 3, a disk drive, joystick or mouse, and an optional cable (one end plugs into the left joystick port; the other end can be attached to a home sterco or "Walkman" source). Oblique Triad, 32 Church St., Georgerown. ON L7G 2A7. Canada (416) 877-8149: \$54.95 U.S. or \$64 Cdn., with cable: $\$ 39$ U.S. or $\$ 49$ Cdn., without cable.

Supersound, a menu-driven sampling program that records sound in both single and double tracks. An included cable connects cassette recorders or radios to the right joystick port. Sounds can be edited, looped and played backward. The manual includes instructions for adding sound to your own programs. With CoCo Max $/ / I$, graphics animation is possible. Requires a CoCo 3 with at least $128 \mathrm{~K} ; 512 \mathrm{~K}$ is supported for longer recordings. Supersoft, Inc:, 363 Oakwood Ave., Jackson, Mi 49203, (517) 787-3610: $\$ 39.95$ phut $\$ 2.50 \mathrm{~S} / \mathrm{H}$.

First product received from this company

The Seal of Certificarion is open to all manufacturers of products for the Tandy Color Computer, regardless of whether they advertise in THE RAINBOW.

By awarding al Seal, the magazine certifies the progran does exist - that we have examined it and have a sample copy - but this does not constitute any guarantee of satisfaction. As soon as possible, these hardware or software items will be forwarded to THE RAINBOW reviewers for evaluation.
—Lauren Willoughby

This is the final installment of a threepart tutorial series exploring the icon editor Maxlc. It should help you write a few Multi-V/ue based application programs in Basic09. The source code and packed bimary code is available on the August issue of RAINBO WONDISK. The code may also be downloaded from the Rainbow section of Delphi"s OS-9 Online database.

BASIC09 is a natural tool for modular programming. This makes it much easier to break down big projects into small manageable ones. Max/c contains 27 modules. This month we 11 look at the last nine files: geticon, saveicon, readicon, showicon, writeicon, editor, updatbuf. errmsg and loadbar.

I have attempted to publish Mav/c's modules in groups that work together. This project wrups up with the icon editor and the modules needed to get, read, show, save and write icons. I'll discuss a few miscellaneous modules first.

## Telling the User What You're Doing

The shorl module loadbar helps Max/c let the user know what it is doing. You see its output when you pick up an icon from the icondirectory with the mouse and move it into the edit window. After the load button appears and you push the mouse button, loadbar writes the name of the icon over the edit window. Then it prints the message Loading Icon in the edit window.

The procedure loadbar is run by the procedure readicon. The name of the icon is passed to loadbar in the name field of the variable Ic. Ic has been dimensioned as type Mic, one of the two special data types used throughout Maxdc. A variable of type Mic holds a 32 -byte long string, a single byte and two integers that hold the $x$ and $y$ position of the cursor.

The loadbar procedure begins by using the param statement to reserve room for the string containing the name of the icon it expects to receive from readicon. It then uses the gixa color command to change the foreground and background colors and the $g f_{x} 2$ bar command to draw a filled box over the edit window. This done, it uses the

[^8]
# A deeper look at Maxic's modules <br> Clearing the Board 

By Dale L. Puckett Rainbow Contributing Editor

gfx 2 curxy command to move the cursor into the bar where it uses BASIC09's printusing facility to center the name of the icon.

Now loadbar reverses the foreground and background colors and moves the cursor into the edit window where it prints the message Loading Icon. You'll see the message until the routine drawing the fatbits icon in the edit window covers it up.

## Reporting Errors

The procedure errmsg gives Maxic a universal method of reporting errors and is used by many of Maxic's modules. When another module calls ermsg, it passes a single parameter of type syTE.

The procedure begins by reserving enough memory for the parameter ersnum, a string and two integers. The two integer variables hold the horizontal and vertical position of the mouse pointer. They are passed to the procedure get key, along with a string variable named key.

To turn on proportionally spaced type and create an overlay window ermse first uses gfx2 calls. It then runs the Max/c procedure winset to draw a double box border in the window and places the cursor at the upper right-hand comer of the window with $\mathrm{gfx2}$ 's curxy command.

With the cursor in place, it prints the message Error - 216 - encountered, If the error number erramsg receives in the parameter exrnum is 2 , then the user has
pressed the BREAK key. In this case, er rmsy closes its window using the $\mathrm{g} f \times 2$ owend command and ends.

If the error number received has any other value, errmsg uses a BASicog call to OS-9's shell to print an English-language error message generated by the OS-9 utility command error. It then moves its cursor down three lines and prints the message Press key. This lets the error message stay on the screen until the user has time to read it and analyze the problem.

## Editing the Icon

Two of MaxIc's procedures - editor and updatbuf - form the heart of the icon editor. editor is run by the proceduremain, which passes three parameters containing just about anything you would ever want to know about Maxi's universe. The first parameter, MS, is of type Miesys and contains the directory name, an array containing the names of up to 48 icons, a 144 -byte long buffer containing the bit map of the icon being edited, the group number of the buffer being used, the buffer number, and the number of the icon.

The other two parameters, Ic and $D r$, are of typemic and hold astring.abyte and two integers. The data type mic is presented in detail in our description of the procedure loadbar above.

The main purpose of editor is to exercise the procedure updat buf. Tt begins by reserving enough memory to receive its three parameters from the procedure Main and the variables needed to hold information about the position of the mouse pointer. The variable regs, of the data type registers, is a structure that looks like the 6809 microprocessor in the Color Computer 3. Rateak is a 32-byte array that holds the data about the mouse pointer.
editor immediately enters an endless loop that uses an OS-9 system call to continuously poll the Color Computer mouse. Each time the user presses the mouse button. editor immediately calls the procedure updatbuf. It passes the parameter MS, which contains everything editor knows about the icon being edited and the current position of the mouse pointer.

## Doing the Work

When updatbuf receives the location of the mouse pointer from editor, it knows which pixel to edit. Its first task is to compute which byte in the bit map holds the pixel. This done, it uses some additional calculations to remove the individual pixel from the byte. It gets the byte from the array


## Table 1. MaxIc Icon Dump

that holds the buffer containing the bit map of the icon passed in the byte field of the parameter ms. (Now say that three times, fast!)

Once updatbur knows the location of the pixel. it sets the pixel to the color selected in the box along the top of Maxic's screen and puts the pixel back in the same byte in the buffer where it found it. It then changes the color of that pixel in the edit
window so the user can see what has been accomplished. However, in the edit window each pixel appears as a bar eight pixels wide and four pixels high. I guess that's why they're called fatbits.

After updatbuf reprints the bir map in the edit window, it reprints the actual-size image of the icon in the box at the upper left-hand comer of Max/c's sereen. It does this by using the gixa put command to
place the updated buffer holding the icon at that location. When these changes are made, updatbuf ends and control returns to the procedure editor, which continues to monitor the position of the mouse pointer - waiting for the user to push the button so it can call updathue again.

## Reading, Saving and Showing Icons

The remainder of Max/e's modules deal

## 



## 




This is what you have been waiting forl Finally FAM-Rebident boftwafe for your Cobo 3! Fung in the background while you do other work! Includeb a note-pad that doet athlornalic number calculations, a ciliendar with alarm, a phone book thel can alitodial your phone, a real-time clock and much, much, marel Thir pragram will orgarize your entira lifol


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Whaty - Wm



## 


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 (504)649-5761 (B35)
with moving the icon to be edited into the edit window and displaying it on the screen. To help understand what these routines are doing, study the format of OS-9's icon files by looking at the dump of the file icon.maxic shown in Table I .

It also may help you to study the list below, which shows the buffer number Maxic uses to hold its action butons and the icon being edited.

Buffer \# Contains
41 Load buffer
49
50
51
52
53
54
lcon being edited
Empty buffer
Made icon
Open button
Save button
Kill button

The Maxlc procedure matin runs the procedure getican when the mouse button is pressed. This happens while the pointer is located over the smalt window at the upper left-hand comer of the screen. geticon receives the parameters MS, Dr and Ic from main. It begins its work by clearing the small icon window. It then follows the mouse pointer and displays the appropriate buffer at the location of the pointer.

If the mouse pointer is located in the window displaying the directory, geticon displays the save button and runs the procedure saveicon to do the job. If the pointer is located near the Maxlc icon with the wastebasket above the edit window, geticon displays the Kill button and runs the procedure clearbuf to clear the icon buffer. It knows where the mouse pointer is located by reading the horizontal and vertical fields of the parameter Ms it received from the procedure main. Before it exits, geticon always updates the icon directory's display by running the procedure showelit.

Mav/c uses the procedure readicon to load an icon from the icon directory into a buffer so it may be edited. It begins its work by displaying the hourglass pointer to let the user know it's working. Then it opens a path to the icon file, using the name it received in the parameter Is . name. After it has successfully opened the file, it reads the icon data one line at a time. As it reads each line, it converts each pair of Hex bytes into two single bytes and stores those two bytes into the 144 -byte array ms .byt.

The gex 2 gpload command is used to load each of the 144 bytes into the buffer. This done, the gfx2 put command is used to display the icon in the update window at the upper left-hand comer of the screen. Before ending, readicon runs the procedure laadbar to tell the user which icon it is
loading, and the procedure showicon to display that icon in the edit window.
showicon receives the 144-byte buffer as a parameter, and displays it in the edit
buffer. It does this by displaying an eight-pixel-wide-by-four-pixel-deep bar to present each actual pixel in the icon. This done, it cxits.

| ba | Sets allocation bitmap bits for a specified LSN or range. |
| :--- | :--- |
| bd | Clears allocation bitmap bits for a specified LSN or range. |
| ceneck | Scans disk for defective sectors and identifies |
| any files stored in defective regions. |  |
| fcheek | Generates a fragmentation report. |
| hdb | Streaming device-based hard disk backup with data compression. |
| hdr | Streaming device-based hard disk restore with data expansion. |
| repack | Hard disk uptimizer; merges segments and reorganizes storage. |
| stash | Marks files or directories that should not be repacked. |
| zap | Erases a file's directory entry. |

Table 2. File System Repack Utility Programs

Editors Note: While all of the procedures required for Maxlc appeared on the August 1989 issue of $R A / N B O W$ ON DISK, only the procedures listed here are on this month's disk.

## Listing 1: geticon



We have moved into our very own building！No more paying off someone else＇s mortgage，now we have our very own mortgage to pay off！！Now THAT＇s a good reason to have a SALE！Our new building is twice as large and that gives us more room for service，support and friendly help．At FHL we have the best prices on software，hard drive systems and supplies and the help is FREE！Check our new 24 hour order line and make sure to get on our mailing list for our FREE newsletter，In the July issue，The RAINBOW wrote some good things about our products．We decided to put them on sale．Call for unlisted sales and other new products．

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Maxle uses writeicon to wrile a Hex dump of the icon to a file or to the printer． When an icon is sent to the printer，its name is printed first on the first line and then the Hex code is listed．If the icon file is being written to a disk file，this first line is not written to the file．

From two string parameters that are passed to it，writeicon receives the name of the icon and the filename．An array containing the 144 －byte bit map of the icon is passed to writeicon in another parame－ ter．If the user is trying to print an icon that has been cleared，writeicon exits immedi－ ately．Otherwise it opens a path to the file or printer and proceeds to print each byle in the 144－byte array in Hex format．It prints 1wo bytes at a time and then inserts a space． If you study the listing of the file icon，maxic in Table 1，you＇ll see this is the format used by all OS－9 icon files．Each icon file con－ tains nine lines holding 16 bytes each．

Maylc runs the procedure saveicon after the user has finished editing the icon and is ready to write it to disk．This procedure is called by the procedure files，which is called in turn by the procedure main when the user clicks the mouse button over the File entry in the menu bar，Save is Item 3 in the File mentu，and saveicon is run when you click the mouse button over the word．
saveicon receives three parameters from the procedure tiles－MS．Dr and Ic．All three have been described previously in this article．The first action taken by saveicon is to prompt the user for a file－ name．It does this by running the procedure getname．

If the file already exists，it prompts to find out if you want to overwrite the old file．It uses the procedure getans toaccom－ plish this．Just before it opens a path to a file with the name supplied by the user，saveicon searches through the icons in the current icon directory until it gets a match．When it finds the icon request，it puts the buffer number and icon name in the proper fields of the variable ms．

Once the file is open，saveicon uses the gfaz gpload command to move the icon from the screen into the 144－byte artay， byt，in Variable ms and into the file．It then runs the procedure showdir to update the display of the icon directory．This means the freshly edited icon appears in the direc－ tory in its new form．If the icon file you request does not already exist，saveicon creates it．After saveicon writes an icon to a new disk file，it uses the BASIC09 shell statement to run the OS－9 utility command attr to set the private and public execute atributes of the fille．

This wraps up our three－part tutorial series covering Robert Moody＇s icon editor Max／c． 1 hope we have helped you learn a


Listing 2：saveicon

| PROCEQURE | saveicon |
| :---: | :---: |
| 加的自 | TYमF M才rmamp；STRTNG：SPlprt．BYTE：xpos，ypos：INTEGER |
| O18 | TYPE Mic5ys－0name．Iname（48）：STRING；byt（144）．Grplo．BufNo，number ，MenSel，MenNum，ErrNum，color，scount：BYTE；horiz，vert：INTEGER |
| 0064 | PARAM ms：Mlcsys |
| 0060 | PARAM Dr，IC：Mic |
| 0 07A | DIM path：BYJE |
| 0081 | DIM OK：BOOLEAN |
| 0088 | ON ERROR GOTO IO |
| 008 E | （＊is the editor name blank |
| O0AS | IF IC．name＝＂＊THEN |
| ODB9 | （＊if 50 let＇s try to get ane |
| 0006 | RUN getname（Ic．name） |
| QEES | IF İc．namew TH THEN |
| 00F2 | （＊could not get one so let＇s end |
| 6113 | END |
| 0115 | ENDIF |
| 6117 | EMDIF |
| 0119 | （＊let＇s show the disk is busy |
| 0137 | RUN gfx2（＂gcset＂，202，4） |
| W14． | （＊start at the top of buffer +1 |
| 916A | ms－Iname（ms mumber＋1）：－Ic．name |
| 0182 | ms，BufNa：$=$ ms ，number +1 |
| 0194 | FOR $x:=1$ TO mes．number +1 |
| O1AD | （＊did we find a match |
| 9163 | EXITIF Ic．name＝ms．Iname（x）THEN |
| 910A | （＊yes so use the same buffer |
| Q1F7 | ms．BufNo：$=x$ |
| 9204 | m5．Iname（x）：$=1 \mathrm{c}$ ，mame |
| 0217 | EMDEXIT |
| 0218 | NEXT X |
| 0226 | OPEN 非path，ms．Dname＋＂／＂＋Ic．name：WRITE |
| 0240 | （＊did it open a old file |
| 0259 | （＊if so do we want to over write it |
| 0270 | RUN getams（ms，ok，＂Over Write＂＋lc．name） |
| 02 Al | IF ok $\langle>$ TRUE THEN |
| 02AC | （＊no so close at and end |
| D2C5 | CLOSE 䧳path |
| O2CB | END |
| 02 CD | ENDIF |
| O2CF | \％＊yes so keep going |
| Q2E3 |  |
| 的康5 | RUN gfx2（＂calor＊＊，1） |
| 0306 | PRINT USING＊s $15{ }^{\text {n＊＊}}$ ．Ic．name |
| 0316 | RUN 9 fx 2 （＂＊10gic＊，＂off＂） |
| 0329 |  |
| Q353 | FOR $x=1$ TO 144 |
| 0365 | PUT 将path，ms，byt（x） |
| 0377 | PUT 排ms．frpld，ms ．byt $(x)$ |
| 838C | NEXT $\times$ |
| 0397 | CLOSE 非path |
| 639D | IF ms rumber＝0 THEN |
| Q3AC | ms ．number：$=1$ |
| 0387 | RUN gfx2（＂color＂，0，1） |
| D3CA | RUN gfxe（＂color＊，ms．colar，d） |
| 03 E 2 | ENDIF |
| 23E4 | （＊How let＇s the new changes |
| （1400 | RUN showdir（ms，Dr） |
| 『40F | END |
| 041110 | ON ERROR GOTO 20 |
| 641 A | （＊could not open old file so let＇s try to make a new one |
| 0.653 |  |
| 046 C | （＊did we find a deleted icon |
| 0489 |  |
| B4A5 | （＊yes so let＇s use it |
| 34B | m5．Buf ${ }^{\text {Ho：}}=\mathrm{x}$ |
| 0468 | ms．Iname $(x):=I C$. name |
| 9408 | ENDEXIT |
| （4DF | NEXT X |
| 94EA | （＊are we gotng to use a unused buffer |
| 0510 | IF ms．BufNo－ms．numbertl THEN |
| 95.26 | （＊yes so update the number of them used |



## Listing 3: readicon

```
PROCEDURE readicom
DODS TYPE MIG=חamE:STRING: selPct:BYTE; xpos,ypos:INTEGER
DO1B TYPE MicSys=Dחame,Imame(48):STRING; byt(144%,GrpId, BufNo, number
    MmпSEl,MenNum, ErrNum, color, scoumt:BYTE; horiz, vert:INTEGER
0064 PARAM MS:MICSyS
OWGD PARAM dr.IC:M1G
007A DIM temp:STRING[39]
0086 DIM path.coumt:BYTE
4091 DIM Thyt.1.Thyt2:STRING[3]
ODA1 \* start at number 1
OOB5 count:=1
OOBC ON ERROR GOTO 1B
ODC2 (* 5how we ar'e busy
g\05 RUN gfx2("qcset".202.4)
```

few of the techniques you must master to write fantastic mouse-driven programs under OS-9's Multi-Vue environment.

## Getting Rid of Disk Fragments

Occasionally I notice a lot of confusion in the Color Computer community about file fragmentation. The topic is a real concem because OS-9 constantly moves files between main memory and your hard or floppy disks. The work is done by RBF -OS-9's Random Block File manager. RBF keeps track of where data is stored on your disks by dividing your disk into three regions: an identification sector, an allocation bitmap and the file system.

There are many myths about file fragmentation. Chris Burke of Burke \& Burke posted an outstanding file concerning the subject on CompuServe. It's recommended reading. In summary Burke says fragmentation is a natural side effect of disk operation. It is caused by the constant rearrangement of disk data as files are created, modified and deleted

Three problcms caused by fragmentation are disk errors (Segment List Full and Device Full), slower disk access and increased mechanical wear. Although backups don't affect fragmentation, you can reduce or eliminate it by periodically backing up and restoring your hard drive or by using a hard disk optimizer program. You may especially want to check out Chris's tutorial file if you experience esithcr of these symploms:

Error 217 - Segment list full. The file has reached the built-in fragmentation limit of 48 segments.

Error 248 - Device full. When you run ezgen, cobbler, config or os 9 gen, this enor code means that OS-9 couldn't find any group of clear ABM (Allocation Bit Map) bits large enough to create a single-

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segment file. The disk may actually be full, or it may be badly fragmented.

If you would rather solve the problem than read about ir, Burke \& Burke has a solution for you. It's written a new utility package called File System Repack (FSR), a collection of nine OS-9 disk utility programs. The programs included are listed in Table 2.

The most important of these programs is repack, the hard disk optimizer. repack scans a disk's OS-9 file system and rewrites any files or directories that are stored inefficiently. Here are a few of repack's advantages.

- Individual files processed by repack are optimized permanently. Only editing or otherwise modifying the file undoes its optinization.
- Command line options allow repack to reclaim lost sectors on a disk.
- repack sorts files in order of increasing file descriptor address. In this way repack preserves the general order of your disk files without changing their order in the directory.
- No free disk space is needed; repack can even repack a completcly full hard disk.
- It works on any type or brand of OS-9 hard/floppy disk.


## OS-9 for DOS and Mac

OS-9 Users Group MOTD editor Bill Brady and I flew to Chicago's O'Hare airport in August for the introduction of two new OS-9 implementations. One port runs on an IBM PC, XT or AT with the help of a plug-in card called the PC68K1. The plug-in card has two standard DB9 serial ports that can run to 19.2 kilobaud asynchronous or synchronous and two eightbit, bi-directional parallel ports. The card runs OS-9 concurrently while MS-DOS runs on the PC itself. The two operating systems can communicate with each other. Power users may plug the Memiox 10 -pori serial expansion board into the PC68K1 and run with a dozen users. We'll be detailing the PCG8K 1 in an article for RANBBOW's sister magazine PCM.

There are three Mac implementations. All use the Macintosh Quickdrow and disk operating system for I/O. This means new OS-9 device drivers won't need to be written for each piece of hardware added to your Macintosh. It also means that any piece of hard ware that runs with the Macintosh should be ready for use by OS-9. The three implementations are for the Plus and SE, which-use the Motorola 68000 processor, the Mac II and its 68020 processor, and the SE 30 and Mac IIX, which use a 68030 microprocessor.


## Listing 4: showicon

| PROCEDURE | showicon |
| :---: | :---: |
| - 0 O0 | PARAM Byt (144): BYTE |
| DODC | DIM x.y.Bit:INTEGER |
| 901日 | DIM pixel, colar: ByTE |
| 9026 | OIM BtNum, PixNum: INTEGER |
| 0031 | ON ERROR GOTO 10 |
| 0037 | BASE 0 |
| 0039 | (s get pixel from the byte |
| 0953 | PixNumi=0 |
| 0054 | (* start from top left move down |
| 0074 | FOR y:=60 T0 175 STEP 5 |
| 0085 | (* first go right in step of 9 |
| 00 AD | FOR $x:=32$ T0 239 STEP 9 |
| - DC2 | (* convert bytes to four pixels |
| OME | BtNum: - PixNum/4 |
| goEc | Bit: $=3-\mathrm{MOD}(\mathrm{PixNum,4)}$ |
| DDFA | pixel: $-4 \times$ Bit |
| 0108 | (* and get the color of it |
| 0122 | color:-LAND(Byt (BtNum), pixel*3)/pixel |
| 0138 | RuN gfxe("color" © color) |
| $014 A$ | (* and draw it in the editor |
| 0166 | RUN gfx 2 ("bar", $x, y, x+8, y+4)$ |
| 0189 | (* move over to mext pixel |
| 01 A3 | PixNLm: $=$ PixNum+1 |
| DIAE | NEXT X |
| 0189 | NEXT y |
| DLC4 | END |
| 61ctiol | RULN ermmg |
| OLCD | (* report erpors |

## Listing 5: writeicon

```
PROCEOURE writeicon
```


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The Quickdraw terminal emulator was nol linished at show time，so we did not get to see the Mac run OS－9 on its own screen in Chicago．However，both Bill and I have signed up as Beta testers of the new OS－9 implementations．This means we should have plenty to say sometime soon．In the meantime it＇s a great step forward for our favorite operating system．

Dr．Erich Gibbs，president of Gibbs Laboratories，the company that designed these new OS－9 products，is on the right track．His goal？＂To greatly enhance the productivity of popular personal computers conveniently and inexpensively．＂

Gibbs believes his contributions will ＂go a long way toward restoring a healthier compelitive balance between the comput－ ing power of small organizations and that of large organizations．＂He noted that the benefit of his new products will be＂espe－ cially significant on the broad lower rungs of the economic ladder where getting the most from a personal computer is a matler of practical importance．＂

The OS－9 approach just may be appeat－ ing．The altemative is networking．When computers are networked，companies must buy a full－fledged computer for each work－ station．Many small companies cannol af－ ford to buy a half dozen computers．＂But they could afford to buy one computer and a half dozen inexpensive terminals，＂Gibbs said．＂OS－9 can handle the job nicely．We think we have a winner．＂

For OS－9 users，Gibbs Laboratories？ innovation could be a boon．OS－9 may suddenly be available on machines that you can buy off the shelf at any computer store anywhere，We just may see some new soft－ ware．I＇ll keep you posted．

## Color Canvas

Mike Haatand＇s MVComas will more than likely be shipping by the time you read this column．It＇s a fantastic new package that should make RS－DOS users sit up and take notice．It＇s 100 －percent mouse－and menu－driven and offers support for most prinlers．

MVCamas supports Files，Edit，Good－ ies，Tools and Font Menus．It needs Muhi－ $V / 1 e$, a 512 K CoCo 3 and one disk drive． Essentially it＇s an easy－to－use VEF format graphics editor that features a clipboard， palette swilching and multiple fonts．It can import digitized pictures and edit full $320-$ by－200，sixteen－color VEF pictures．

Give Haaland a call at Hyper－Tech Soft－ ware， 4341 Gannet Circle，Suite 174，Las Vegas．NV：（702）－362－5346．This one re－ ally sings！

That＇s it for November．Enjoy your tur－ key and keep on hacking．

```
(* is it to the printer
IF Name="'/p" THEN
    (* yes so let's print out a name
    PRINT 非path USING "540^",Tname
    ENDIF
    (* write 1t in steps of 2
    FOR x:=1 TO 144 STEP ?
        PRINT #paLh USING "'h%",Rytes(x):
        PRINT /Path USING "h2".Bytes(x+1);
        (* wlth a blank space between them
        PRINT 报堲h.""
        (* move it up by one
        xx=-xx+1
        $* did we reach number 8 yet
        IF xx-8 THEN
                (* yes so send a chr$(13) out
                PRINT 非ath
                * move tt back to 0
                x\:=0
        ENDIF
    NEXT X
    PRINT 和䅅h
    CLOSE #path
    END
    ON ERRDR GOTO 20
    k* did not find a old file so make a new one
    CREATE |path,Name:WRITE
    (* and do the same thing here
    x:=0
    FOR x:-1 T0 144 STEP 2
        PRINT 拃path USING "n2".Bytes(x):
        PRINT 挑ath USING "h2".Bytes(x+1):
```



```
        xx:-kx+1
        IF xx=8 THEN
                PRINT #path
            XX:=Ø
        ENDIF
        NEXT X
```



```
    N
    ErrMum:=ERR
    * report error
    RUN errmsg(ErrNum)
    END
```


## Listing 6：editor

```
PROCELURE Editor
    TYPE MicSys-Dname.Iname(48):STRING; byt(144),GrpId,BufNo,number
        ,Men$el,MenNum, ErrNum, color, scount:BYTE; horfz,vert:INTEGER
    O049 PARAM MS:MICSy5
    0052 TYPE registers=dp.a.b.cc:BYTE: x.y.u:INTEGER
    0077 DIM regs;registers
    OOB0 DIM Callcode:BYTE
    GW87 DIM RatPack(32):BYIE
    0093 ON ERROR GOTO IO
    0y99 (* tet stay here for a while
    0085 LOOP
        (* use simall cross hire pointer
        RUN gfx2("gcset",202,7)
        REPEAT
            (* mouse info
                regs.a:=0
                    regs.b=-$89
                    reg5.x=mADDR(RatPack)
                    regs.y=-0
                    Cal1code:-$8D
                    (* set horiz pos for cross hire
                    Ms.hariz:-RatPack(25)*256+RatPack(26) \Ms.horiz:=Ms.horiz
                    +Ms.horiz/17+3
                    (* set vert for cross hire
                    Ms.vert:=192*(RatPack(31)*256+RatPack(32))/176+3
            Ms.har1z:=(Ms.hor'z-32)/9*g+32
            Ms. vert:=(Ms.vert-60)/5*5+60
            IF Ms.horiz<30 OR Ms.horiz>245 OR Ms.vert<58 OR Ms.vert
                    \177 THEN
                    (* we are out of bounds so end it
                    RUN gfx2("gcset",0,0)
                    Ms.horiz:=1
                    EMD
                ENDIF
            NNTIL RatPack(9)<>0
            * button down so so let.s update
            RUN updatbuf(Ms)
            * and look for a new spat
        ENDLOOP
    END
    0 Ms.ErrNum:=ERR
```

TYPE MicSys－Dname，Iname（48）：STRING：byt．（144），GroId，BufNo，number Men§el，MenNum，ErrNum，color，scount BYTE；horiz，vert：INTEGER PARAM MS：MicSys
IM
DM Caliongere
DIM RatPack（32）：BYTE
ON ERROR GOTO 10
LOQP
（＊use sillall cross hire pointer
RUN gfx2（＂gcset＂，202，7）
0 0． 7
0006
ดอ 9
OWEB
9103
0107
9110
$\$ 128$
0130
（ru syscal（caltcode，regs）
Ol5E Ms．hariz：－RatPack（25）＊256＋RatPack（26）\＄Ms．horiz：＝Ms．horiz
＋Ms．horiz／17＋3
0192 ＊set vert for cross hire
01 AC Ms．vert：－192＊（RatPack（31）＊256＋RatPack（32））／176＋3
01CD Ms．hariz：＝（Ms．hariz－32）／9＊9＋32
（1）E\％Ms．vert：$=$（Ms．vert－60）／5＊5＋60
0203 IF Ms．horiz 3 30 OR Ms．horiz＞246 OR Ms．wert 358 OR Ms．vert
自33迫（＊we are out of bounds 50 end it
0251 RUN gfx2（＂gcset＂，0，0）
0264 Ms．horiz：＝1
026 F
0271
0273
NT1 RatPackg）く＞0
（＊button down so so let．＂s update
RUN updatbuf（Ms）
02 AB and look for a new spat
$02 C 5$ ENDLOOP
W2C9 END
92СB 10
(* report error
O2E7 RUN errmsg(Ms.ErrNum)

## I isting 7：updatbuf＇

```
PROGEDURE updatbuf
OODO TYPE MicSys=Dname, Iname(48):STRING: byt(144),GrpId, BuFNo.number
                MenSel,MerNum, ErrNum,calor, scount:BYTE; horiz vert, INTEGER
O049 PARAM MS:MicSys
QQ52 OIM PixNum,Ph,PY,pIXel:INTEGER
0065 DIM Bit,BtNum:BYIE
0070 DIM xCOF.ycOr:INTEGER
O07B ON ERROR GOTO 10
0081 xcor:=(MS.hor'1z-32)/9
0092 ycor:=(MS-vert-60)/5
ロ@A3 BASE|
0QA5 (* get the pixel out of the byte
ODC5 PixNum:=xcOr+ycor*24
B0D4 BtNum:=PixNum/4
B0DF Bit:-j-MOD(PixNum.4)
0日ED pixel:-4^Bit
0日FB Bit-LANO(MS,byt(BtNum),pixe1*3)
0110 (* now put it back in the tyte with the selected color
0146 MS.byt(BtNum):-MS.byt(BtNum)-Bit+pixel*MS.color
016A * and let.s show it on the editor in big size
0198 Ph:-xcor*9+32
01A6 Pv:=ycor*5+60
D1B4 RUN gfx2("bar",Ph,Pv,Ph+B,Pv+4)
01u7 {* now update the buffer
OIEF RUN gfx2("logic","off")
G2D2 RUN Gfx2("gpload",MS.GrpId,49,6,24,24,144)
0227 FOR x:=010 10 143
0239 PUT 非SS.GrpId,MS.byt(x)
O24E NEWT X
0259 (* and put back on the update window
9270 RUN gfx2("put".MS.Grpid.49,26,13)
3299
    10
    END
98 10
|2A8
02B5
    RUN errmsg(MS.EPrNum)
    END
```


## Listing 8：errmsg

```
PROCEDURE ETTmsg
    OOOD PARAM errnum:BYTE
    0007 DIM key;STRING
    QOOE DIM horiz,vert:INTEGER
    g019 RUN gfx2("propsw","on")
    002G RUN gfx2("owset",1,10,10,20,10,1,3)
    BOLE RUN winset(1)
    0056 RUN gfx2("curxy",1,0)
    0069 (* what was the errnum
    007F PRINT "Error ="; erroum: "- Incounted"
    009C (* if not the break key
    00B3 IF errmum<>2 THEN
    OOBF ** can't find error or errmsg goto l
    OOE3 ON ERROR GOTO l
    00E9 SHELL "error "+$TR$(errnum)
    GOF8 1 RUN gfx2("curxy",5,4)
    01gE PRINT "Press Key"
    011B (* stay here till response
    0135 RUN qetkey(kry.horiz.vert)
    0149 ENETF
    014B RUN gfx2{"DWend"}
    0158 EMD
```


## Listing 9：loadbar

| Procedure | dbar |
| :---: | :---: |
| 9096 | （＊fill the editor and show the name |
| \％224 | PARAM name：STRING |
| 902B | RUN gfx 2 （＂color＂，1．0） |
| 903E | RUN gfx2（＂bar＂，32，60，245，174） |
| 0055 | RUN gfxat＂curxy＂，5，5） |
| 2068 | PRINT USING＂s15＊＂，name |
| 0075 | RUN gfxat＂color＂，\％，1） |
| 0088 | RUN gfx2（＂curxy＂，3，10） |
| 0998 | PRINI＂Lodding lcon＂ |
| प0¢AB | END |

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# Join the Chorus! 

Several years have passed since a reader survey appeared in THE Rainbow. We have received thousands of letters with individual opinions over the years, And we have read and taken to heart each suggestion. But relying on reader mail doesn't allow us to see the complete picture very readily. To help us determine what you want. a comprehensive reader survey is in order.

On the following page you will find several questions regarding your Color Compuler setup, your personal background, and your CoCo and Ralnbow habits. As you complete the survey, keep its purpose in mind. Answer all the questions as honestly as you can. It is also important to make the answers your own. We want your personal information and opinions. This is the only way we can effectively use the information you provide.

As with any poll or survey, it is must important that everyone take the time to respond. If the results indicate 90 percent of our readers want to see a lot of OS-9 articles, do I need to say what direction THE Ralnbow will take? Obviously, lop-sided results won't serve any of us well.

When you have finished, remove the page from the magazine, fold it and mail it to us at:

Reader Survey
The Rainbow
P.O. Box 385

Prospect, KY 40059

Alternatively, if you want to keep your RAINBOW magazine intact, photocopy the page after finishing and mail us the copy. Then you will have a record of your responses.

Hold the presses! Last month $[$ reported our selection of a Courier typeface for the listings we publish. Further experimentation has provided a solution that makes Ralnbow listings even easier to read. Beginning with this issue we are using at Letter Gothic Bold typeface. This font is light enough for us to use threecolumn listings and heavy enough that you shouldn't need to squint. Thanks for bearing with us as we undergo these changes.

Another change some of you may have noticed is the elimination of the Rain-

## Moneypack

bowtech section of the magazine. No, this doesn't mean we are planning to cancel the columns that usually appear there (specifically "Barden's Buffer" and "KISSable OS-9"). Rather, we feel the Rainbowtech designation has outlived its purpose. We publish technical articles relevant to several aspects of the CoCo throughout THE RAINBOW.

The removal of the Rainbowtech designation also allows us to standardize the format of RAINBOW*s features and columns. This gives the magazine a more flexible yet consistent layout,

Remember, our goal is to make THE RAINBOW as easy to read and as enjoyable as possible. You'll see many minor changes in the physical presentation of the magazine. On a larger scale, we depend on you to tell us the direction we need to take. Fill out and return the reader survey, and let your voice be heard.

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## Rainbow Reader Survey

Except where indicated, circle the appropriate response.
Where rext is required, please print legibly.

| About Yourself |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Gender: M | e Female |  |
| Age: |  |  |
| Under 15 | 26-35 | 46-65 |
| 16-25 | 36-45 | Over 65 |
| Oecupation: |  |  |
| Agricultural | Business person | Clergy |
| Educator | Engineer/Tech | Laborer |
| Professional | Retired | Skilled trade |
| Student | Writer/Editor | Other |
| Household income: |  |  |
| Under \$10,000 | \$21,000-\$30,000 | \$41,000-\$50,000 |
| \$11,000-\$20,000 | \$31.000-\$40.000 | Over $\$ 50,000$ |
| About Your CoCus (circle all ilaal apply) |  |  |
| Computer: |  |  |
| CoCo 1 | CoCo 2 | CoCo 3 |
| Color BASIC | Extended BASIC | Disk BASIC |
| 4K | 16 K | 32 K |
| 64 K | 128K | 512K |
| Printer: |  |  |
| C.1toh | Epson | Okidata |
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| My printer is compatible with: |  |  |
| IBM | Epson | Tandy |
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| B/W Television | Color Television | Monochrome |
| Colur Compusite | RGB | RGB/Cumpusite |
| Aternate DOS: |  |  |
| Flex | ADOS | RGB DOS |
| JDOS | CDOS | Нуper-1/O |
| Do you have a hard | ive? Yes | No |

If so, how do you use it?
Disk BASIC only $\quad$ OS-9 only Disk BASIC and OS-9

What percentage of the time do you use Disk BASIC?
$\begin{array}{lllllllllll}0 & 10 & 20 & 30 & 40 & 50 & 60 & 70 & 80 & 90 & 100\end{array}$
What percentage of the time do you use OS-9 Level I? $\begin{array}{lllllllllll}0 & 10 & 20 & 30 & 40 & 50 & 60 & 70 & 80 & 90 & 100\end{array}$

What percentage of the time do you use OS-9 Level II? $\begin{array}{lllllllllll}0 & 10 & 20 & 30 & 40 & 50 & 60 & 70 & 80 & 90 & 100\end{array}$

Describe your main system: $\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$

# 13 New Calligrapher Graphics Clipix! हI Introducing 8 disks of graphics pictures I call Clipix. Each disk has over 60 pictures. The introductory price of just $\$ 49.95$ (save $\$ 30$ ) for the complete set is available through Dec. 31st, 1989. Specify RS-D OS, OS9 or MS-D OS format. 

## CALLIGRAPHER

CoCo Calligrapher - Turn your CoCo and dot-matrix printer into a calligrapher's quill. Make beautiful invitations, flyers, certificates, labels and more. Includes three $1 / 2$ inch high fonts. Works with many printers such as Epson, Gemini and Radio Shack. Over 135 additional fonts are available (see below). Tape/Disk (RS-DOS); $\$ 24.95$.
Calligrapher V2.0-Prints all the same fonts as the CoCo Calligrapher. It reads a standard text file which contains text and formathing codes. You specify the fonts, centering, left, right or full justify, line fill, margin, line width, page size, page break, page numbers, indentation, multiple columns, macros, headers, footers and more. Includes the same 3 fonts with additional fonts available below. Disk only; Specify OS9 or MS-DOS; \$24.95.
Calligrapher Fonts - Requires Calligrapher above. Each set on lape or disk with 8 to 10 fonts; Specify RS-DOS, OS9 or MS-DOS format; $\$ 14.95$ each:
Set \#I Reduced and reversed originals;
Set \#u Old Style and Eroadway;
Set \#3 Antique and Business;
Sel \# I Wild West and Checkers;
Set \#5 Stars, Hebrew and Victorian;
Set \#0 Block and Computer;
Set \#7 Small: Roman, litalies, Cubes, ete;
Set \#8 Novelty fonts;
Set \#0 Gallant and Spartan;
Set \#10 Several Roman fonts; Set \#11 Gothie and Seript;
Set \#13 More Roman and ltalie;
Set \#13 Several Courier fonts;
Set \#14 Modern and Screen;
Set \#15 Tektron and Prestige.
Economy Font Packages available on disk only, with 25 to 30 Conts; Specify RS-DOS, OS9 or MS-DOS lormat; 29.95 for any one or save by buying two or more at $\$ 19.95$ each:
[Kg \#1-Above font sets 1,2 and 3;
Pkg \#2 - Above fonlsels 4, 5 and 6;
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Pkg \#t - A bove font sets 10,11 and 12 ;
$\mathrm{Pkg} \# 5$ - A bove font sets 13,14 and 15 .

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## New! Calligrapher Graphics Clipix

The Calligrapher may now include graphies pictures, known as Clipix, along with the text it prints. There are currently 8 different Clipix disks available, each one has over 60 different graphie symbels While the OS9/MS-DOS Calligrapher (especially V2.0) may easily combine both text and Clipix, the RS-DOS Calligrapher may also print out the Clipix. Clipix \#1) Sports, \#2, Miscellaneous, \#3) Occupations, \#4) Occasions, \#5) Vehicles, \#6) KidStuff, \#7) Astrology/Mythology, \#8) Animals. Each Clipix disk is $\$ 9.95$. See special offer above.


The Font Massager - This program allows you to do many things to Calligrapher font and Clipix files: Create new fonts, modify existing fonts, invert and compress fonts, double the height and/or width, halve the height and/or width and convert between RS-DOS and OS9/MS-DOS formats. Specify OS9 or MS-DOS; $\$ 19.95$.


This is a sapple of the dot-iatrix priater output fro the 059 MS-D05 Calligrapher set to full-justify the text vithin a 2.2 inch vide colunn. The font used is the 12 -point Courier font fron the font set 115 (or package 15).

For a complete catalog of Sugar Software products and fonts, send a stamp and a label.

*TRS-80 is a trademark of Tandy Corp.

## SUGAR SOFTWARE

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[^9]The retail stores listed below carry THE RAINBOW on a regular basis and may have other products of interest to Tandy Color Computer users. We suggest you patronize those in your area.

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